

THE WEATHER
Unsettled, probably showers late tonight and Friday; moderate east to southeast winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL MASS. THURSDAY JUNE 6 1918 PRICE ONE CENT

Ask \$16,000,000 to Guard U.S. Against Enemy Raids French Hurl Back Large Masses of German Troops Huns Launch New Attacks on the Western Front

ASK MILLIONS FOR BALLOON AND SEAPLANE STATIONS ALONG COAST

WASHINGTON, June 6.—A \$16,000,000 appropriation for establishing balloon and seaplane stations to guard the United States against submarine and air attacks was asked of congress today by the war department.

The department desires to establish 16 stations, 13 of them on the Atlantic coast and three on the Gulf coast. Detailed locations were not given.

The coast defense plan as submitted by the department also calls for the establishment of mobile fortifications along the coasts by which guns can be transferred on railroads from one point to another to meet possible attacks.

The house appropriations committee, to whom the request went, was informed that there were in operation sufficient aircraft to defend the coasts adequately but that the stations were needed. The only possible airplane attacks that could be made, it was said, would come from collapsible airplanes carried by submarines. Operation of observation balloons would be largely for signal purposes.

NORWEGIAN SHIP SUNK OFF VIRGINIA CAPES

WASHINGTON, June 6.—While nearly 40 hours had passed since the German submarine, preying upon shipping off the Atlantic coast, had disclosed their positions, efforts of the navy department to hunt down the raiders had not lessened in the least today. Instead, the search was being extended to more southern regions in belief that the German craft, after sinking the Norwegian steamer Eidsdal last Tuesday off the Virginia capes, hurried southward in hope of finding a locality in which naval patrols were not so strong.

Location of the raiders off the Virginia capes, on the other hand, leads some navy department officials to believe that the submarines may have taken up a position in that region in belief that there, in the path of transatlantic travel, richer prizes in the form of large cargo or passenger-carrying vessels or perhaps a transport, may be obtained.

Details of the sinking of the Eidsdal were lacking early today. Despatches received last night by the navy department said the steamer was sunk 40 miles off the Virginia coast and that the crew had been rescued by a navy supply ship.

Patrol craft today were also engaged in the search for mines strewn off the Delaware capes by the raiders. Several unexploded mines were gathered in yesterday, and it is now believed one was the cause of the sinking of the tanker Herbert L. Pratt.

HELD UP IN ATTEMPT TO BREAK FRANCO-AMERICAN LINES ALONG THE MARNE, HUNS SHIFT ATTACK TO FRONT FURTHER NORTH

YANKS KILL 1000 FIXED 3 HUNS

Streets of Chateau-Thierry Strewn With German Dead After Battle

High Praise for Americans—Maintained Morale of French Army

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 6.—The arrival here today of several steamships from southern Atlantic waters, among which were two passenger liners, brought no further news of submarine operations. Officers of the ships said, however, that every precaution had been taken against surprise and while the vessels were traversing the zone in which the sinkings of last week took place, every member of the crews not otherwise engaged, was detailed as a lookout.

Barrels lashed to the masts, served as crow's nests for observers, and a further precaution passengers were advised not to disrobe at night, and all lifeboats fully provisioned and watered were kept hanging in the davits on a level with the boat deck, ready for instant use.

All the arrivals today reported nothing had been sighted of an alarming nature. Advice of the navy department that every effort was being made to locate and destroy the submarines were confirmed by statements of passengers, who said that destroyers, submarine chasers and air scouts had been seen frequently.

U. S. DESTROYER WHICH DROVE OFF RAIDERS STILL AT SEA

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The navy department still awaited today a detailed report of the encounter between an American destroyer and a German submarine off the Atlantic coast. The destroyer was still at sea, so far as was known, and the command of the naval district to which she attached had no additional information.

Under the watchful eye of John MacLachlan, the master of transportation, the detaining was carried out without confusion and almost before one could say "Jack Robinson."

This morning's parade had "everything." It left the fair grounds at 10:15 and went over the time-honored route through the downtown section and back to the show grounds. It took just 20 minutes for the line to pass a given point and there wasn't a semblance of sameness or monotony about the procession. There were horses and camel and "elephant" and pretty girls and—well, all the things that one expects to find in a circus parade and few extra for good measure.

The tigers were the first animals to put in an appearance and as their cage turned the corner of Merrimack and Central streets on either side. It was the same old fascinating cavalcade with a number of new features added that lent a timely and patriotic touch. The outstanding innovation was the presence of a spick an span Old Glory in the center of the procession carried by a charming standard-bearer on horseback and attired in a gown of the national colors. Following her were a dozen or so equally charming riders, similarly attired, riding two abreast. They made a big hit with the spectators.

Yesterday the circus exhibited in Lawrence and the four long trains conveying the aggregation came chugging here at early hour, but not so early but what its advent was welcomed and witnessed by a large part of the juvenile element of the population with a good percentage of adults, whom the picturesqueness attending the arrival and disembarking of the circus is an annual joy.

WAR AT OUR DOOR

U-Boat Raid "Has Intensified Fire of Our Passion," Says Daniels

Brings Home to Us Need of Strength and More Strength to Beat Enemy

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 6.—By bringing the war to the doors of the United States through submarine activity, Germany has not frightened the American people, but "has intensified the fire of our passion," and has "brought home to us the need of strength and more strength so that the enemy may be more quickly and more thoroughly be stripped of his arrogance," Secretary of the Navy Daniels told the graduating class of the United States Naval academy at the annual commencement today. The class, numbering 199 men, was graduated a year earlier than usual on account of war exigencies.

"It is given you to prove," said the secretary, "that the age of chivalry is not dead—that chivalry was never more in life than now. The holiest of all the Crusaders was motivated by no finer impulse than has brought us into this war. To prove that life means more than force to prove that principle is still worth fighting for; to prove that freedom means more than dollars; that self-respect is better than compromise; to be ready to sacrifice all so that the world may be better. What nobler dedication of himself can a man make?"

A message from Vice Admiral Sims to the class was read by Secretary Daniels. The value of the academy training as a basis had already been demonstrated in the war, the message said.

Held up in their efforts to batter their way through the American and French lines near the Marne, the Germans have again turned their attention to the front further north in a sector which may be considered as the connecting link between the Somme and Marne battlefields.

BODIES OF HUNS HURLED BACK

The French official report, in dealing with operations along the front, says that the French forces east of Semperigny have continued to drive back bodies of German troops which had crossed the Oise.

When the initial plunge along the Aisne had gained extensive ground, but the process had created a salient dangerous to the Germans to the west of Soissons, they attacked along the Ailette river, northwest of that city, to straighten out their line but were held after they had progressed approximately five miles. Since that time the French have held their positions with the Oise river forming a first line of defense, and little fighting of a significant nature has occurred in that sector.

Military experts have expected an attack on the allied line running east of Montdidier, past Noyon and thence along the Oise to the new lines formed since the German offensive on the Aisne began. It may be that the fighting reported in the French official statement marks the initial stages of an attack there.

STAND FIRM BEFORE HUN THRUST

Farther south along the line running from the western suburbs of Soissons to Chateau-Thierry the line is standing firm before the German thrust. The French have succeeded in improving their positions north and west of Hautebraye, a little village on the right bank of the Hoxien river, north of the Aisne.

RAIDING ON BRITISH FRONT

On the rest of the front, especially at Longpont, Venilly-la-Potiere and west of Rheims, the artillery fire has been violent.

Along the front held by the British, there have been raiding operations, but no fighting of a serious character.

FRENCH TAKE PRISONERS; INFLECT LOSSES

At some points ground has been regained by the French and Wednesday they took more than 200 prisoners, in addition to inflicting heavy losses. The latest French gain was made around Vingre, north of the Aisne, where the Germans were driven from all the ground they had gained there in recent days. In addition the French took more than 150 prisoners and some machine guns.

GERMANS COMPLETELY REPULSED

Enemy efforts have been strongest along the Oise and on the eastern edge of Retz forest, east of Villers-Cotterets. In attempting to cross the Oise, near Montalagache, the Germans were repulsed completely. Ground was gained by the enemy troops near Longpont, east of Villers-Cotterets, but French counter attacks threw them back with the loss of 50 prisoners.

AMERICANS HALT ENEMY ADVANCE

Elsewhere along the salient through Veully, Chateau-Thierry and along the Marne, where American troops are in the line, to Rheims, the Germans have been unable to progress. The Berlin official statements on the fighting grow shorter. Wednesday's reported only a slight advance along the Aisne Tuesday and local fighting near the Ourcq. The situation is unchanged according to the Wednesday evening announcement from German headquarters.

American troops around Veully northwest of Chateau-Thierry, repulsed Tuesday night and Wednesday, strong German efforts to advance. The American machine gun fire broke up the German attack in confusion. West of Montdidier and east of Lunerville American patrols have been active. An American party of 30 men penetrated the third German line east of Lunerville and outfought a party of 200 Germans. Heavy losses were suffered by the Germans, while the American casualties were light.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY ON ITALIAN FRONT

Although artillery activity has increased along the entire Italian front, from Stelvio to the Adriatic, there is no indication that the Austrians are yet ready to launch their offensive.

There has been an increase in infantry fighting on the Macedonian front. Allied troops have withstood unsuccessful Bulgarian attacks against the new Greek positions at Skra di Legen, near Cradinsitza and between Lakes Ochrida and Presha.

GERMANS CROSSED OISE RIVER DRIVEN BACK BY FRENCH

PARIS, June 6.—German forces last night crossed the river Oise in the vicinity of Semperigny, but were driven back by the French, the war office announced today.

North of the Aisne, the French improved their positions in the neighborhood of Hautebraye.

There was heavy artillery fighting in the neighborhood of Veully-la-Potiere, where American troops have been in action.

THE STATEMENT FOLLOWS:

"East of Semperigny, French troops late yesterday drove back enemy groups which had succeeded in crossing the Oise. The French took 100 prisoners."

"North of the Aisne, the French improved appreciably their positions north and west of Hautebraye. Fifty prisoners remained in our hands."

"The artillery fighting was heavy, especially in the regions of Longpont and Veully-la-Potiere, and west of Rheims."

EVERYBODY TURNS OUT TO SEE THE CIRCUS

Lowell took on a holiday appearance for a few hours this morning when Barnum & Bailey's circus struck town and showed the inhabitants thereof what's what in a real, up-to-date circus street parade. It was shortly after 10:30 when the long, glittering line began to make its way through Central and Merrimack streets with the traditional "solid banks" of children and grown-ups on either side. It was the same old fascinating cavalcade with a number of new features added that lent a timely and patriotic touch. The outstanding innovation was the presence of a spick an span Old Glory in the center of the procession carried by a charming standard-bearer on horseback and attired in a gown of the national colors. Following her were a dozen or so equally charming riders, similarly attired, riding two abreast. They made a big hit with the spectators.

Yesterday the circus exhibited in Lawrence and the four long trains conveying the aggregation came chugging here at early hour, but not so early but what its advent was welcomed and witnessed by a large part of the juvenile element of the population with a good percentage of adults, whom the picturesqueness attending the arrival and disembarking of the circus is an annual joy.

Chalifoux's CORNER

Circus Day

Go ask any boy between the ages of 6 and 60 what day today is and he will say "Circus Day."

Mothers—Bring the children down town to see the circus parade. They will enjoy it so much.

And while you are down street don't forget that on Thursdays the store closes at 12 and we offer particularly good specials between the hours of 8:30 and 12.

Children's barber shop—Second floor. Babies weighed in the Gray Shops between the hours of 10 and 12.

FARRELL & CONATON
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton St. Telephone 1513

1500 BABIES HAVE BEEN WEIGHED IN LOWELL

The fourth day of Lowell's baby weighing and measuring campaign was as prolific as its predecessors in results and it is roughly estimated that nearly 1500 children under five years of age have been weighed and measured at the various stations established all over the city.

The spirit of co-operation is still making itself felt among the workers and this feature is destined to be one of the high lights of the week's work when it is all over. The campaign closes Saturday evening. All the stations will be open that night.

MECHANICS ARE WANTED FOR THE U. S. NAVY

Robert L. Bent of Marlboro and Arthur J. McCue of 800 Merrimack street were forwarded from the local navy recruiting station this morning as seamen, second class, for the naval reserve.

Chief Yeoman Henry C. Tucker of the local station received instructions this morning to open enrollment for mechanics for the aviation branch. Men to be accepted for this service must be between 21 and 35, but age waivers will be allowed providing the applicant is especially qualified. Men who have been rejected from actual sea service because of minor physical disqualifications are urged to apply for this branch of the service because the physical examination is not so rigid as in other branches.

The latest Canadian recruit from Lowell is Robert Reid, formerly clerk at the New American hotel. His home is in Rickford, Vt.

\$75,000 FIRE IN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. PLANT

BOSTON, June 6.—Fire in a storehouse of the General Electric Co., in the South Boston district today, did damage estimated at \$75,000 and threatened several other buildings. Sparks set fire to a shed on the waterfront, some distance away, and also started a small blaze in a building occupied by the Armour Leather Co., but both were quickly extinguished. The fire was confined to the fifth floor of the General Electric building, where thousands of electric light bulbs were stored. Many of these were destroyed. Firemen were obliged to use some masks in fighting the flames.

The cause of the fire was not known.

DATE SET FOR STRIKE OF TELEGRAPHERS

CHICAGO, June 6.—Sylvester J. Konstant, head of the Telegraphers' union, said today he was preparing instructions to govern the men when the proposed strike is called.

"I have the date set in my own mind, but the men will not know it until the strike is called," he said. "We need a little time for certain conferences, as, for instance, one with the grievance committee of the railway telegraphers tomorrow, and other preliminaries."

NAMES OF NEW ENGLAND MEN ON CANADIAN CASUALTY LIST

OTTAWA, Ont., June 6.—The following American names appear in today's casualty list:

Killed in action: J. Cranston, South Barre, Mass.

Wounded: P. Saint Don, Lewiston, Me.; G. Smither, Methuen, Mass.; J. Morgan, St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Ill: R. W. Steves, Arlington Heights, Mass.

DANCING TONIGHT AND SATURDAY

CRYSTAL LAKE PARK, NORTH CHELMSFORD
Good Time, Good Crowd,

FEAR HUN RAIDERS MAY GET FISHING FLEET

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Representative Lufkin yesterday asked the navy department for assistance in issuing warnings to the Massachusetts fishing fleet now on the banks of the presence of German submarines off the coast.

The matter was brought to Mr. Lufkin's attention by the Gloucester board of trade.

A large number of the Gloucester fleet are absent on fishing trips, having left their home port before it became known that the enemy U-boats were in this neighborhood.

The Gloucester people are particularly anxious concerning the craft fishing on Quaker bank, which is some distance from home and said to be in the zone of the German activities.

Mr. Lufkin took up the question with Asst. Sec. Roosevelt's office and received assurances that everything possible is being done by the department to notify these vessels of the danger from submarines.

If any of the fishing vessels are equipped with wireless they undoubtedly have been warned. Wireless warnings are being sent out regularly. Moreover, the department informed Mr. Lufkin that the navy patrol boats are all along the coast and are getting in touch with the fishing vessels just as fast as possible.

Representative Lufkin also took up yesterday with the bureau of war risk insurance of the treasury department, the question of marine insurance for the Gloucester fleet.

As a result of the latest German submarine campaign in these waters, the private companies have raised the rates on marine insurance to a point as to make it almost prohibitive.

The government war risk bureau has not raised its rates, however, and it is quite likely that a large number of the Gloucester vessel owners will avail themselves of this opportunity and insure their vessels through the government.

APPOINTMENT CALLED INSULT TO IRELAND

NEW YORK, June 6.—The appointment of Sir James Campbell as Lord Chancellor of Ireland, as announced in a cable despatch from London, was declared here yesterday by T. P. O'Connor, M.P., to be "an open and violent insult and provocation to the Catholics and nationalists in Ireland."

Mr. O'Connor made the following statement: "The appointment of Sir James Campbell to the lord chancellorship of Ireland, with the obviously enforced retirement of Sir Ignatius O'Brien, a nationalist and a Catholic, is one of the most serious events in recent Irish history. It is an open and violent insult and provocation to the Catholics and nationalists in Ireland."

Sir James Campbell has stood, all through his life, for the most extreme section of Irish Tory and Orange opinion. He was the second in command to Sir Edward Carson in the Ulster rebellion.

"The lord chancellorship in Ireland means as much an executive as a judicial office, the lord chancellor being an integral and important part of the Irish executive. A soldier as Lord Lieutenant and Sir James Campbell as lord chancellor, is the response of the Lloyd George administration to the plea of Ireland for home rule."

"It seems to mean a home rule bill drawn on Orange lines and in the certain event of such a bill being successfully rejected by Ireland, it means the government of Ireland by the soldiers and by the Orange minority."

"Such blunders make the task hard for those who are fighting for the cause, the allies and the freedom of the small nations."

SHIP PLANTS IN EAST CROWDED TO LIMIT

WORCESTER, June 6.—Speaking before the American Society of Civil Engineers last night in the Bancroft hotel, Paymaster C. E. Parsons of the United States navy said the navy department cannot award any more contracts north of the Potomac river and east of the Allegheny mountains because the plants in the east are crowded to the limit with government work. He said the navy must develop the industries elsewhere.

Pres. Ira N. Hollis of Worcester Polytechnic Institute, a member of the army advisory board, gave an address. The society passed a resolution protesting against riders to the naval appropriation bills in congress which would prevent the time studies and bonus systems in shops engaged in government work.

DILLON REITERATES VIEW GOVERNMENT IS TO BLAME FOR SITUATION IN IRELAND

LONDON, June 6.—The voluntary recruiting appeal by Viscount French, the lord lieutenant of Ireland, is neither applauded nor condemned by John Dillon, the nationalist leader, in an interview had with him by the Daily Telegraph's correspondent in Dublin.

"The government," he is quoted as saying, "has certainly done one sensible thing in abandoning the attempt to enforce conscription in Ireland against the will of the people."

The nationalist leader took occasion to reiterate his view that the government was to blame for "the present very unfortunate situation in Ireland," and said he could not see any marked signs of a change of mind on the part of the government, or that it realized the basic facts of the situation.

Dispatches from Dublin, while setting forth that Lord French's appeal is generally regarded as showing a spirit of moderation and good will, concur in declaring that as far as the nationalists are concerned it is not likely to meet with much response unless it is reinforced by the passing of a generous measure of home rule.

Much is said to depend upon the support of the Catholic clergy. "If they support it," says the Daily Mail's Dublin correspondent, "the scheme may have a chance of success."

"Otherwise," he predicts, "it will be hopeless."

A number of Aurora, Ill., dealers in flour have been warned they must discontinue the practice of selling bales of hay and sacks of oats as "substitutes" in the 50-50 requirement of the food administration.

A THRIFT STAMP SLOGAN

"A quarter in your government's hands is worth a hundred in yours. Buy thrift stamps NOW, OFTEN and freely, and help win the war."

The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

EAT POTATOES AND HELP WIN THE WAR

JUNE SALE of 300 SUITS FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

We must make room for Summer Skirts, Dresses, Bathing Suits and other warm weather wearing apparel. So we have made BIG REDUCTIONS for quick clearance. Most of these suits are navy blue, a few tan, taupe and Pekin blue, and a few checks.

\$25.00 Stylish Suits

\$15.00

Good assortment, in all shades, silk lined, all new styles and most of them one of a kind. \$25.00 suits.

\$15.00



\$30 and \$35 SUITS

\$19.95

Some very smart styles. But for the fact we need the room or these suits would not be less than regular price. Most of them are navy blue. Buy now for future needs. \$30 and \$35 suits.

\$19.95

Wash Skirts

Over Eight Hundred Wash Skirts have just arrived and on sale this week. The best styles we have ever shown in imported P. K. Eftant, gabardine, crepeon, satin, crepe de chine, ruffuffs and silk jersey. Priced

\$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98,

\$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.98,

\$9.98, \$12.98, \$14.98

and \$17.50

The Best Assortment In Our History



\$35.00 to \$45.00 Exclusive Style SUITS \$25

Every suit in this lot an out-of-the-ordinary style, beautifully man tailored. Do not wait as it will be a long time before we can offer you suits like these for even \$50.00.

Wonderful Values in Millinery

Summer fashions favor large hats of georgette, crepe, white milan, black lisere, natural leghorn and also transparent hats of net and chantilly lace. Trimmings are principally of flowers, wings, ostrich and ribbons. Black and white combinations, also navy and white combinations are very popular. Priced

\$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98



Women's Coats

Over Five Hundred All Wool Coats, all new styles. We cannot buy any more, the market is sold out. Wool, Silvertones, Duvel de Lane, Pom Pom, Bolivias, Velours, Serge ad Poinet Twill.

\$18.50, \$25, \$29.50,

\$32.50, \$35, \$39.50,

\$42.50, \$45, \$50, \$55

You will not see values like these again until after the war.

Dainty Styles in Undermuslins



Dainty styles, yes, and plenty of them. All the latest are included. Every care has been taken to secure garments that are made of best materials, and most reliable workmanship and the daintiest trimmings. The result makes this showing the best we have ever made. Chemise

Combinations, Gowns, Drawers, Camisoles, etc., all at lowest possible price.

Toilet Goods

Mavis Talcum Powder, 25c
Mavis Face Powder 50c
Mavis Toilet Water, \$1.00 and \$1.50
"Hene" Toilet Water 25c and 50c
"Hene" Cold Cream 25c
"Hene" Tooth Paste 20c
"Hene" Talcum Powder 15c and 25c

CHOOSE CORSETS NOW

This is the time to buy Summer Corsets.

Models are here ready to be fitted. All the leading makes will be found here such as

BIEN JOLIE
LA RESISTA
RENGO BELT
LILY OF FRANCE



AMERICAN LADY, P. N., PRACTICAL FRONT, W. B., NUFORM, DEERING, LADY RUTH, THOMPSON GLOVE FITTING, R. and G., IVY, FERRIS WAISTS, CROWN.

Expert Corsetieres in Attendance

AL JOLSON'S 2542 { Hello, Central! Give Me No Man's Land. Al Jolson
Latest Record INCH 75c { We'll Do Our Own Share Robert Lewis

The Only Store In Lowell Selling All Three

VICTROLA	EASY TERMS	EDISON	HEAR THESE THREE SIDE BY SIDE	GRAFONOLA
	\$1.00 Per Week and Up			

We Are Talking Machine Headquarters in Lowell
No Waiting—Immediate Delivery

VISIT LOWELL'S LARGEST WAIST DEPT.

OVER ONE THOUSAND NEW WAISTS IN THE PAST WEEK

NEW GEORGETTE

NEW CREPE DE CHINE

NEW VOILES
WONDERFUL
VALUES AND
EXCEPTIONAL
STYLES



REASONABLY PRICED

98c, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.98, \$8.98, \$9.98, \$10.98 to \$16.98

Our Waist business is tremendous. We have doubled our stock and sales force.

BETTER SERVICE
BETTER VALUES
BETTER ASSORTMENT
Than You Will Find Elsewhere.

KNIT UNDERWEAR

FOR PARTICULAR WOMEN

Separate Garments and Union Suits to fit every type of a figure.

Women's Union Suits, fine ribbed cotton in the wanted styles, 59c, 75c and 89c

Women's Union Suits, fine ribbed in silk lisle \$1.00 and \$1.25

Women's Vests of glove silk, embroidered front, beautiful design. Very special, each \$2.50



Women's Fitrite Vests, round and V neck, sleeveless. Priced, each 39c

Women's Vests—Fine ribbed cotton, round and V neck, short sleeves 39c, 45c, and 50c

Women's Vests—Fine Swiss ribbed with hand embroidered yokes in several new designs. Very special, each 50c

Our Hosiery Shows Up Mighty Well With Pumps and Oxfords

View our collection and get our prices

Women's Silk Hose, with clock, black with white and white with black. Priced \$1.50 to \$3.00

Women's Silk Hose with lisle tops, full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black and white. Priced, pair \$1.25



Women's Silk Lisle Hose, full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black and white. Priced, pair 75c

Women's Silk Boot Hose, full fashioned double soles, high spliced heels, in black, white and some colors. Pair 75c

Women's Silk Lisle Hose, made semi-fashioned in white and all colors. Pair 59c

"QUEEN QUALITY" SHOES FOR WOMEN :: :: "REGAL" SHOES FOR MEN

BABIES WEIGHED AND MEASURED ON OUR SECOND FLOOR AFTERNOONS THIS WEEK 2 to 4 P. M.

LIEUT. JOSEPH M. REILLY, U. S. R. WEDS MISS ELIZABETH H. CULL



LIEUTENANT AND MRS. JOSEPH M. REILLY.

The happy combination of a military wedding in June made the marriage of First Lieut. Joseph M. Reilly, U.S.R., stationed with the 302nd Infantry at Camp Devens, and Miss Elizabeth H. Cull, a well known and popular young woman of this city, a most unique affair and one of interest to the many hundred friends of both young people.

Rev. Lawrence F. Tighe, O.M.I., pastor of the Immaculate Conception church, performed the ceremony at 5:30 o'clock last evening at the Immaculate Conception rectory. The best man was First Lieut. John A. Garvey of Concord Junction, stationed at Camp Devens with the 301st Ammunition Train. The bridesmaid was Miss Mary G. Cull, a sister of the bride. Misses Peggy Regan and Louise Cudworth were flower girls. The bride was attired in white

Georgette crepe and wore a veil with pearl trimmings. She carried a bouquet of bride roses, in the center of which were labyrinthine flags of the allies. The bridesmaid was dressed in caucase pink-lafete with silver trimmings and carried pink roses. The flower girls wore white and carried baskets of choice buds. A reception to immediate relatives and friends was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Cull, 249 East Merrimack street. The decorations were tastefully made up of the national colors and apple blossoms. The young couple received a wealth of gifts, including silver, cut glass, etc. Guests were present from Melrose and Springfield. Caterer Lydon served a buffet luncheon. Last evening Lieut. and Mrs. Reilly left for an extended wedding trip to New York and Washington. Upon their return Lieut. Reilly will return to Camp Devens.

SAYS AMERICANS SAVED CHATEAU THIERRY

LONDON, June 6.—The part played by the American Machine Gunners in the defence of the Chateau Thierry bridges is classed by Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters as worthy to stand with the achievements of the American infantry recently at Cantigny, on the Amiens front. Telegraphing under date of Monday, the correspondent writes: "On Friday, when the Germans were already in the outskirts of Chateau Thierry, an American Machine Gun unit was hurried thither in motor lorries. Chateau Thierry lies on both banks of the Marne, which is spanned by a big bridge. A little to the northward a canal runs parallel to the river and is crossed by a smaller bridge. "The Americans had scarcely reached their quarters when news was received that the Germans had broken into the northern part of Chateau Thierry, having made their way through the gap they had driven in our lines to the left of the town and then pouring along the street to the bridge, intending to establish themselves firmly on the south bank and capture the town.

"The American Machine Gunners and French Colonials were thrown into Chateau Thierry together. The Americans immediately took over the defence of the river bank, especially the approaches to the bridge. Fighting with their habitual courage, and using their guns with an accuracy which won the highest encomiums from the French, they brought the enemy to a standstill.

MORE DEADLY THAN A MAD DOG'S BITE

The bite of a rabid dog is no longer deadly, due to the now famous Pasteur Treatment, but the slow, living death, the result of poisoning of the system by deadly uric acid is as sure and inevitable as day follows night. No other organs of the human body are so important to health making as the kidneys and bladder. Keep your kidneys clean and your bladder in working condition and you need have no fear of disease. Don't try to cheat nature. It is a cruel master. Whenever you experience backache, nervousness, difficulty in passing urine, "got on the job." Your kidneys and bladder require immediate attention. Don't delay. This is the time to take the bull by the horns. GOLD MEDAL Hearten Oil Capsules will do the trick. For over two hundred years they have proven meritorious in the treatment of diseases of the stomach, kidneys, liver and bladder. It is a household necessity for over 200 years. If you have been doctoring without results, get a box of GOLD MEDAL Hearten Oil Capsules today. Your druggist sells them. Absolutely guaranteed or money refunded. Beware of imitations. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box.

AMERICAN WOMEN IN BIG AISNE BATTLE

NEW YORK, June 6.—Thrilling accounts of the signal service given the French army by American Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A. workers during the heavy fighting along the river Aisne were contained in despatches received here last night by the association's war work council.

Men and women, during the battle which raged around them, carried food and drink to the fighters and made desperate efforts to destroy their huts and remaining stores when retreat seemed inevitable. Then they worked their way back, through storms of shrapnel and machine gun fire, and, taking their places with the troops in the new positions, began again to minister to them.

Carl D. Lytle of North Brookfield, Mass., returned to a burning village which the troops were abandoning, to help a lot of little children, while William Edward Wright of Toledo, O., and Eric Mayell of New York fought their way back with the regiment to which they were attached. At each pause in the retirement they gathered what supplies they had and served them to the soldiers as they passed along the shell-swept road.

William Irving Hastie of Centerville, R. I., did his part by helping hundreds of the wounded as they made their way to the rear. Obtaining a quantity of flour from the Red Cross, he finally located a village bakery, where he turned out bread for the refugees.

Particular mention was made of Miss Marie C. Horton, sister-in-law of W. H. Taft, and Miss Jane Bowler of Cincinnati, both of whom worked with the wounded while villages were burning

CLOSED MONDAYS AT 6 P. M.

OPEN FRIDAY NIGHTS TILL 9.30

LAST CALL!

OUR ANNUAL SALE OF SHUMAN SUITS

Made Two Piece

WILL TERMINATE SATURDAY NIGHT

This Great Suit Sale last week went "Over the Top" for the biggest Two-piece Suit business on record, which proves conclusively that the men of Lowell appreciated the fact that they could not purchase the cloth in some of these suits for the price we are asking for the finished garment.

Again Friday and Saturday we offer the balance of these Absolutely All Wool Shuman-Made Two-Piece Suits at

17.50

MEN'S BLUE SERGE SUITS

Over a year ago we purchased hundreds of yards of absolutely all wool blue serges at but a slight advance over the before the war price. We have the finished suits in stock today and while the whole-sale price today is \$21 we offer them while they last at the old price.

Plenty of young men's models and sizes for graduation—better select his graduation suit now and save about \$10.

MEN'S SHIRT SALE

Friday morning we will put on sale 25 dozen men's fine shirts that are worth \$2.50 and \$3.00, at **\$1.85**

This is an excellent opportunity for men who are accustomed to wearing fine shirts to stock up for the summer.

Boys' Clothing

Parents who have boys to clothe we advise you to take advantage of our sale of **DUBBELBILT SUITS AT \$8.75**

Dubbelbilt has double knees, elbows and seat—each wear seam is reinforced—each pocket double locked—and its buttons are put on to stay. Dubbelbilt carries a GUARANTEE OF SIX MONTHS' SERVICE. A promise to repair without charge, any rip, hole or tear. The price of Dubbelbilt Suits after Aug. 1st will be \$12.75.

Merrimack Clothing Comp'y

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

OPEN FRIDAY NIGHT

The Demands of Vigorous Health

Are teeth that will grind and masticate food properly before it enters the stomach. Teeth are part of the mechanism that keeps your body in good order. They need frequent adjusting and repairing to be of the best service. Without it, they will soon run as an engine without attention. The comfort of teeth that I fit is as delightful as a new garment. Waiting until tomorrow has ruined many teeth. Call TODAY just to consider their needs.

BEST SERVICE
DR. A. J. GAGNON
109 Merrimack St.
466 Merrimack St.
Store Order Checks Accepted as Cash

all around them. Miss Bowler, who remained in Solsoons during the last of the terrific bombardment and left it only when everything about it was in flames, an hour before the Germans entered the city.

Many secretaries, the despatches said, were suffering from shell shock or the effects of gas, but kept going through the intense attack, taking tobacco, fruit and chocolate to the cautious soldiers. Where communications were interrupted they helped the chaplains take care of the wounded, while their supplies were gladly given to those in need.

The despatches also detailed the deaths of Halliday Smith of Nyack, N. Y., and Rev. Hadley H. Cooper of Piedmont, N. Y., which had been previously reported. Smith met his death by going out of his line of duty to lead an ammunition train which had lost its way, and Mr. Cooper died in a hospital from gas.

Heroic Work of Y.M.C.A.
PARIS, June 6.—American men and women attached to the American Y.M.C.A. units with the French troops played heroic parts in the recent retreat east and west of Solsoons. Carl D. Lytle of North Brookfield, Mass., is believed to have sacrificed his life. He is officially reported missing. Amid a rain of gas shells he went into a certain burning village to rescue refugees after the troops had come out. He has not been seen since. He was 33 years old.

Y.M.C.A. workers stayed with the troops during the rear guard fighting, gathering and distributing supplies. Four Y.M.C.A. men joined the staff of a base hospital, swamped with French and British wounded, and worked 20 hours a day as stretcher-bearers and nurses.

Women workers particularly distinguished themselves. Miss Maria Horton of Cincinnati, a sister-in-law of former President Taft, remained in a hut serving food and coffee to the soldiers until the village was set on fire by German shells. Miss Jane Bowler of Cincinnati, only left a hut at Solsoons a few hours before the Germans entered the town.

TWO GIRLS DROWNED IN SAGO RIVER

SAGO, Me., June 6.—Two Thornton academy girls, neither able to swim, were drowned yesterday afternoon in the Sago river.

One, a girl of 15, heroically gave her life in a futile attempt to save her chum, who had stepped into a treacherous pit but a few feet from shore. They were Stella Blake, age 14, and Geneva Emerson, daughters of prominent residents of this city. With two other girls of the academy they had gone bathing early in the afternoon. None of the party could swim and all kept close to the river's bank.

At 5 o'clock, when the girls were preparing to return to their school, they missed one of their companions. A moment later they saw the Blake girl struggling a few feet away. Then she sank. Miss Emerson hurried to her assistance. The two other students watched from the shore, not at all alarmed at first at the situation. Just as Miss Blake was sinking, she grabbed Miss Emerson by the shoulders. The two went down together. When they came to the surface Miss Emerson made every attempt to pull her companion toward shore. But both had stepped into a hole where the water was many feet over their heads. The two girls on the shore screamed for help, but they were unheard.

When Miss Blake and Miss Emerson disappeared for the last time, their companions ran to some cottages 200 yards away. A few minutes later a crowd had collected near the spot where the students had sunk. Nobody, though, made an attempt to rescue the bodies. No one was able to swim. It was a half-hour later that a group of laborers came along. They brought the bodies to the shores within a few minutes. Life then had long been extinct.

REV. DR. BURKE OF BOSTON ELECTED PRESIDENT OF HOWARD UNIVERSITY
BROCKTON, June 6.—The Rev. Dr. James Stanley Burke, pastor of the South Congregational church of this city, has been notified of his election to the presidency of Howard university, Washington, D. C. He said he was undecided as to his acceptance.

Gas On Stomach Sour Stomach Indigestion Heartburn Instantly Relieved by BISURATED MAGNESIA

IN 5 GRAIN TABLETS
AND POWDER FORM
BISURATED MAGNESIA is Magnesia especially prepared for the safe, speedy and certain correction of dangerous stomach acidity. It comes only in the form of five grain tablets and powder in sealed blue packages. Do not confuse with commercial magnesia, milk of magnesia or effervescent magnesia. Look for the word BISURATED and not the genuine from DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Franklin Machine Company
Providence, R. I.
Telephones
Union 963
Union 1857
Engineers—Founders—Machinists
Manufacturers of HARRIS-CORLISS ENGINES, Engine Repairs, Shutting, Hangers, Pulleys, Bearings, Couplings, Clutches.
Large stock always on hand. General Mill Repairs. Special machinery of all kinds.

HAIR ON FACE WHAT CAUSES IT

It has been proven by the world's greatest authorities that it stimulates and increases hair growth to merely remove it from the surface of the skin. The only common-sense way to remove hair is to attack it under the skin. DeMitrace, the original sanitary hairdressing, does this by absorption. Only genuine DeMitrace has a money-back guarantee in each package. At toilet counters in 50¢, \$1 and \$3 sizes, or by mail from us in plain wrapper on receipt of price. FREE book mailed to plain sealed envelope on request. DeMitrace, 129th St. and Park Ave., New York.

PEACE SUGGESTIONS ARE SCORNE BY LANSING

NEW YORK, June 6.—Suggestions of peace based on a "perpetuation of Prussianism" and criticisms of the government and the conduct of the war which are not constructive were condemned by Secretary of State Lansing here yesterday.

Prussia, having "wickedly sought war," the secretary said, is the determination of the American people that Prussia shall have war and more war, until the very thought of war is abhorrent to the Prussian mind.

Mr. Lansing spoke at the commencement exercises of Columbia University, which conferred upon him the degree of doctor of laws.

"In the gigantic task of waging the war," Secretary Lansing said, "let us not continually look behind to see where we stumbled, but let us look forward so that we do not stumble again. For the sake of public affairs who is manifestly inspired by political or selfish motives, by conceit or by a desire for notoriety, I have a profound contempt."

"As we turn deaf ears to common sense at home, so we must not reject our efforts to listen to insincere suggestions of peace filtering through Germany by various channels. A Prussian peace would only postpone the final struggle."

"It is the supreme task of civilization to put an end to Prussianism. To listen to proposals for a Prussian peace, to compromise with the butcher and the nations, to let them go to their graves by agreement, would be to compound an international felony."

Mr. Lansing declared that force is the only way "to end Prussianism, because it is the only thing which the Prussian respects." He recognized the Prussian as strong, stubborn and forceful, a bitter struggle, but predicted "a day of complete victory."

Lord Reading rated the wisdom and justice of President Wilson as one of the greatest assets of the allies in the war.

MORE EFFECTIVE WAR WORK BY ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS FORCES

BOSTON, June 6.—Plans for more effective participation of the anti-tuberculosis forces of the country in the war will be discussed at the annual meeting of the National Tuberculosis association which opens here this afternoon. Prominent physicians and workers from every part of the United States are in attendance. About 500 delegates are registered.

The conference will open with an address by the president, Dr. Charles L. Minor of Asheville, N. C. and a report of the year's work by Dr. Chas. J. Hathfield, executive secretary of the association.

After the evening session, the advisory council of the association, Dr. James Alexander Miller, associate director of the American commission on the prevention of tuberculosis in France; Col. George E. Bushnell, of the surgeon general's office; and Captain J. H. Elliott of Toronto will show how France, the United States and Canada are handling the tuberculosis war problem in their respective countries.

Tomorrow morning the various sections of the association, clinical, sociological and pathological, will get down to detailed discussions of their particular topics. The sociological section will devote three sessions to a discussion of the ways in which the returned tuberculosis soldier can be made a useful citizen. Prominent speakers in civic and military life will present their views and experience.

On Saturday the Framingham community tuberculosis demonstration being conducted by the National association at Framingham, Mass., will be discussed.

On Friday night, the Massachusetts program for the prevention of tuberculosis will be presented to the conference. Among the speakers are Governor McCall, Commissioner of Health Eugene R. Kelley, Dr. Arthur K. Stone, Dr. John P. O'Brien and Dr. Vincent V. Bowditch.

The chairman of the various sections are Dr. George Thomas Palmer, Springfield, Ill., advisory council; Dr. Walter R. Steiner, Hartford, Conn.; Dr. J. H. H. Winteritz, New Haven, Conn., sociological section; and James Minnick, Chicago, Ill., sociological section.

TOTAL OF 127,225 PLEASURE CARS REGISTERED FIRST FIVE MONTHS OF YEAR

Special to The Sun

STATE HOUSE, Boston, June 6.—Latest figures compiled by the Massachusetts highway commission show that during the first five months of the present year a total of 127,225 pleasure

cars were registered, this being an increase of 14 per cent over the corresponding period of 1917. The number of trucks registered in the five months was 27,775, an increase of 34 per cent over the 1917 figures, and nearly 1800 more than were registered during the first five months of last year.

For the month of May alone, the pleasure cars registered numbered 17,320, an increase of 9 per cent over 1917, and the commercial vehicles registered were 1776, an increase of 10 per cent. The total number of plates issued this year, up to June 1, is 156,793; motorcycle plates number 8771, as compared with 7384 in the corresponding period of 1917; manufacturers' and dealer's plates number 2379, as compared with 2218; operators' licenses, originals, have been issued to 28,113 persons, as compared with 27,589; and the renewals of such licenses number 67,724, as compared with 55,647.

The receipts of the automobile division of the highway department for the six months ending at \$1,698,742, an increase of approximately \$250,000 over the first five months of 1917.

While the May registrations show a decline of nearly 10,000 from the April figure, members of the highway commission state that it does not indicate any decrease in the use of automobiles. As May always has a total registration lower than that of April.

BABY'S ILLS SHOULD BE CURED BEFORE SUMMER HEAT SETS IN

Illness in a baby should be attended, if possible, before real hot weather arrives.

This applies to diarrhoea, constipation, nose and throat infections, skin infections, and other ailments, however slight.

The infant should be watched for the first symptoms of illness during hot weather. If the baby becomes restless, pale or vomits, the food should be reduced, the baby kept cool and excesses of clothes removed.

If diarrhoea occurs, all nourishment should be stopped, the child should be given a diet of weak tea and water, and a physician should be consulted at once.

Starvation diet should not be maintained longer than 24 hours, as it leads to excessive loss in weight, further increasing the general debility.

Too much frequently received, too much physic, whereas he requires little or none. The disease is aggravated and prolonged and the baby is unnecessarily weakened by the excessive use of laxative medicines.

The well baby stays in a happy, satisfied frame of mind even in hot weather. He is a contented, happy baby, and only seldom gives cause for complaint. His sleep is peaceful and prolonged, he enjoys his baths and exercise, he shows regular gains in weight, and looks forward to his meals.

The sick baby is irritable, restless and pale, and sleep is broken. He loses his appetite and frequently shows fever. He ceases to gain in weight and may refuse or vomit his food. His digestion becomes impaired and he is likely to have diarrhoea.

Mrs. E. L. asks: "When should orange juice be given to a baby?"

After the third or fourth month or two teaspoonfuls of orange juice may be given daily.

MOTHERS, TAKE NOTICE

Mother, if your child grows into a strong man.

If he grows up to be a sickly or strong man.

If you have a 100 per cent. baby. Take him home and keep up the good work.

If you have an 80 per cent. baby. Learn today how to make him into a 100 per cent. baby before next April.

If you have a 60 per cent. baby. Take him to the doctor.

Find out whether you are doing the right things or the wrong things. Do not be satisfied with your own ideas.

The ideas of a man who spends every day of the year curing weakly and sickly babies.

In the newest and best ways are better than yours.

The campaign in Lowell closes on Saturday afternoon, except at the station in the J. L. Chaffoux Co. store, which will continue open through the evening.

COAL MOVING TO NEW ENGLAND

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Coal is moving to New England in large quantities to provide against a shortage next winter. P. A. S. Franklin, chairman of the ship control committee, said today that May deliveries of coal to New England by steamer alone were 100,000 tons more than in April and that shipments by schooner and barge also showed a large increase.

Plans for altering wooden ships now building to fit them for carrying coal to New England were discussed yesterday by Mr. Franklin with Chairman Hurley of the shipping board and Vice Pres. Fiez and Director General Schwab of the Emergency Fleet corporation.

14th ANNUAL MEETING OF NATIONAL TUBERCULOSIS ASSOCIATION

BOSTON, June 6.—Several hundred delegates from all parts of the country arrived in this city today for the opening sessions of the 14th annual meeting of the National Tuberculosis association. A reception for the delegates and the report of the executive committee comprised today's program, with the real work to begin tomorrow.

Because of added need of anti-tuberculosis work due to war conditions, this year's gathering has before it important problems.

RECRUITING SERGT. FRANK WIECH

For the past few days Lowell people, especially those who have had occasion to be in the downtown section, have been attracted by a soldierly appearing young man attired in a uniform very unfamiliar to this city. A light blue uniform that magnetizes the eye by some innate color quality and a jaunty trench cap surmounting all, gives the wearer a most martial appearance.

Recruiting Sergt. Frank Wiech is the young man in question. His special purpose in life for the present, at any rate, is to enlist Lowell recruits for the Polish army in France. Sergt. Wiech has been recruiting unostentatiously for the past six months or more and has succeeded in sending a number of Lowell men to Port Balfour, N. Y., where the Polish army training camp is located. Indeed, the recruit has gone beyond the meagre haul of his own city and has traveled as far north as Maine in an effort to organize recruiting stations. But recently it was felt that if the sergeant were attired in the uniform of

his army, his own winning personality might be even further augmented with beneficial results to the ranks of the Polish warriors. Accordingly he donned the uniform a short while ago and has opened a recruiting station on Broadway street, where he will be pleased to meet Polish young men of military age who are ready to fight with their comrades in arms overseas.

Next Sunday a mass meeting to stir up interest in Polish recruiting in this city will be held in Associate hall at 3 o'clock and several capable speakers will be on hand to address the assemblage.

Sergt. Wiech has been in the service since Dec. 15 of last year and already has enlisted 20 men from Lowell besides any number from other parts of New England. He is eligible for call to the front at any minute and says that he is ready to answer the summons whenever it comes. In the meantime, he is saying little but doing a lot of "plugging" to make Lowell's contribution to the allied forces even more cosmopolitan than it is at present.

UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT READY FOR PORTO RICO'S DRAFT TROOPS

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, June 6.—Uniforms for 13,000 recruits, a full supply of ordnance stores, all the tentage that will be needed at Camp Las Casas and the complete equipment for the motor truck company, including 30 motor trucks and 25 motorcycles, are here and stored awaiting the calling of Porto Rico's draft troops.

GENERAL CROZIER OF AMERICA SPENT WEEK ALONG THE ITALIAN FRONT

By Associated Press

HEADQUARTERS ITALIAN ARMY (By Mail).—General Crozier of the American ordnance department and member of the advisory war board has spent a week of observation along the Italian front and at the various large centres where artillery and munitions are produced.

Besides seeing General Diaz and the Duke of Aosta, he visited a number of the corps and division commanders along the mountain and Piave fronts, seeing into the trenches and among the men, discussing the many questions of equipment and supplies and specially observing the resources in guns. His impressions on the general condition of affairs were entirely favorable.

The production of artillery in Italy has been greatly intensified within recent months and the present equipment of light, field and heavy guns is probably as good or better now than it was before the reverse of last fall. The great industrial plants of Genoa and Milan have doubled and quadrupled their output in guns, trench mortars, rifles, machine guns, the production of mortars increasing sevenfold during the year.

Similar extensive development has been going on in the production of mines and armor for naval construction and in the output of airplanes. 90 establishments being now equipped to turn out complete airplanes.

WELLESLEY COLLEGE WILL OPEN ITS DOORS TO WOMEN WORKERS

Wellesley college will open its doors for the first time in its history to a gathering of working women when the convention of the national league of women workers is held there from June 20th to 24th.

Wellesley is often considered the most democratic of the women's colleges, and its students while they are in college and after they graduate are encouraged to take a personal interest in social work and economic conditions. Though the women wage earners who will gather from many of the eastern states will hold their convention after commencement they will be the guests of the college and will be entertained in Tower Court and Clavin, the two new dormitory buildings of the college.

The college campus and buildings will be open to the women workers. They will have an opportunity for a few days to get inside information on college life, and will become acquainted with the traditions of Wellesley.

The chief topic for discussion at the convention will be war work. The various clubs of working girls which form the league will report on the work they have done during the past year and will plan for future activities.

GEN. ROBERTSON IS GIVEN COMMAND OF FORCES IN GREAT BRITAIN

LONDON, June 6.—As a temporary measure, it was officially announced last night, Gen. Sir William Robertson, chief of the eastern command and former chief of the imperial staff, has been appointed to command the forces in Great Britain.

THRILLING TRIP American Freighter Has a Voyage of Excitement

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 6.—An American armed freight steamship, which arrived here yesterday from a European port, fired a number of shots Monday afternoon at what was believed to be a German submarine in a location described as about 100 miles off Biscaya Light, the officers of the vessel said.

"We had received wireless warnings to look out for enemy U-boats," the officer said, "and had changed our course from the one usually followed to bring us to port. Our gunners were on the alert with double lookouts posted. A mass of wreckage was seen, and near it what appeared to be a periscope. We took no chances, and our guns, both fore and aft, discharged several shots each. If it was a periscope, whatever it was attached to undoubtedly was hit more than once."

"The using of the ship's armament so close to the port of destination was simply a continuation of a voyage of excitement lasting three weeks. The first day out from the Italian port submarine chasers, which were conveying us sighted two submarines and got one of them with depth bombs. Near Gibralter we had another scare and a submarine was chased away by the vigorous use of our guns."

"Again in mid-Atlantic we sighted a suspicious sailing vessel which caused a call to the guns and a spell of speedy zig-zag sailing. As we neared the American coast we thought our worry was behind us, but it wasn't."

RECITAL BY PUPILS OF MISS JACKSON AT Y.W.C.A. HALL

A most delightful entertainment in the form of a recital was given last evening in the Y.W.C.A. hall by the pupils of Miss Jessie Pierce Jackson.

A feature of the entertainment was a two-act play entitled "The Enchanted Garden," which was given in a very enjoyable manner. In addition there were vocal and instrumental selections as well as a varied program of concert numbers by an orchestra composed of Miss Mary Jackson, piano; Joseph Jackson, violin; Albert Jackson, clarinet.

The program follows:

Overture Selected
The Enchanted Garden, a play in two acts.
(Characters):

Queen Rosamund Edna E. Olney
Princess Alice Sarah Mason
A Gypsy Dorothy Ellis
Flower Girl Margaret L. Olney
Kestrel Little Peggy Regan
Fairies and Garden Maidens:
Grace L. Coburn, Doris L. Rigby,
Isabel Regan, Gladys Greene, Viola Greene.

Orchestra selection.
His Buttons Are Marked U. S.
Carrie Jacobs Bond
A Little Bit O'oney,
Carrie Jacobs Bond
Piano Solo
Grace L. Coburn.

A-To a Water Lily,
Edward MacDowell
D-Callirhoe (Air de Ballet)
Chaminade
Carlotta V. Bartlett,
The Mustard Plaster Fielding
Dorothy Ellis.

What Would You Take for Me, Papa?
Gladys Greene.
A Funny Story
Sarah Mason.
Playtime, (a Dialogue)
Carrie Jacobs Bond, Viola Greene.

Orchestra selection.
a-Jennie Entertains Sister's Beau,
Blaney
Doll Hermon A. Wade
Doris L. Rigby.
Unfortunate Beanie Sitney
Florence Regan.

The Dancing School:
Josephine Dodge Haskam
Miss Hazel F. Sterns.
A Similar Case
Grace L. Coburn.

Orchestra selection, of the evening
songs: Mrs. W. T. S. Bartlett, Mrs. Florence Regan, Mrs. Herbert Pilling, Mrs. Thomas Brady, Mrs. G. Armin Fadden, Mrs. Harry Prescott Graves. The others were Miss Hope A. Fadden and Miss Hazel Pope.

STRAWBERRIES AND CREAM PIECE DE RESISTANCE AT ANNUAL JUNE SUPPER

The annual June supper of the Highland Congregational church was held last night in the vestry and it proved to be a delightful affair. The principal item on the menu was strawberries and cream, but there were also many other good things. There were about 200 present and after all had enjoyed the supper a social hour was had and the True Blue girls presented a very attractive playlet, "Just a Little Mistake," with the following in the cast: Miss Sarah Gunther, Miss Ida Olson, Miss Marion King, Miss Grace Gray, Miss Marion Clark and Miss Sadie Lawson. Miss Hazel Wirt sang several solos, accompanied by Miss Clara Fenton.

Mrs. Charles Willett had general charge of the supper and entertainment.

THE USE OF GASOLINE IN PLEASURE LAUNCHES

BOSTON, June 6.—The federal order restricting the use of coal and fuel oil by private pleasure yachts does not affect the use of gasoline in pleasure launches or the use of gasoline or kerosene for any purpose, according to an announcement of the United States fuel administration.

The regulation of the United States fuel administration, restricting fuel consumption by private yachts, reads as follows:

"During the period from June 1, 1918 to May 31, 1919, no coal or fuel oil shall be consumed, burned, used, or furnished to a private yacht for any purpose whatsoever except for galley fuel; provided, however, that this order shall not be construed to, nor shall it, restrict or regulate in any way the use of coal or fuel oil by any craft operated or employed in the service of the government of the United States; nor shall it be construed to, nor shall it, prevent the use of coal or fuel oil on a private yacht which on the 1st day of June, 1918, was away from its home port to enable such private yacht to reach its home port by the shortest course which safe navigation will permit."

"The term 'private yacht' shall, for the purposes of this regulation, mean any nautical craft not operated for profit which derives its motive power, either wholly or in part, through the use of coal or fuel oil."

Fuel oil, within the meaning of this order, is the residuum of crude oil after the extraction by refining processes of gasoline and kerosene and other products, and is used under boilers for generating steam.

BLAZE AT CARTRIDGE SHOP

An alarm from box 422, private fire alarm box at the U. S. Cartridge Co. plant in Lawrence street, about four o'clock yesterday afternoon, gave many people the impression that there was a dangerous blaze in progress, but the affair proved to be of minor importance. Some barrels, containing primer heads, created a slight explosion, but the blaze was extinguished before any serious damage was done.

PRESIDENT WILSON URGES ADOPTION OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN LOUISIANA

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Adoption of woman suffrage in Louisiana was urged by President Wilson in a telegram sent to the Louisiana state legislature yesterday.

"I cannot help regarding the settlement of this question as of world-wide significance," said President Wilson, "and as affording a standard by which to judge our present interest in the complete establishment of democracy."

PLAN TO AMERICANIZE 350,000 PERSONS IN MASSACHUSETTS

BOSTON, June 6.—Plans for the Americanization of the 350,000 non-English speaking persons in the Commonwealth were formulated yesterday at a meeting of the committee on Americanization of the Boston chamber of commerce, working under the supervision of the committee on public safety and the women's committee of the council of national defense.

Franklin T. Kurt of the chamber committee, who presided, told the members that the proposed organization will have 18 division managers, one heading each district. These managers will have charge of the sub-divisions of the city. Block captains will work under the section captains and will have charge of every block, both residential and mercantile, where assimilation work is necessary. Their function will be to establish personal contact with every non-English speaking and non-citizen individual.

The division managers will be appointed at a later meeting.

DETROIT WILL DELIVER 18,000 LIBERTY MOTORS BY SEPTEMBER 1

DETROIT, Mich., June 6.—Nineteen thousand Liberty motors, produced mainly in Detroit, will have been delivered to the government by Sept. 1, 1918, according to members of the committee in charge of the senate investigation into aircraft production, who arrived here yesterday to inspect local factories.

Senator Thomas of Colorado, chairman, said: "The government needs airplanes on the French front and needs them badly."

DROPS DEAD Gen. Michie of U. S. Army Died On Train In France

PARIS, June 6.—Gen. Robert E. L. Michie of the American army, died in a railroad train near Rouen yesterday. His death was sudden and unexpected, as he had not been ill.

Was Brilliant Soldier

WASHINGTON, June 6.—News of the sudden death of Brigadier General Robert E. L. Michie in a railway train near Rouen, France, yesterday, came as a shock today in war department and army circles. He was a brilliant soldier. For a long time he was chief aid to General Hugh L. Scott, former chief of staff of the army and had accompanied the latter on numerous missions of importance. Chief among these was General Scott's trip to the Pinar del Rio country in Cuba, where he quelled an uprising. When General Scott visited the Mexican bandit chief, Francisco Villa, and when he conferred with the Mexican authorities at El Paso, General Michie's assistance was of great value. He also accompanied General Scott with the American mission to Russia last year.

When General Scott was relieved as chief of staff, Col. Michie was made a brigadier general in the national army and placed in command of the 53rd Infantry Brigade, composed of New York troops at Camp Wadsworth, N. C. After training his troops he went at their head to France.

He was graduated from the military academy in 1885, and was made a member of the general staff in 1903, serving until 1907, and was attached to it again in 1914. He was a native of Virginia and was 54 years of age.

SERVICE FLAG UNFURLED

The members of the Lisbon club, an organization composed of Portuguese speaking people with headquarters in Central street, unfurled a service flag Sunday and the event proved to be a notable one in the history of the organization, for the flag contains ten stars, two of which are golden, the latter being to the memory of Manuel Martin and Peter Silva, two young men of this city, who were connected with the organization and who gave up their lives for the American flag in the great European war. The flag was raised by Manuel Correia assisted by John L. Crafts, and the ceremony, which proved very impressive, was witnessed by a great number of members. Appropriate exercises were held.

SAYS WAR MAY LAST TILL 1920

BOSTON, June 6.—New England shoe manufacturers at a war conference at the Conley-Plaza yesterday explained their industrial troubles to each other. Members of the New England Shoe & Leather association and manufacturers from all sections of New England attended the conference. Harry I. Thayer, president of the New England Shoe & Leather association, presided.

Brig.-Gen. John W. Ruckman, commanding the northeastern department, the special guest of honor, urged a united citizenry behind the men fighting at the front. He predicted that the war may last until 1920, and while paying tribute to the sacrifices made by the civilian population so far, emphasized that appreciably greater sacrifices would be demanded in the future.

VERY EFFECTIVE METHOD FOR BANISHING HAIRS

(Modes of Today)

At very little cost any woman can rid her face of hairy growths if she will use the delatone treatment. This is made by mixing some water with a little powdered delatone. This paste is spread upon the hairy growth for 3 or 5 minutes; then rubbed off and the skin washed, when every trace of hair will have vanished. No harm results from this treatment, but care should be used to buy real delatone.

The address of Charles H. Jones, charging that the government's abolition of the differentials in fixing freight rates militated directly against New England industries was crystallized at the close of the session, in a resolution asking "the immediate revocation of the ruling abolishing the railroad freight rate differentials which have for so many years been in existence, and as a result of which New England industry, including the shoe and leather business, has been so largely built up."

Alfred W. Donovan of Rockland, Mass., scored the New England shoe manufacturers for their meagre advertising.

Other speakers were Thomas F. Anderson, secretary of the New England Shoe & Leather association; John S. Kent, president of the National Boot & Shoe Manufacturers' association, who spoke in detail of the laboring conditions in the shoe industry; Albert M. Creighton of Lynn, J. Franklin McIlwain, Frank R. Briggs of Boston, Herbert F. French of Boston, Hollis B. Soates, president of the Massachusetts Retail Shoe Merchants' association; Robert P. Hazzard of Gardner, Mass.; Hovey F. Clayton of Manchester, N. H.; and L. H. Downs of Haverhill.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisers and you will save money on your purchases.

At your druggists Has the value 13 oz. - \$1.15 of beef serum 6 oz. - .70

FOR overworked men and women, for invalids and convalescents, the ideal food tonic is BOVINE

for Strength

It has the nutriment of beef blood, rich in hemoglobin and albumen, unaltered by heat.

Recognized by physicians as "unequaled in restoring a patient after wasting illness."

THE BOVINE CO. 75 West Houston St., New York

SEE DISPLAY WINDOWS YOU'LL BE OUR CUSTOMER

Going Out of Business

STOCK AND FIXTURES FOR SALE

The day will soon come when the name of Roy & O'Heir as a firm will be a firm of the past. Buy all you need in Clothing, Furnishings, Hats, Caps and Shoes at the great selling out prices. Save money at

ROY & O'HEIR'S

88 PRESCOTT STREET FACING MARKET STREET

RHEUMATICS ARE MADE HAPPY

Satisfied That "Neutrone Prescription 99" is all That's Claimed

This reliable prescription has, since being placed in the hands of the public, done more to remove Rheumatic Troubles than all previous remedies combined.

It is different from other remedies in that it does not upset the stomach or impair the heart, a condition heretofore thought impossible.

It is not a chemical, but a remedy to be taken internally treating Rheumatism as a constitutional disease by its general action through the blood.

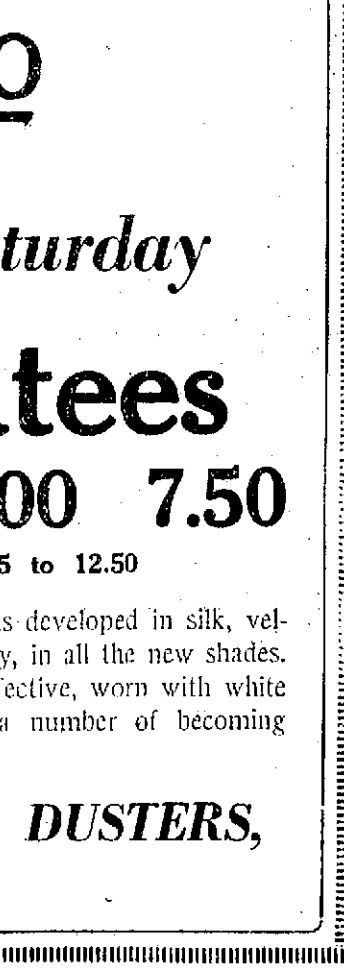
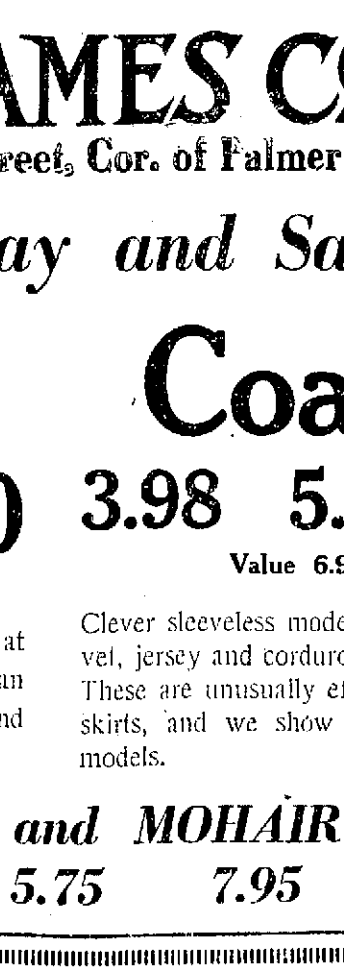
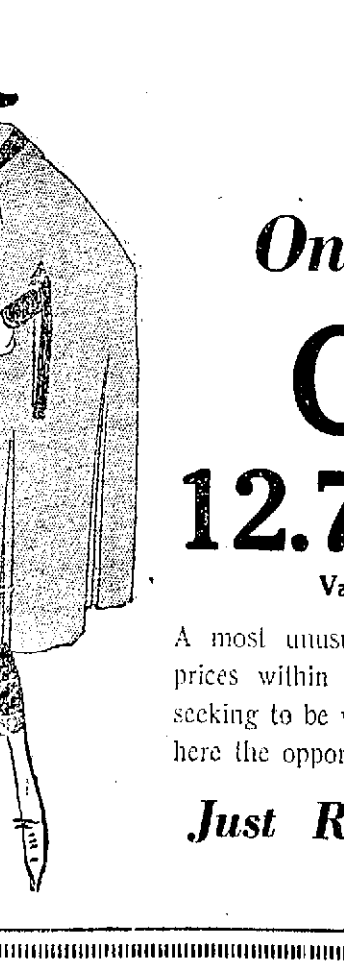
The treatment is a most complete combination of rheumatic-reducing elements and is dependable to produce results from the first use. It aims at rheumatism as a disease of the blood. 50 cents and \$1.00 the bottle.

Fred Howard's Drug Store, 199 Central street; Lowell Pharmacy, 623 Merrimack street and leading druggists everywhere.

Spray Your Garden With Arsenate Lead

Lb. 33c

Talbot's Chemical Store 40 MIDDLE ST.



1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 278: 1039-1044.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

SCHOOL GRADUATIONS

This is the time of school graduations when some pupils will pass from the grammar school to the high and many others go out to seek their life work.

As usual the graduate will be given abundant advice, much of which he will let pass with indifference despite the fact that it is just what he needs.

It is characteristic of the young to have self-confidence, and to scout the advice of their elders; but they usually change their minds when it is too late.

To the boy leaving school, the best advice that can be given is, to find a calling for which he has natural aptitudes, one in which he can quite reasonably hope for success. To enter a business for which he has no qualification to ensure even moderate success is the surest road to failure.

To work in a blind alley from which there is no advance upward or onward, will dwarf the faculties and ruin any boy or any man.

It is always well to be able to look ahead to something higher and better. It is thus that ambition is inspired, without which there is no effort made to succeed.

What are the elements needed for success? Here they are:

Education, industry,
Ambition, self control,
Tact and pluck, with honesty,
Should bear you to your goal.

Remember the goal. It is necessary to set a goal to which every effort will be directed. It will not do to attempt too many things or change from one to another unless to correct a palpable blunder. Behind or directing these elements is character and will power to keep to the right path, to the single aim and not to let slight difficulties bring discouragement.

The matter of self-control or self-government is very important. It is that which gives stability, without which all the other qualities however brilliant are useless.

It is necessary for the boy to decide early as to his life work. Otherwise he will never attain excellence in it. Boys who get a chance to learn some trade in which they can make a decent livelihood should not be too particular as to their wages. Under the old apprentice system, unfortunately now almost unknown, boys were bound to serve an apprenticeship of several years at nominal wages. Such boys usually knew their trade when their apprenticeship closed. It would be very foolish to lose an opportunity to learn a good trade on a question of higher wages. The trade will enable him to meet future opportunities; the wages hardly ever.

STREET FATALITIES

Fifty-four persons were killed by automobiles in New York city in the month of May as compared with forty in the same month last year. It appears that the danger from motor cars is increasing or else that the people are becoming more reckless. During the same period there were three fatalities from trolley cars.

What is true of New York is true of most cities—the motor vehicles are the chief menace to public safety. The menace which shares equally in the street fatalities is the recklessness of children and the inexcusable complacency of parents while their children are exposing themselves to danger of instant death almost every hour of the day.

To reduce the number of fatalities from motor vehicles, two things are necessary, one to make the drivers more cautious, and the other to have the children and their elders observe the usual precautions for safety.

Here in Lowell we have a considerable number of serious accidents, fatal and otherwise, due chiefly to carelessness, thoughtlessness and the grave blunder of allowing very young children to run the streets at will without any protection. East Merrimack street has had more accidents to young children than any other short street in Lowell, yet children under five years of age are still allowed to run at large on that thoroughfare because perhaps their parents are employed in the mills. The parents in such cases are guilty of criminal neglect.

MANY BOW-LEGGED CHILDREN

In the conservation of children we wish to offer a suggestion which refers chiefly to children under five years of age, yet to some over that age. We refer to the astonishing number of bow-legged children. They are met on the street, on East Merrimack street, Fayette and other streets, and although they are growing up with a deformity that will greatly handicap their future usefulness, nobody seems to take any interest in their cases.

These children are suffering from a muscular deformity that can be cured if taken in time. Why not hold a special clinic of surgeons for the benefit of these children, of whom there are probably fifty in Lowell?

If they are allowed to grow up with bowed legs, they will be objects of pity wherever they go, and they will have reason through life to reflect upon their guilty parents. Should they be called upon for military service, they would be rejected as unfit on account of their bowed legs, however acceptable in other respects.

It would be a great act of charity to compel the parents of those children to submit them for examination and for such treatment as would effect a cure of their deformity. It would certainly be strictly in line with the conservation movement started to reduce the infant mortality.

ULTIMATE VICTORY ASSURED

The supreme war council has full confidence in the ultimate triumph of the allied cause. This conclusion has been arrived at in face of the enemy's

great advance and his threatened advance to Paris and the channels. Full confidence is also expressed in the ability of General Foch to handle the situation despite the claims of the enemy to assured victory.

The presence of an American army ready for action and of the great service of the American navy has inspired this belief in the ultimate triumph of our cause.

Of course no sane American ever had any different opinion, although croaking pessimists and German propagandists have tried to convince the world to the contrary.

NOW FOR THE COUNTER BLOW

The German drive has been definitely stopped and now it remains for the Allies to fall upon the Huns with all possible haste and force. The tactics adopted in the past of stopping when they stop and letting them prepare almost unmolested for another drive was a grave mistake. All the supplies the Allies had gathered were captured and all the fortifications they had made with such care were lost.

The duty of General Foch now is to strike that counter blow. Now or never is the word. To let the Germans fall back and rest until ready for another drive would be fatal madness. If the Allies have any power or courage left, now is the time to show it.

IDLENESS IS BARRED

It would be a very serious calamity if a strike or shut down caused any considerable number of operatives to be idle in New Bedford, Lowell or any other city. This is a time when all parties should be willing to compromise rather than bring about a state of affairs that would in the slightest degree militate against our progress in the war. This is a time for conservative action on all sides with a willingness to be fair and to do the right thing at the right time. While the enemy is operating at our doors our main business is to fight him with all our might and to do this nobody can afford to be idle.

GUARDING OUR TRANSPORTS

It is not improbable that one of the functions of the visiting submarines will be to lay mines in the steamship lanes so that transports may be sunk without any chance of hitting the enemy. To guard against this danger it will be necessary to have a mine sweeper precede every transport in order to clear its path of these treacherous explosives set as traps by the "subs." This is but the least of the precautions that will have to be adopted to protect the troopships.

CRUCIFIED AMERICANS

Herbert L. Pratt of Brooklyn on his return from France where he has been engaged in Y.M.C.A. work, has stated publicly that the American troops on the front found two of their comrades crucified. It is difficult to believe such stories and yet if this statement by Mr. Pratt be not true, then he is no better than a mere faker. Reports of similar barbarities have been frequently brought to the allied

armies and unless met by counter proof they must stand as genuine.

LODGE'S ASSURANCE

Senator Lodge after visiting the navy department gave out a statement to the effect that there is no need to worry, that everything that can be done is being done to stop the submarines. That assurance is very encouraging and it is appreciated coming from Mr. Lodge who has been in the habit of criticizing first and investigating after.

WOMEN AS AVIATORS

It is proposed to employ women as aviators in England. We submit that women may be found who would make good aviators under favorable conditions; but as airmen ready to meet an attacking squadron, we draw the line on women. Fighting in the air is probably the most thrilling and fatal form of warfare, because if either the machine or the aviator becomes disabled, there is no escape from a fatal fall.

In the death of former Vice President Fairbanks the nation loses a distinguished citizen, who, in his day, was recognized as a staunch republican leader. Coming from the pivotal state of Indiana he was drafted for republican service on several occasions with the hope that he would swing the state for the party. This he did with remarkable success.

The only consolation the Kaiser could offer his people at their disappointment over unfulfilled promises of victory, was that whole stretches of

beautiful and fertile country in France have been reduced to hideous deserts. That such a statement would give satisfaction to the Germans shows that they have been reduced to a mental condition bordering barbarism.

SEEN AND HEARD

You have no reason to be ashamed of your poverty if you acquired it honestly.

It might be well to prepare a piece of smoked glass in readiness for the partial eclipse of the sun Saturday, beginning at 6.32 p. m. eastern time, and becoming central at 7.25. If the day is clear the eclipse will be plainly visible in Lowell. It is a recurrence of the eclipse of May 28, 1909.

A Contented Community

Yarmouthport, down on Cape Cod, is entitled to at least one notable distinction. There isn't a house for sale or to let in the place according to the Yarmouth Register. Fine place for a real estate agent to Hooverize.—Brookton Enterprise.

World's Largest Coffee Pot

Coffee for troops passing through the Long Island railroad terminal at Long Island City, N. Y., is being made by women of the Long Island City Chapter, American Red Cross, in what is believed to be the largest coffee urn in the world. It has a tank of 208 gallons capacity. It has been the practice of the chapter to supply hot coffee and sandwiches to all soldiers passing through the city, whether they arrive by day or night. With increased movement facilities were found totally inadequate.

Behold! Doorgirl is Here

The doorgirl has arrived in New York, making her appearance at a Fifth avenue millinery shop. The manner in which she opens limousine doors for milady indicates she is a permanent fixture so far as women's shops are concerned. She takes the

HOW TO GET RID OF RHEUMATISM

"Fruit-a-lives" Point the Way to Quick Relief

VERONA.
"I suffered for a number of years with Rheumatism and severe Pains in my Side and Back, caused by strains and heavy lifting."

When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended "Fruit-a-lives" (or Fruit Liver Tablets) to me and after using the first box I felt so much better that I continued to take them; and now I am enjoying the best of health.

W. M. LAMPSON.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, by FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

place of the former payly decorated doorman. The first little miss seen on the avenue was attired up to the minute in plicated tan short skirt and leggings, topped over by a full short military coat of black shiny leather that is softly crushed into the slim belt and given a further air of the military by the khaki aviator's cap.

Dangles Over Washington Street
The task of painting the 63-foot flagpole which runs out of the fourth floor of the Talbot company's building at 335 Washington street, Boston, was mere child's play for John Jo-



Ask the boys who know how to make a Welsh Rabbit what blend means. They'll tell you

YOU know how it is at a regular party. About the time the old folks at home are beginning to think about winding up the cat and putting the clock out—

And the Jazz band is resting up to get its second wind—

Then some bright little suggester says: "Let's make a Welsh Rabbit."

Atta boy!

You drag out the silver-plated stew-pan and elect some gifted guy as head mixer, and he starts putting the things together.

Never mind what he puts in it—he's the only man that knows—but when he gets everything blended right, hats off to the Welsh Rabbit king! It's the word *blend* that tells the story.

The *blend* idea has made Mecca favorite cigarette with over a million smokers.

There are twelve mighty choice tobaccos used in Mecca cigarettes—five Turkish and seven American—but you don't taste the flavor of any one of them separately when you take a deep drag. The only flavor you get is the good old Mecca flavor.

No one tobacco has everything you want in a cigarette.

Each of the twelve tobaccos in Mecca cigarettes is picked for a special purpose. One for fragrance, another for smoothness, still another for body—to let you know you're really smoking—and so on down the line.

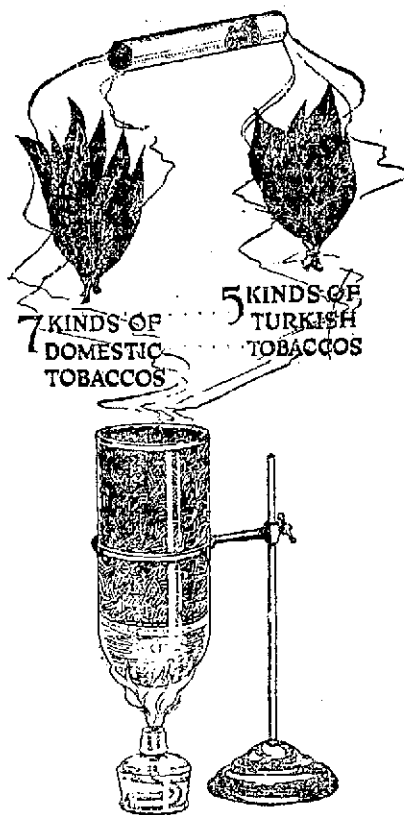
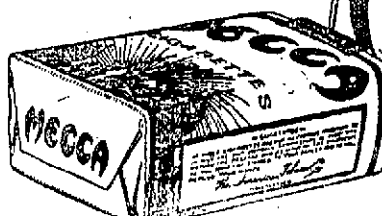
Here's how the still-blending process works. The different tobaccos are not just mixed, but are placed together in the blending-still. Then moist heat is passed through until all the different flavors are drawn into one—the flavor that has made Mecca cigarettes known from one end of the country to the other.

Guaranteed by
The American Tobacco Co.

MECCA

YOU WOULD HAVE TO BE A MILLIONAIRE

to buy the total output of the Mecca factory for only twenty days.



Still-Blended

By the Mecca still-blending process, moist heat is passed through these twelve selected tobaccos. The full rich flavor of each is drawn out, and merged into one, much as the full flavor of tea is drawn out by steeping. Only in this way can be obtained the true Mecca flavor.

MOTHERS OF BOYS

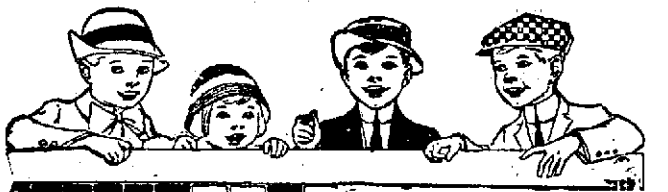
often tell us of the real comfort they find in dressing their boys here—

Everything at hand in one department—from hats to shoes, suits to underwear and furnishing goods that boys from 3 years to 18 wear.

Wash Suits for boys 3 years to 9—undoubtedly a larger assortment than you can find in all other stores in Lowell combined—all new—and most of the lots are exclusive novelties. Prices \$1.50 to \$3.50

Middy Blouse, Junior Norfolk and Jack Tar Sailor Suits, very new and very smart models—most of these suits have separate white pique collars and cuffs, \$3.50 to \$12.00

Norfolk Suits for boys 8 years to 18—mighty attractive homespun and chevots and blue serges. Several models illustrating the ideas accepted by the best New York city trade.....\$5.00 to \$15.00



The most attractive collection of hats for boys and girls that we've ever shown—Straw hats, Panama hats, Crash hats, Cloth hats—and all sorts of caps, from \$1.00 to \$5.00

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET

hansen, but the efforts of the steeplejack to balance himself caused thousands of pedestrians to catch their breath. It was Johansen's second trip out to the end of the weatherbeaten pole and he had no misgivings when he was dangling over the thoroughfare with no support other than his hands and legs, nearly 100 feet in the air and nothing below him but "live" trolley wires and the wooden blocks of the street.

The Day's Best Yarn

Mrs. Mamie Colvin, New York's recent prohibition candidate for congress, said in a stump speech:

"But there's another side to this question. If liquor on the man's part causes divorce, recklessness on the woman's part causes it also."

"I once knew a girl—she's divorced today, of course—who was warned by a friend.

"If you marry that man, I warn you, my dear, that he'll lead a double life."

"Well, said the girl recklessly, 'if I don't marry him I'll lead a single one, and that's worse.'"

Today's 'off' in Business

The man in business is using one short word of two letters more than he ever did before in his life—the word "if." No longer does he make definite promises. He says "If I can get the goods," "If there's any in the market," "If the express will take the shipment," "If that color is in stock," and so on for an infinite number of "ifs." Nothing is certain or stable in the world of buying or selling today. Prices double over night. Materials suddenly become unobtainable at any price. The government every day takes over more factories and further complicates a situation already as bad as need be.—Whitman Times.

Up Droopers

"I know, some birds are always kicking and paning. Everything is all wrong with them, except themselves. Now, those guys are sure living a tough existence. The odds are all against them. They're mean. Any able-bodied rink who thinks he's always getting a bum shuffle. Bend your ear this way a second. In a stool counter restaurant where we do the second swallowing act. Every noon we see a gent. But he doesn't see us. Or anybody. He's about 45 years old, and he's always grinning and kidding 'Lukie,' the hash jugler. 'Sav, Lukie! I think you're joshing me. What did you do to the handle of this gun, just take it out of the stove? It's hotter'n flares!' and he laughs. He's always laughing. He lives in a world of darkness. He's blind. But he ain't kicking!"

Our Soldiers' Sacrifice

Above all things we should praise and render thanks to the valor of the British soldier, who, each in his own conflict with the enemy and death, has been so unflinchingly true to duty. His conduct has won tributes of admiration from even his foe. Like Christian of old in the great battle with Apollon, in that "wilderness, that land of deserts, and of pits, of drought and of the shadow of death, he has fought a good fight to the very end. Against overwhelming numbers, against weapons more terrible than any the past ever knew—against death from aircraft, against death from the poison in the air that chokes and burns, against death through streams of liquid fire, through nine days of roaring battle, he has stood firm. The ages have not forgotten and never will forget the Spartans who died at Thermopylae and the Athenians who perished at Marathon. Nor will they forget the deeds of the British soldiers who—like them—have fallen that the

world might be free.—From the London, England, Mail.

Speculation

I wonder what I used to be in days I can't recall?

I wonder what I used to be in incarnations past?

I know when spring starts glory vines acclim' to the wall.

And we are past the winter and sun-showers come at last.

And birds are buildin' in the trees. I want to rise and go.

And leave the home I'm in and build. My soul is strangely stirred.

To build a new home somewhere else. There is no way to know.

What I was ages gone, but I believe I was a bird.

I don't look much like any bird the world has ever known.

Unless it was the Dodo, which is now extinct and gone.

But when the springtime clouds across the azure sky are blown.

And when the birds start in to build with the first streaks of dawn.

I feel I'd like to build a shack up in some woodland tree.

Where of days the cool winds whisper, and night's crooning sounds are heard.

There is no way to learn about the thing I used to be.

But I believe, down in my heart, I used to be a bird.

Trees fascinate me on. I look to where bird-nests are swung—

But my wife laughs at my bird hunch, and tells me it may be.

That some of my ancestors might have been enough up and hung.

And that is why the trees have such a strong hold over me.

And she says monkeys live in trees—and then I go outdoors.

And get so far away from her that her voice can't be heard!

She may think I was a monkey, but, the while I do my chores.

I sort of feel down in my soul I must have been a bird.

JUDD MORTIMER LEWIS, in Houston Post.

75,000 WOMEN TO PUSH SALE OF WAR SAVINGS STAMPS IN BAY STATE

BOSTON, June 6.—Seventy-five thousand women are to be organized into committees to push the sale of war savings stamps in Massachusetts, as a result of the failure of a committee of men to get results during the past few weeks. The allotment for Massachusetts has been fixed at \$75,000,000, and the women will attempt to reach this goal by June 28, though to date only \$3,000,000 worth of stamps have been sold. Mrs. George T. Rice of Weston has been placed in charge of the women's organizations with district leaders in every county.

Small Pill
Small Dose
Small Price

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

FOR CONSTIPATION

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion.

Genuine bears signature
H. H. Wood

PALE FACES
Generally indicate a lack of Iron in the Blood
Carter's Iron Pills
Will help this condition

MEN IN YANKEE DESTROYERS WISE TO GERMAN SEA TRICKS

BY SEAMAN R. W. BURKE, OF THE U.S.S. "ALBATROSS"

In the war zone you have to keep a sharp lookout and report everything that you see—seaweed, birds, drift-wood, anything at all. If you don't you get a "call down."

The fellows on the masthead ought to be able to report a thing many miles ahead of the bridge. If anybody on the bridge spots a thing ahead of the man on the masthead the "old man" will bawl out the unlucky seaman. It is a pretty serious offense to let anything get by you.

Seaweed may be camouflage. The Germans tie a lot of it together and sit just under the water with the periscopes sticking right up among the seaweed.

One day we were convoying a big transport with an American army base hospital on it, a whole hospital equipped with doctors, nurses and everything on board. We were cruising along at 20 knots or so when we saw a capsized lifeboat sitting on the water. We never thought anything of it. You see hundreds of capsized boats running awash like that.

Suddenly the boat turned, came to life as it were and started right towards us. The "old man" called down the fore-castle and told them to cut away at her. They started firing before they had time to ring up "general quarters."

The first shot hit her. It was the best shot I ever saw. It hit her in the center. Sure enough there was the periscopes right there!

We crossed over and we tried to ram her but were too late. She had submerged so we dropped a depth charge. We got that all right because the oil that came up spread for miles around.

One submarine captured by our destroyers had a periscope only one and a quarter inches in diameter.

This periscope stood but a foot out of the water and was visible less than 20 seconds so you can see how much time you have to spot a periscope. The periscopes are painted pearl gray, about the color of the sea.

These U-boats are camouflaged like our merchant ships with green wavy lines running fore and aft, or lines of light blue or indigo that just match up with the water. The destroyers look like blocks of peppermint candy—quite different from the old battle green.

All Kinds of Tricks

The Germans have all kinds of tricks. We have heard fellows on other destroyers tell how they came along the coast among a lot of little fishing boats and had suddenly seen some merchant or passenger ship blown up and no submarine in sight—only these little fishing boats one of which however had mysteriously submerged. The Germans get hold of one of these little boats and take the crew off, or shoot them maybe, or take them on board and make them prisoners. The fishermen cannot give them much information so they do not bother to make them prisoners always; they get rid of them I guess. They take this little fishing boat and tie it on the top of their submarine and then go peacefully along.

It is a tough game. You are not fighting a man who will come up and fight. You are just going after a sneak and you have to be looking after him all the time. That is why he has it on you. A good many times he

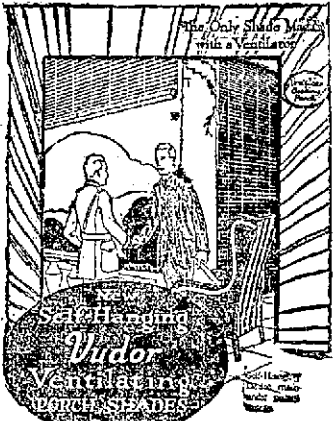
AMERICAN AND ITALIAN GROCERIES

Imported Olive Oil and Macaroni. Full line of Fruits, Candies and Tobacco.

Joe and Susie Carpenito
122-154 GORHAM ST.

WARM WEATHER GOODS VUDOR SHADES

Make your piazza into a living room. We have them in all sizes.



HAMMOCKS COUCH-HAMMOCKS \$8.50 to \$20.00

Regular hammocks are becoming popular again. We have a fine line.

WHITE MOUNTAIN FREEZERS 1 Pint to 20 Quarts

LAWN MOWERS A few left of our special sale mowers \$5.00

We have a complete line of Philadelphia mowers.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

Your Garden

ARE YOUR PLANTS SICK?

"Send for a doctor, quick!" If any member of the family were sick, this is what you probably would say. But when any of the members of his garden family are attacked by disease, the war gardener usually will have to apply the prescription himself.

says today's bulletin from the national war garden commission. A few pointers on garden diseases, therefore, will be timely and helpful. These today's bulletin from the national war garden commission. A few pointers on garden diseases, therefore, will be timely and helpful. These today's bulletin from the national war garden commission. A few pointers on garden diseases, therefore, will be timely and helpful.

The wilt diseases are caused by the very smallest fragments of life called

roundhouse foreman, are considered serious if not critical.

The workmen on the ill-fated engine were on their way to Cambridge Junction to place a derailed car on the track.

THE CARE OF LOTS

Charge Cemetery Employees With Cutting Rates

Edward Jones and Charles F. Everett, two employees of the cemetery department, were questioned by the cemetery commissioners at a meeting held yesterday afternoon relative to charges against them for doing cemetery work at cut rates after working hours. After hearing both sides of the case, the commissioners took the matters under advisement.

John P. Webster, a man who takes private work at the cemetery, but who is not employed by the department, was the party who brought the charge against Mr. Jones. He claimed that Mr. Jones is taking care of lots in the cemetery on his own hook, even though that is contrary to the rules of the cemetery. Mr. Jones admitted taking care of lots and said Mr. Webster had preferred the charge against him simply because he (Mr. Jones) would not do what Mr. Webster wanted him to do. Mr. Webster said Mr. Jones had taken the job to care for a certain lot and consequently he should water the plants in the urn on the said lot.

Chairman Rigby then said a complaint had been made that Mr. Everett, an employee, had solicited the care of lots during working hours. Mr. Everett denied the charge but admitted doing work after working hours. He said lot owners have called at his home and asked him to look after lots. He said

bacteria. They work inside the plant and clog it up so that it chokes. The only remedy is to pull up the wilted plants and burn them. Before you pull them up, be sure the wilting is not caused by dry weather or by a worm in the stem of the plant near the ground.

The other diseases are called fungus diseases, because they are really caused by tiny invisible plants, which are parasites living upon other plants. They show up in the form of discolored spots or patches on leaves or stems which die and may drop off. These are prevented or controlled by spraying with various remedies at certain times, which will be fully explained later. Complete information as to how to control these various diseases is contained in the free war garden guide, which any reader of this paper can have for a two-cent stamp, for postage, by writing to the national war garden commission, Washington.

he is now caring for about 90 lots and does grading and charges \$10 a lot or \$2 less than the department.

Mr. Taylor said the matter was not clear to him, whether a rule preventing employees from doing work on their own account in the cemetery should be enforced. The chairman asked Mr. Taylor if he thought it would be right for him to set up a sarsaparilla business in order to compete with his employer after working hours, and the reply was in the negative.

Supt. Duckworth of the cemetery stated that he had never seen Mr. Everett doing private work during the hours he is supposed to be working for the department. He said he does not know what Mr. Everett does after working hours. Mrs. Riordan, clerk of the board, said previous boards had put a stop to any such work being done by the employees, while Mr. Osmond stated that if that sort of thing is allowed, the department, which is being run on its receipts, will soon be seriously affected. Both matters were taken under advisement.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charges of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

AMERICANS PENETRATE GERMAN POSITIONS

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Penetration of enemy positions in Picardy and Lorraine by American patrols, which inflicted losses upon the enemy in killed and wounded, was reported last night in Gen. Pershing's communique. In the Woivre, artillery fighting has diminished.

The Statement

The statement follows: "Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woivre artillery fighting has diminished."

30 Yanks Rout 200 Huns WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 6.—By the Associated Press.—An American patrol of 30 men penetrated to the enemy third lines in the Luneville sector early yesterday morning. The Americans encountered 200 Germans and attacked them with grenades, bayonets and bullets.

The fight lasted 20 minutes and many losses were inflicted on the enemy. The American loss was extremely slight.

TRANSPORT LINCOLN SANK IN 18 MINUTES

WASHINGTON, June 6.—A detailed story of the torpedoing of the American transport, President Lincoln, cabled to the navy department yesterday by Vice-Admiral Sims, says the small loss of life was due to the excellent seamanship of the ship's captain. Twenty-six men lost their lives in the sinking. The report reads:

"The President Lincoln was struck simultaneously by three torpedoes on May 21, and sank in 18 minutes. Three other vessels were in company with her at the same time. The crew and passengers abandoned the ship in excellent order. All passengers, including the sick, were saved. The submarine which sank her left the vicinity immediately and returned about 2 p. m. looking for the captain and apparently for other vessels engaged in rescue."

"The two destroyers which Admiral Sims described as being excellently handled, arrived on the scene in a surprisingly short time. One of them brought 500 survivors and the other brought the remaining survivors to a European port."

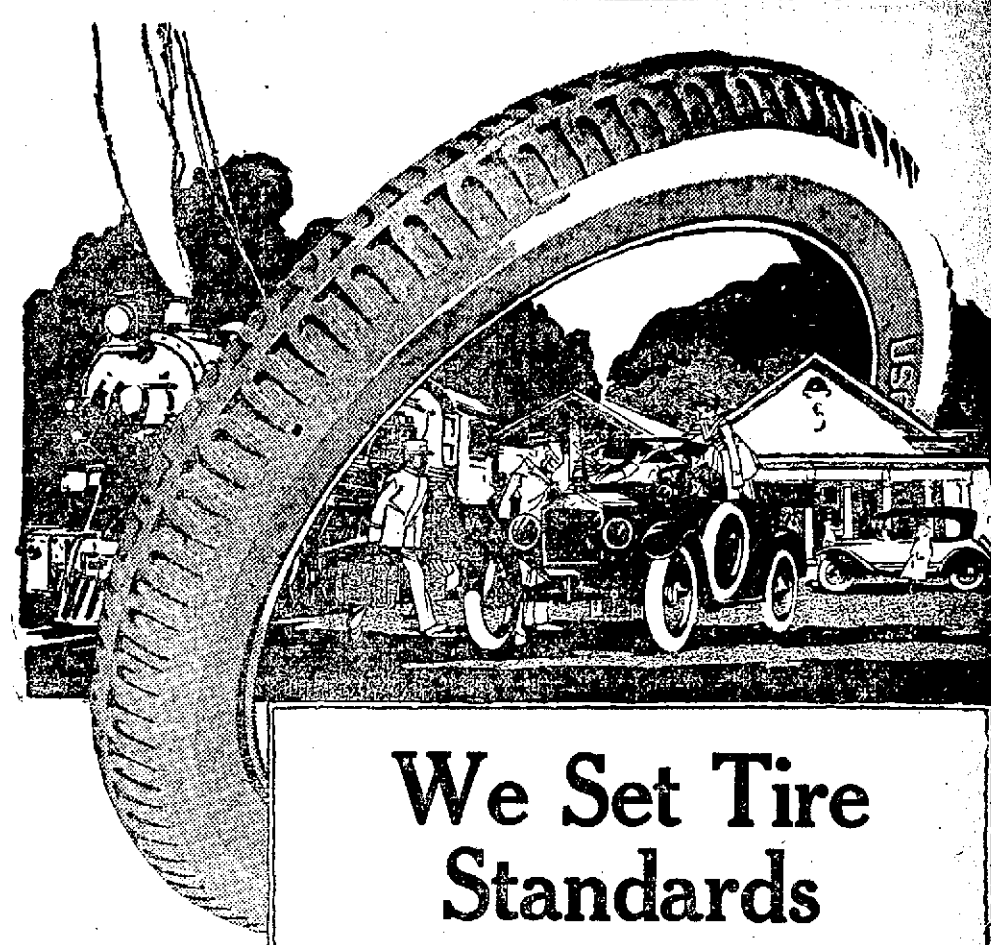
Admiral Sims states that the small loss of life was due to the thorough discipline of the ship's company and the excellent seamanship of the captain of the U. S. S. Lincoln, Commander P. W. Foote, U.S.N. The army senior officer present with the detachment commended the work of the navy highly.

Admiral Sims reports that he intends sending the survivors home on a troop transport in the near future. None of the survivors was seriously injured.

VON CAPELLE BELITTLES WORK OF AMERICANS

NEW YORK, June 6.—American participation in the war in the fight against German submarines and in the ship-building program were belittled by Vice Admiral von Capelle, German minister of the navy in his speech in the reichstag a few weeks ago, as reported by German newspapers received here.

"The military help of America in the first year of the war was very little regarding troops and airplanes," declared von Capelle. "The expectation of our enemies has been greatly disappointed. If America later wants to maintain half a million troops in France it will need permanently a



We Set Tire Standards

Why is it that United States Tires are setting new records for mileage and serviceability?

Why is it that the sales of these tires are constantly mounting by leaps and bounds?

The answer is found in the factories where United States Tires are made.

Standards of construction for these tires are higher than ever before known in the tire industry.

Makers of tire fabrics tell us that the standards we have given them for United States Tire fabrics are higher than any previously known.

Likewise through every process of construction from crude rubber to finished tires—we have set new and higher standards everywhere.

These standards work out on your car in the practical economy demanded by war-times.

United States Tires will raise any car to higher efficiency. There is a type to suit every condition of service.

The nearest United States Sales and Service Depot dealer will cheerfully aid in selecting the right tires for your individual requirements.

United States Tires are Good Tires

A complete stock of United States Tires is carried by the following Sales and Service Depots

PITTS AUTO SUPPLY COMPANY

CITY HALL GARAGE, Mark J. McCann Proprietor

General John A. Ruckman today conferred with Mayor Peters and police officials regarding vice conditions in and about Boston. General Ruckman, whose crusade against vice near army camps in Texas brought him into prominence a year ago, expressed the opinion that while conditions in Boston were not serious, there was a chance for improvement. Local officials said they were willing to co-operate with the military authorities in every way.

GEN. RUCKMAN CONFERS WITH MAYOR PETERS AND POLICE ON VICE CONDITIONS

BOSTON, June 6.—Within a few days after taking command of the department of the northeast, Brigadier

enemies had attained certain success in their defensive measures against the U-boats. "But," he added, "they have at no time affected the U-boat warfare in any way decisively and, according to foresight will not be able to do so in the future."

"The American U-boat chasers over which much fuss has been made, are a failure."

"The convoy system which gives the ships a certain protection on the other hand has great disadvantages. There is not a day in which one or several ships are not shot out of convoys."

Discussing the economic situation created by America's entrance into the war von Capelle pointed out that the United States was the most important source of supplies for the entire nations but, he added, "Owing to the tremendous armament of President Wilson, such economic difficulties have developed that America, the land of export, must now begin to ration herself instead, as had been hoped, to aid the entire nations in increasing measures. All in all, it can be said that the economic difficulties of our enemies have been increased by America's entrance into the war."

In reply to charges that the German submarine-building program was not progressing as rapidly as it should, von Capelle admitted that Germany's

Gray Hair Hays' Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hairdresser. Is not a dye. Grown and bottled at all dealers, ready to use. Philip Hays Co., Newark, N. J.

Dr. Massee

DENTISTS
TEL. 5155
16 Russell Bldg., Merrimack Square,
LOWELL, MASS.

Dr. Blanchard

An exquisite trousseau—but so Perishable!

"Not at all, it's just as practical as can be."

"But look at your underwear. So filmy, so delicate! They won't last any time at all."

"Why, you goose, of course they will. I'll just keep on washing them in Lux."

LUX! It's the magic word that makes it possible for a woman to have the dainty, delicate garments she has longed for all her life. And to have them for constant wear—not just for very special occasions.

Lux comes in clear, pure, transparent flakes. They melt instantly in hot water, and you whisk them into a rich, creamy, bubbling lather. You can dip the sheerest fabrics up and down in this lather without injury. You don't have to rub them at all. The dirt just drops right out into the suds.

Do you know what ruins your dainty underwear so quickly? It's the old-fashioned rub-rub-rub—rubbing cake soap directly on fine materials, then rubbing again to get the soap and dirt out.

Today the bride can fill her trousseau with the finest, daintiest silks and laces—and just so long as she keeps them new with Lux they will wear and wear.

Grocers, druggists and department stores have Lux. Get your package today. Use it for all fine laundering. Lever Bros. Co., Cambridge, Mass.

How to wash silk underwear

Just drop a tablespoonful of Lux flakes into half a pint of boiling or very hot water. Whisk into a rich, creamy lather. Add cold water till lukewarm. Dip the garment through the foamy lather many times—squeeze the suds through it—do not rub. Rinse three times in clear, lukewarm water. Squeeze the water out—do not wring. Dry in the shade. When nearly dry, press with a warm iron—never a hot one.

Use Lux on anything that pure water alone will not harm.

LUX

Even in hard water, Lux makes wonderful suds

LOWELL'S OWN SOLDIERS PARADE AND ENTERTAIN

It was "Military Night" in Lowell last evening when Co. C of the 302nd Machine Gun Battalion of Camp Devens journeyed to Lowell, heralded as "Lowell's Own" soldiers, and entertained 2000 people at the Casino in Thorndike street as well as several thousand additional along the downtown streets early in the evening when a street parade was held.

The evening's entertainment was a "Triple-attraction" affair. About 125 members of the company came to the city early in the evening under command of Lieut. T. E. Voigt. Shortly after 7.30 a line was formed at the Mid-Mex street station and proceeded through Downtown, Merrimack, Central, Middlesex and Thorndike streets to the Casino.

Here a fairly large crowd was on hand to greet the olive drab men and this was augmented steadily as the evening wore on. The second part of the program consisted of a generous program of dance numbers with music furnished by Markham's orchestra.

Dancing continued until 10.15, when an intermission was held and an exhibition drill staged by the members of the company. The soldiers showed the result of their extensive training "up there" in an emphatic fashion, and each command was carried out with a snap and precision that more than won the applause of the crowd. After the drill, dancing was resumed and continued until midnight. One of the pleasing features was the contribution of some old-time music by "Joe" Hibbard.

Lieut. Voigt was assisted by Sgt. George F. Boland, Corp. William Muldoon, Privates George Clark, Ernest Bechard, William Conroy and Edward Sheehan. Lieut. Voigt, as well as all the members of the company, were well liked by the reception received here.

A substantial sum was added to the company athletic fund as a result of last evening's entertainment. To round out the happiness of the occasion, Charles Bunker, owner of the Casino, volunteered the use of the building to the company at any time that Lieut. Voigt might designate.

CAUGHT IN ACT OF GIVING LIQUOR TO SOLDIER

Patrick J. Clooney, who claims to live in Hudson, N. H., was arrested in East Merrimack street last night by members of the vice squad for aiding and abetting the sale of liquor to a soldier. This morning he was taken to Camp Devens by Sgt. David Pettie where he was given a hearing before Federal Commissioner Maloney.

Clooney was seen in company with a soldier and owing to the suspicious nature of the case the police followed the pair and eventually saw Clooney pass a bottle of liquor to the soldier. The police caught him in the act and took him and the liquor to the police station.

KEEPING SAMMY WELL

The court of last resort when Sam- my's name is called for his soldiering duties for a while and when he is ill, is Col. J. W. Van Dusen, the army medical corps officer who passes on all doubtful physical exams of officers and enlisted men in the whole army.

Colonel Van Dusen determines whether a man is fit physically for promotion or a commission and passes on all sick leaves and discharges.

At a range of several thousand miles he can better size up Sammy's physical condition than the average man standing within a few feet of him. But, of course he has all the dope on the case, that is to say, he has that military Sammie card-indexed in questions and answers.

ASHLAND BOY WENT TO CAMP DEVENS YESTERDAY AND ENLISTED

CAMP DEVENS, June 6.—Earl Pratt of Ashland went the majority of new England boys who were required to register yesterday one better. He is 21 years old a short time ago and under the selective service law was required to register before last night.

Instead he came all the way to Camp Devens and enlisted voluntarily. He was assigned to the Ammunition train and he is mighty well pleased with himself, as he figures he has several jumps on the other boys who registered yesterday. When they arrive he will be a seasoned doughboy, a plays a cornet and is already in the Ammunition train band.

PROMOTING RESPECT FOR THE FLAG

The superintendent of schools has visited Major Walter R. Joyce, military instructor at the high school, to visit with him at many of the grammar schools of the city on tag day, Friday, June 15. The purpose of the visit is to impress upon the boys in the schools the importance of the part they can play in promoting proper respect for and courtesy to the national colors when they appear in parades and in public places.

The teachers in the schools have already done fine work with the children in cultivating in them a love and respect for the flag of their country, the children know and regularly perform the "Salute to the Flag," but a wish now to enlist them in the work of improving the general public behavior toward the flag.

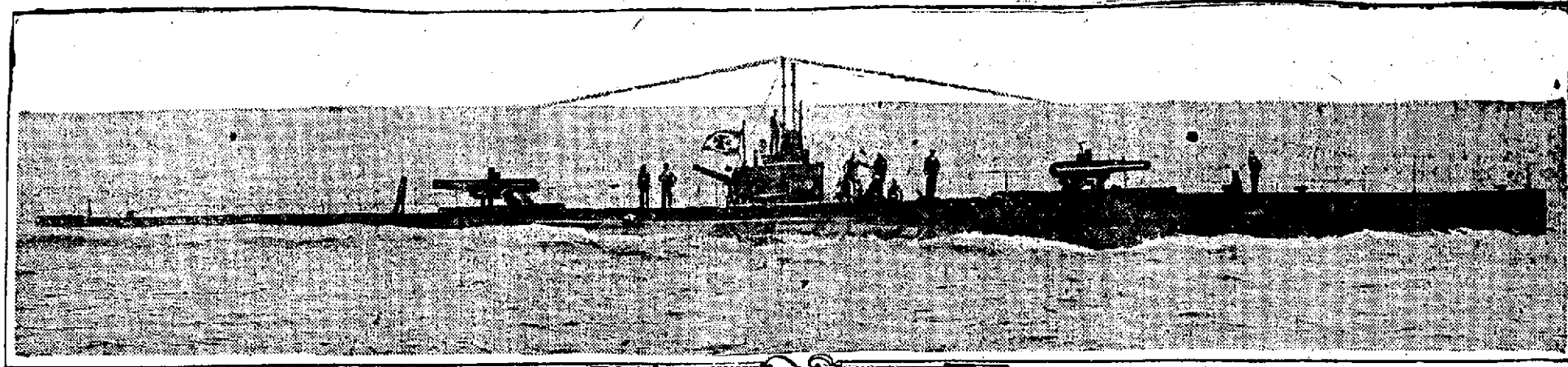
REDUCTIONS IN DIVIDENDS

NEW YORK, June 6.—Reductions in the quarterly dividends of the Chicago and Nevada Copper Companies, as well as the Porphyry group, were announced today, the reason given being "mounting costs, excessive war taxes and the 25c cent copper price."

The Chino dividend was reduced from \$5 to \$4 and the Ray and Nevada dividends were reduced from \$1.00 to 75c in each case.

Compact-Sweet
-Ready-to-Eat
-Delicious. That's
GrapeNuts
A CONSERVATION
FOOD

PREPARE FOR BOMBARDMENT OF U. S. CITIES IS MESSAGE OF U-BOATS OFF OUR COAST



LATEST HUN SUPER-SUBMARINE, SUCH AS MAY RAID U. S. COAST

This picture of the latest type of German super-submarine was printed recently in the Dutch daily Die Amsterdammer, and reproduced in English newspapers, from one of which this copy was made. It agrees to some extent with the descriptions made by survivors of the U-boats that have been sinking vessels off the U. S. coast on the sea-lanes from New York, carrying as it does, two guns mounted on the deck and one on the superstructure. So far as known, no actual photographs of this latest sea-monster have been received in the United States.

By F. M. KERRY,
Special Staff Dispatch.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Bombardment of undefended coast towns on the Atlantic seaboard, air raids by hydro-airplanes brought over by large cruiser submarines, and extension of the danger zone to all shipping in the Atlantic lane to Europe and South America, face America today, since German submarines have begun operations.

Fourteen months ago Henry Wood, house, governor of the Acto club of America, pointed out to me the possibility of aerial raids on New York and our coast cities, as a corollary of submarine activity on this side of the

Atlantic.

What seemed then a remote possibility is today an immediate probability.

America is for the first time face to face with real war at her very doors.

The sinking of American ships by the subs on this side is only a forerunner of what we may expect.

Certain action has already been taken by the government to prepare for such raids, but of course, if they grow an actually, our air defense in all cities along the Atlantic and Gulf Coast must be built up to rival the defenses of London and Paris.

Another thing that must be faced

is the bombarding of undefended coast resorts.

The English watering places along the coast were repeatedly shelled by German light forces during the earlier part of the war, for two purposes—in a campaign of frightfulness by which the Hun has always thought he could frighten his opponent, and secondly, in an effort to cause such a demand for protection of the coast towns that the British grand fleet in the North Sea would be sent along the English coast to protect the towns, thus permitting the German high seas fleet to break through the cordon.

Neither result was achieved. The British were not frightened, nor

did the British admiralty make the mistake of dispersing the fleet for the mere protection of coast towns against raiders.

Such isolated raids, while they may do some damage to property, will have no effect on the war; neither will the bombardment from the air by submarine-mothered airplanes have a decisive effect.

Of course, adequate air defenses will be built up against such attacks, but raids of this character can only come at considerable intervals, and Germany will not be permitted to transfer the war from over there to over here.

Germany strategy, if it plans whole-

sale submarine operations on this side of the Atlantic, hopes to create such a reign of terror on this side that we may not continue to give effective aid to our allies abroad. She hopes to divert us from our main purpose in the war, to the mere defense of our own coasts and shipping.

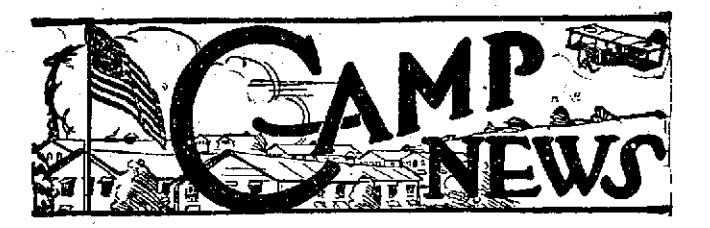
The naval machinery to meet submarine operations on this side was perfected long ago. It began to operate the day war was declared.

Today, many hundreds of scout craft of every kind, from light cruisers and destroyers down to motor launches, are patrolling the coast from end to end. Naval dirigibles and airplanes are increasing in numbers. Mining

and netting operations are very extensive.

The naval reserve forces manning the coast patrol operations have had more than a year to perfect the offshore and inshore defenses against the submarine.

These men of "N. R. F.", sometimes jokingly referred to by other branches of the service as the "Never Reach Beach" men, now have the same opportunity to distinguish themselves as the hard-working seamen in the British navy trawler and motor launch service have had. The navy department believes they will give just as good an account of themselves.



NIGHT SORTIE CARRIED OUT BY INFANTRY GROUPS AT CAMP DEVENS

CAMP DEVENS, June 6.—With faces blackened, creeping inch by inch on their stomachs, while above their heads rockets broke and Allied "No Man's Land" with a ghastly light, 150 men of the two infantry brigades in camp struggled last night to outmaneuver each other and force their opponents to such a position that they would be obliged to surrender or become "casualties."

The intelligence sections of the 301st and 402d Infantry regiments under Lieuts. Henry and Whelan opposed the intelligence sections of the 303d and 304th Infantry regiments under Lieuts. Ward and Fernberger. It was the first time flares and rockets have been used in a night "engagement" here.

would take the shape of one of the Kaiser's iron crosses. Then they stripped him and gave him a thorough scrubbing under a shower bath. Afterward they decorated his body with streaks of yellow, for which they used iodine.

All agree they were careful not to do Quinn bodily harm.

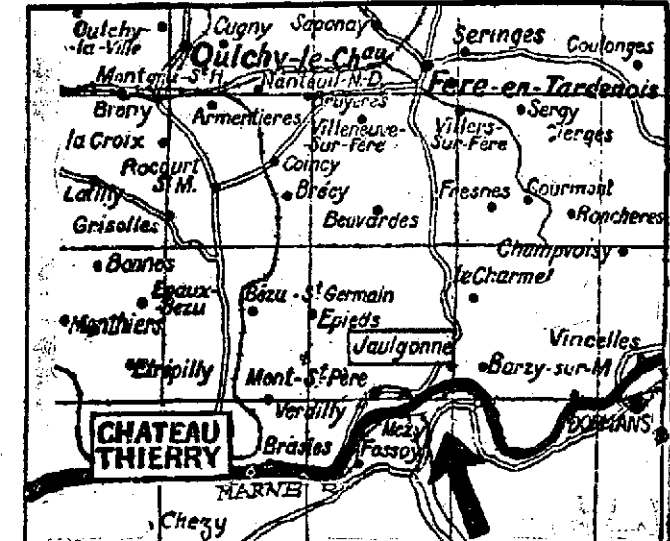
Another man sent to the conscientious objectors' company yesterday is Matthew A. Avodestan, who gives his address as 18 Oak street, Worcester. He came here April 20 and finally landed in the enemy alien company, but on objecting to this was yesterday transferred to the 33d Company.

5000 Aliens to Become Citizens

Arthur D. Grandison, clerk of the United States district court at Boston, is here supervising preliminary naturalization work. It was stated yesterday that there are nearly 5000 aliens in this camp to be naturalized.

They are busy filing their preliminary papers now at the rate of about 700 a day. Everything is being done to add them in becoming citizens of the country whose uniform they wear.

There are no fees attached to their naturalization, and no first papers showing length of residence is required of them. When all the preliminary work is over a federal judge, or maybe two or three, will come to camp and administer the oath of allegiance. This promises to be an extremely impressive ceremony.



AMERICAN TROOPS DRIVE HUNS ACROSS MARNE

Gen. Foch has thrown American reserves into the great second battle of the Marne.

United States troops on Tuesday attacked a German force which crossed the Marne south of Jaulgonne (indicated by the arrow on the map), and after a short but fierce fight threw them back across the stream and destroyed the bridges.

It was the first time the Germans had attempted to force a crossing of the famous river since the start of their drive, and America is to be congratulated that it was her own soldiers who frustrated the enemy.

The Americans captured 100 prisoners in the battle. They are also taking part in the Marne battle at Neuilly wood, according to the announcement of the French war office.

SUIT OF HAMPDEN R. R. AGAINST B. & M.

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Testimony tending to show the close relationship between the Hampden Railroad corporation and the Boston & Maine Railroad Co. during the construction of the Hampden road, was given in superior court today by four former directors of the Boston & Maine, who were called by the plaintiff in the suit of the Hampden corporation to recover a constitutional account of \$1,000,000 from the Boston & Maine.

These directors were Robert M. Burnett, of Southboro; William B. Greene, Frederick C. Dumaine, and James M. Prendergast, all of Boston. It was testified that the proposed lease of the Hampden road by the Boston & Maine as well as track and rights of the latter over the Hampden line, were discussed in the directors' meetings.

Smith said efforts would be made to have his committee take up the bill without delay.

Mr. Hoover explained his position in a statement made public last night along with his letter to Senator Shepard. He said that "if the American people want prohibition they should prohibit by legislation to that end and not force the food administration to the responsibility for an orgy of drunkenness."

HOOPER OPPOSED TO BAN ON BEER

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Administration opposition to any attempt to stop the manufacture of beer and wine so long as the sale of whiskey is permitted was made certain yesterday with the announcement that Food Administrator Hoover opposed such a step, because he believed the evils attendant upon putting the nation on a "whiskey, brandy and gin" basis would far outweigh the small food savings that would result.

President Wilson already had stated in a letter to Senator Sheppard of Texas, prohibition champion, that he would not use his power to prohibit the use of foodstuffs in beer and wine unless Mr. Hoover regarded such a step necessary to the feeding of this country and the allies.

After the position of the president and the food administrator had been made known, Senator Sheppard and other senators said the senate would strike from the \$11,000,000 emergency agricultural bill a house amendment prohibiting the use of some \$6,000,000 carried by the measure unless manufacture of wine and beer was stopped by the president.

Senator Smith of South Carolina, chairman of the agriculture committee, upon his return to Washington last night, said he was inclined to support the amendment because a very small proportion of grain is being used in the production of alcoholic liquors since the distilling of whiskey was stopped last September. Senator

ENGLAND THREATENS TO MAKE REPRISALS

LONDON, June 6.—(British Admiralty per Wireless Press)—The sentence passed by a German court-martial in March on several British officers who were prisoners of war at Clausen had called from the British government a definite threat of reprisals. The following announcement was made on the subject in the house of commons:

"In the opinion of his majesty's government the sentence of seven months' imprisonment passed by the German authorities on these officers for an action which was incidental to an attempt to escape is in direct contravention of Paragraph 16 of The Hague agreement."

The Netherlands minister at Berlin has been requested to take any action possible to secure a reduction of the sentences and to inform the German government that his majesty's government will be forced to interpret this paragraph in a manner similar to that in which it has been interpreted by the German authorities in this case unless the latter gives an assurance that such breaches of the agreement shall not recur."

WOULD INCREASE SALARY OF ALL FEDERAL JUDGES

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Salaries of judges of state courts in many localities have been increased more rapidly than those of federal judges, with the result that men of high talent are attracted more readily to the state benches, according to a report today by the house judiciary committee recommending a bill to increase the salaries of all United States district and circuit judges.

"It was shown to the judiciary committee that in recent years a number of able and efficient judges were compelled to leave the bench because their salaries were insufficient to maintain their families," declared Representative Steele of Pennsylvania in the report.

"Many judges remain on the bench at great financial sacrifice, simply because of their devotion to their judicial duties and the honor of their judicial position."

"LIGHTS OUT" STILL IN FORCE IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, June 5.—Aviators who may have observed the effect of dimming the sky glare over New York city on Tuesday night and again last night, have recommended to the police department that further tests be made, and as a result the order for darkening the city will remain in effect to night, and perhaps for many nights thereafter.

Viewing New York from a distance it was found that the glare had been largely eliminated and that particular points could not be distinguished.

When observers got over the city, however, they were able to trace its arteries with ease. The East river bridge stood out in strong relief with its framework and towers fully revealed.

The present salary of United States district judges is \$6000 a year and of circuit judges \$7000. The bill would increase the minimum salary of district judges to \$6500 a year and provides a

The Royal Store
Corner Middlesex and King Sts.

BIG CUT PRICE SALE

Compare Our Prices With Those of Your Furnisher

HOSIERY

Men's Black, Brown and Palm Beach Hose, worth 30c, for 19c
Pure Silk Hose, black or gray, worth 45c, for 29c
Shaw Knit Silk Hose, all shades, worth 50c, for 33c

HATS and CAPS

\$3.00 Straw Hais for 98c
\$1.00 Tailor Made Caps for 59c
\$2.00 Soft Hats for 98c
15c Black Shop Caps for 8c

SHIRTS

Good Summer Shirts, coat style, worth \$1.00, for 69c
Big Lot of Soft Shirts, worth \$1.50, for 75c
Men's Dress Shirts, pretty designs, soft or stiff cuff, worth \$1.50, for 98c
Black Working Shirts, worth \$1.15, for 85c
Blue Working Shirts, worth \$1.00, for 85c

UNDERWEAR

Shirts and Drawers, men's size, worth 50c, for 39c
Men's Athletic Jersey Undershirts, worth 50c, for 19c
Men's Ribbed Union Suits, worth \$1.00, for 69c
R. E. G. Summer Union Suits, worth \$1.15, for 69c
50 Dozen Lot of Fancy Suspenders, worth 50c, for 23c
Men's Pad Garters, worth 15c, for 8c
Men's Silk Pad Garters, worth 25c, for 17c
Double Grip Garters, worth 35c, for 19c
Pretty Designs of Silk Neckwear, worth 65c, for 39c
Bat Ties, pure silk, worth 25c, for 17c

The Royal Store
373 MIDDLESEX ST., COR. KING ST.

EXPECT FOURTH GERMAN DRIVE TO BE AGAINST AMERICANS AT TOUL

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Demonstrations in force against new portions of the western front are expected by war department officials, now that the German third drive has been slowed down to a struggle for improvement of local positions west and south of Soissons. Increased activity in front of the American sector northwest of Toul may indicate an impending blow there.

The conclusion is based on the opinion strongly held by some officers that the drive was designed to draw off reserves from the Amiens and Flanders sectors. An attack on the American sector in such strength as to drive the line back it is argued, might hamper General Foch in his employment of American units to support his lines in Flanders, Flanders and the Aisne regions.

Officers regard the fact that no new blow has been struck at the Amiens front as conclusive evidence that General Foch outkissed his opponents when he determined to let Aisne front stand on its own strength, even at the cost of much territory overrun by the

enemy, until he could assemble additional units from scattered points along the line beyond Rheims. The very success of the Germans in pressing on to the banks of the Marne, it was argued, meant that Foch was resolved not to weaken his lines to the north.

Observers here believe the great battle is certain to be fought out on the original sector selected by the Germans for their supreme effort. They believe also that General Foch will not be in a position to wrest the initiative from the enemy until American strength has become available to him in great force. They therefore do not look for any extensive counter-offensive for months to come.

The critical battle, the final German effort to break through to the channel coast, will be fought, officers believe, before General Foch finds himself able to turn the tables on the enemy and to begin the job they are now doing.

Another thing that must be faced is the bombarding of undefended coast resorts.

An American army cook in France recently baked a ton of foot powder into bread, mistaking it for flour,

The number of words found in old English literature does not exceed 20,000; recent dictionaries have listed more than 400,000.

CHARGE UNFIT MEAT SOLD FOR ARMY

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Further evidence of the sale or offering for sale of unfit meat for the army has been discovered by the federal trade commission. W. T. Chantland, chief examiner, declared today, when representatives of Wilson & Co., Chicago packers appeared to deny charges that they had sold unfit meat.

Representatives of Wilson & Co. asked for an early hearing on the charges made in a complaint which the commission had filed against them.

"We cannot proceed to a hearing immediately," said Mr. Chantland, "because other substantial instances are under investigation."

"I think I am justified in saying that they are vicious and should be considered in this case. They go to the very root of the indicated defense of Wilson & Co., that the instances cited in the complaint were sporadic and occurred through oversight."

It was decided to begin the hearings asked for June 19.

U-BOAT CREW BRUTAL

Take Drinking Water, Mast and Oars From Lifeboat

LONDON, June 6.—The crew of a German submarine was brutal in its treatment of the crew of the Glasgow steamer *Ellington*, sunk some days ago. The British captain returned the gunfire until his ammunition was gone and then abandoned the vessel, which the submarine crew boarded and sunk by bombs. The captain was taken prisoner on board the U-boat.

The drinking water in one of the lifeboats was removed and the Germans also took the mast, sails and all the oars except two, leaving the British to find land as best they could. The other lifeboat, which was not molested, was picked up by a schooner near Las Palmas, Canary islands. The first lifeboat suffered great hardships and did not reach Las Palmas until nine days after the other boat.

HEAVY SACRIFICES

Before Decisive Blow, Says German Leader in Reichstag

AMSTERDAM, June 6.—Heavy sacrifices are needed, but the German government hopes that a decisive blow will soon be made against the allies, according to the speech of Dr. H. S. Paasche, the vice president, in opening the reichstag meeting Tuesday. Referring to the performance of the German troops in the west, he said:

"Our iron will is moving forward to the astonishment of the world. Our victorious troops have reached the Marne, whence at the beginning of the war they retired to defensive positions, not conquered by the power of the enemy, but forced by circumstances. We no longer need to fear such a retreat. The Marne will not again form a turning point, now that we have a free hand in the east."

"Heavy sacrifices certainly are necessary, but the nation knows that we

MAYOR HAS POWER TO APPOINT ENGINEER

According to a legislative act of 1918 Mayor Perry D. Thompson has the full power to appoint a city engineer pro-tem. To fill the vacancy created by the enlistment of City Engineer Stephen Kearney in the engineers' reserve corps, but it is understood that the mayor will not take it upon himself to make such a choice, but will leave the matter in the hands of the council.

Chapter 153 of the acts of 1918 states that the mayor or chairman of a board of selectmen has the power to fill temporarily a position made vacant by the enlistment in the army of a city official until such time as that official returns to his position. The mayor knows about this legislative act and could at once under its provisions appoint Engineer Bartlett, who seems to be the choice of the majority of the council, to the position, but he feels that the matter should be handled by a majority of the municipal council and therefore refuses to make any appointment.

IN HIDING TWO YEARS

Two London Boys Stay in Bedroom to Avoid Service

LONDON, May 26. (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—In an effort to avoid military service, Arthur and William Webb, brothers, spent every day of the last two years in a bedroom at their home. This fact became known recently at Enfield, a suburb of London, when they were arrested for desertion. They used the bedroom as a hiding place during the day, going out for exercise only at night.

POLICE REQUESTED TO KEEP AN EYE ON THE FLOWER BEDS

The superintendent of parks has requested the police to keep an eye on the flower beds at Fort Hill park and to place under arrest anyone found stealing flowers or tramping on the beds. For the past few days it has been noticed that the flower beds were being tramped over by adults and that numerous flowers were being carried away. An effort will be made to put a stop to this nefarious work.

CIRCUS PEOPLE PAY \$350 FOR USE OF THE FAIR GROUNDS TODAY

The Barnum & Bailey circus officials this morning paid over to the superintendent of parks the sum of \$350 for the use of the Fair Grounds for this afternoon and this evening's performance. The superintendent of parks had asked a fee of \$500 for the use of the land, but the circus officials thought the price exorbitant. A compromise

was reached this morning, however, and the city is in \$350.

Infant Mortality

Lowell has climbed from seventh to second place on the list of infant mortalities published by the federal bureau of census. The average for the week ending June 1 was 25.2, while the averages of other cities were as follows: Syracuse, 24.7; Milwaukee, 23.4; Newark, 22.8; Buffalo, 22.5; Fall River, 20.8. The lowest on the list is Nashville, with an average of 4.4, while the average of the 46 cities on the list is 14.5.

IN POLICE COURT TODAY

Michael J. Lallas was charged with a violation of the city ordinance, it being alleged that he used his automobile for a jitney without having a license to do so. During the course of the hearing it was brought out that the defendant had used his machine for hire but not at the time specified in the complaint. The court, after warning the offender, ordered his discharge.

Abram and Barney Dinnerman were charged with receiving property and by agreement their cases were continued until June 12, each being held under \$200 bonds. It is alleged that the Dinnermans purchased brass which had been stolen from the United States Cartridge Co.

In the case of Roderick Chisholm, charged with assault and battery on Israel Lightman, the government's side of the case was presented after which the hearing was continued until June 8.

John J. Slack, charged with being drunk, was ordered to pay a fine of \$15 and two simple drunks were released.

CONVERT GERMANS

British Labor Ready to Confer But Not Negotiate

LONDON, June 6.—"We are willing to confer, but not to negotiate with German labor," says Arthur Henderson, labor leader in the house of commons, in a statement referring to an announcement made by Chester M. Wright, a member of the American labor mission which visited England, which implied that the policy of Mr. Henderson and his party had been radically modified, especially regarding the question of a conference between the allied and German workers.

"We seek to unite the German people with us in an effort to overthrow militarism and imperialism, which is as much their enemy as it is ours," the statement continues.

"It is imperative that the German people should be made to realize in a face-to-face talk with representatives of the free democracies of the west that we will not submit to a German victory like that imposed on Russia, Ukraine, Rumania and Finland."

"If we cannot convince them that the triumph of their militarists and imperialists will permanently fasten upon the democratic nations, not excepting the peoples of the central empires themselves, the awful burden of armaments and compulsory service. There opens up a vista of unending war until civilization itself collapses."

"It is our duty to declare to the German people that Germany's military success only postpones the possibility of world peace. We seek, by argument as well as by sustained and resolute resistance in the field, to bring them into line with us in our effort

and forever the rule of force in international affairs."

"Were we convinced that President Wilson's idealism would be obtainable only by fighting, we would fight rather than accept a dictated German peace. We are not so convinced. There have been already informal conversations and conferences, secret, not open, and British labor believes that the representatives of the common people will seek every opportunity of settling the issues involved on the basis of a people's peace."

MATRIMONIAL

James Henry Sharkey and Blanche Jarecunda Duplessis were married yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, the ceremony being performed at the immaculate Conception rectory by the pastor, Rev. Lawrence F. Tighe, O.M.I. The bride wore taupe pussy willow tulle and carried bridal roses. She was attended by Anna E. Duplessis, who was attired in silver grey gown and carried pink roses. The best man was John P. Sharkey. The bride's gift to the bridesmaid was a sapphire ring. While the groom's favor to the best man was a pair of gold cuff links. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, 301 Concord street and present were friends and relatives from Boston, Providence, R. I. and other places. The happy couple, who were the recipients of numerous wedding gifts left on a honeymoon trip to Providence, R. I. and other points of interest and after July 4 they will make their home in this city.

Nebes-Skidmore
William Nebes and Luella B. Skidmore were married at the Highland M. E. church last evening, the officiating clergyman being Rev. O. W. Hutchinson. The couple were unattended. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the groom's parents, 743 Chelmsford street.

Murray-Greeley

Bartholomew Murray and Elizabeth Greeley were married yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at St. Michael's rectory by Rev. James Lynch. The bride was attired in crepe de chine with pearl trimmings and carried Killarney roses. She was attended by Elizabeth Logan, who wore blue silk and carried pink Killarney roses. The best man was Joseph J. Foley. The bride's gift to the bridesmaid was a sapphire ring, while the groom's favor to the best man was a gold watch chain. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride and later the happy couple left on an extended wedding trip and after their return they will make their home at 102 Lilley avenue.

Brassill-McCann

A very pretty wedding took place Wednesday afternoon at St. Michael's rectory, when Mary Estelle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James I. McCann of this city, and Dr. Timothy P. Brassill of Cambridge, were united in the bonds of matrimony, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Francis J. Mullen. The bride, charmingly attired in a gown of white duchess satin and georgette crepe and a veil caught with lilies-of-the-valley and orange blossoms, was attended by her sister, Margaret E. McCann, who wore a gown of white georgette crepe and pale blue satin, and a garden hat of leghorn with georgette crepe facings. The bride carried a shower bouquet of lilies-of-the-valley, while the bridesmaid carried a bouquet of pink and white tulips. The best man was Charles A. Houlahan of Cambridge, Mass. After

the ceremony, a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 186 Aiken avenue, where dinner was served to the immediate families. The wedding gifts were numerous and beautiful, showing the esteem in which the happy couple are held by their many friends. Dr. and Mrs. Brassill left on an extended honeymoon to the White mountains and Canada, and will be at home to their friends at 297 Broadway, Cambridge, Mass., after October 1.

VICTORY GARDEN IN LOWELL

Up to date 277 garden lots have been assigned by the war garden committee and there still remain a few wood lots in various parts of the city. The committee also wishes to announce that in the event of more people wanting lots it has on hand large tracts of land, which can readily be plowed and harrowed and put in shape for planting. It is still time to plant potatoes and beans and a few other vegetables, but the planting time is quickly coming to a close and those who would like to do a little gardening and have not yet been assigned lots had better hurry.

The lots assigned to the present time are as follows: Emery land, 79; Ayer land, 31; Chase land, 6; Textile school land, 18; Andover street, 19; Bartlett lot, 11; Middlesex Village, 21; Marginal street, 3; McIntyre land, 13; Stevens street, 15; Thirteenth street, 3; Beacon street, 5; Mt. Pleasant street, 7; Lowell street, 7; Fair grounds, 18; Saratoga street, 2; South Lowell, 8 and Rutherford street, 5.

It has been noticed that the potato bugs have made their appearance and the committee recommends that immediate preparations be taken to rid the gardens of this pest. Arsenate of lead applied while the sun is shining is considered one of the best anti-bug preparations. The committee has a small quantity of this poison on hand and it will dispose of it by giving it at cost price to people whose gardens are infected.

ITALIANS ARE JUBILANT OVER AMERICAN AID

By Associated Press

HEADQUARTERS ITALIAN ARMY
(By Mail).—Arrival of relief from America through the Red Cross agents behind the Italian front along the Piave river, which section is filled with refugees from the regions invaded by Teutonic troops, is greeted with evidences of fervent gratitude and jubilation. This is true not only because of the actual gifts in money, food and clothing but because it signifies to the Italians the fact that America is standing behind them in their long conflict with the Austrian invaders.

The aged priest at Castello di Godega was so overcome by the unexpected donation from America that he threw up his arms, knelt in prayer and exclaimed, "It is a gift direct from heaven."

Wherever the Red Cross workers have distributed their relief, the mayor and local committee directed the succored families of that commune to write to the soldiers at the front and tell them what America has done. The

work of the Americans was extolled and the people were told that the United States was thus co-operating in close and practical accord with Italy.

In some cases huge posters have appeared on the town walls with a proclamation by the mayor announcing what America was doing.

The misery which prevails among the refugees in the provinces of Treviso, Venezia and Padua is most distressing. Stopping at the little town of Riese, in a town of this section, there was a chance to see one of these communities of refugees in all its misery. It is a strange community which has migrated as a whole from its former home at Vidor, now held by the enemy, to its present habitation of Riese. Vidor is the village on the east bank of the Piave which was occupied by General von Buelow and his German troops, and when they came these townspeople, with only the clothes on their backs and a few household belongings, fled across the Piave and settled down here. Most of the refugees have scattered all over Italy, but this is one of the few towns that has held together in its flight.

The parish priest led the way as the Red Cross workers went on a round of inspection to see just how these people were living. The mayor and the parish priest are usually consulted on this work, the latter because he is in touch with all the troubles. Most of the people are religious, but even those who are not get religious when they are in trouble, and everyone is in trouble here. They all knew him, and he made his way through crowds of ragged children and the choked alleys of what would have been a concentration camp if it had been organized, but being unorganized was only a vast hive of refugees in their misery.

In one room about 15 feet square 25 people were sleeping on straw bunks over the earthen floor. The place was stuffed with soiled garments, the pitiful remnants of what these occupants possessed, and reeked with vermin. Across the court there was a smaller room where 15 were sleeping, and in another eight all huddled together on the straw, women, children, babies, and their rats. All the outcasts, hags, grain lofts, were utilized for sleeping quarters. There were few men, for all the men have gone to the war, except the very old and very young.

Many of the women were very old, with wizened, hungry faces like witches. A number of the women carried babies, and all of them were trailed by large broods of children. All these people had lost everything. Their clothes were in rags. Underclothes and stockings had long ago disappeared. Even the consolation of work was denied to these people, for there was nothing for them to do here, and they stood about with their crowds of children and babies, fighting to keep off hunger and typhoid, and helpless in their misery.

As a result of the inspection the Red Cross has started the work of ameliorating this condition, providing suitable sleeping quarters, with sanitation and the nucleus of a hospital for the growing sick list.

The secretary of the Loria municipality said all the barns, there were fairly packed with people, thirty or more to every barn, filling the stalls and lofts. The mayor of Castello di Godega said the spirit of the farm people was showing remarkable fortitude in spite of the troubles they were encountering. "They are going to carry on their May planting as usual," he said, "gathering the spring clover and then putting in corn."

MILE AND A HALF OF WOODLAND BURNED

LUBEC, Me., June 6.—A fire in the slash left by the operations of the Coast Lumber Co. about midway of Campobello island in New Brunswick, which started Tuesday night, had spread over a section of woodland about a mile long and half a mile wide today, but had caused no material damage.

A number of summer cottages are located at Weispool, including the summer home of Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, but the fire had not approached within three-quarters of a mile of them.

TROLLEY STRIKE HITS MUNITION PLANTS

NEWARK, N. J., June 6.—Trolley service in Newark, Jersey City, Paterson, Passaic, New Brunswick, Plainfield and West Hoboken was curtailed today by a strike. The men demanded 45 cents an hour and 55 cents an hour for overtime. The company offered a sliding scale of 30 to 40 cents an hour, and guaranteed a minimum wage of \$17.50 per week.

Sixty-six women conductors who were to have started to work on several Newark lines were held back, officials of the company deciding that they did not want to have women classed as strike breakers.

PAINTING OUT THE WHITE POSTS

Painters in the employ of the Bay State Street Railway Co. are busily engaged in painting out "white" poles and designating new stopping places along the various routes. When the work is completed it is estimated that the number of stopping places will be reduced about one-third. This action was taken at the suggestion of the fuel commissioner for the purpose of conserving coal.

Many patrons of the road have already started to raise objections, especially those who have to walk a little farther to board a car and also after leaving it. It would seem that a little better judgment might have been used in the relocation of some of these "white" poles, and it is expected that later on a few changes may be made.

On the former "white" poles are cards stating that the pole is no longer a stopping place and a request to walk to the nearest "white" pole.

Thunder has never heard more than 10 miles from the flash of lightning. The report of artillery has reached much greater distances. The cannon, adding at the battle of Waterloo was heard at the town of Creil, in the north of France about 115 miles from the field.

BIG CLEAN-UP SHOE SALE

Patria Shoe Store

194 MERRIMACK STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Ryan Sales Co. OF BOSTON

Patria Shoe Store

194 MERRIMACK STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

ALL THE SURPLUS STOCK, ODD LOTS AND DISCONTINUED LINES OF MEN'S, WOMEN'S, MISSES', CHILDREN'S, BOYS' AND LITTLE MEN'S SHOES, FROM 11 OF OUR BIG STORES AT PRICES NEVER BEFORE HEARD OF

Large Lot Women's Fine White Canvas, Lace Boots and Slippers—

\$1.59

Large Lot of Women's Shoes— all styles, values up to \$6.00. Displayed on tables, at

\$2.99

312 Pairs Girls' Patent Strap Pumps, on tables.

\$1.49

Men's Very Good Quality Work Shoes, made from heavy grain leather,

\$2.89

432 Pairs of Infants' Kid Soft Sole Shoes, all colors and sizes, value 75c.

25c

Men's, Boys', Women's and Girls' Tennis Shoes, very high quality White Shoes.

89c

Children's School Shoes, made of Gun Metal and Patent Cloth Top, fine quality.

\$1.69

Children's White Canvas Mary Jane Pumps.

99c

This is positively a Real Saving Sale, offering you High Value Shoes at VERY LOW PRICES.

Shoes are Going Higher in Price Every Day. PREPARE FOR THE FUTURE NOW!

SALES PEOPLE WANTED— 25 Sales People, Women and Girls, Experience Not Necessary.

APPLY TO MRS. RYAN

Don't miss this great opportunity to buy your shoes even for a long time to come. M. E. RYAN.

Girls' White Canvas Mary Jane Pumps, rubber soles, value \$1.00.

59c

Men's and Boys' Tan Scout Shoes, made from British Army leather skirtings.

\$1.99

Children's Flexible Black and Brown Kid Shoes, displayed on tables.

89c

Various Styles and Kinds of Women's Boots; Values up to \$10.00.

\$4.89

Men's Tan and Black Calf Good-year Shoes, all styles and values up to \$7.00. At this sale

\$3.39

Large Lot of Men's and Women's White Sneakers, extra quality.

49c

Large Lot of Women's Extra Wearing High Cut Canvas Boots, with rubber soles.

\$1.59

Men's Palm Beach Sport Oxfords, very comfortable.

\$1.79

194
MERRIMACK ST.,
Lowell, Mass.

PATRIA SHOE STORE

RYAN SALES CO.,
Boston, Mass.

SALE OPENS FRIDAY, JUNE 7th

STORE CLOSED TODAY

10
STEAMER DODGED 15
SHOTS FROM U-BOAT

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The story of the captain of the French tanker Radioline, attacked by a submarine off the Maryland coast reached the navy department yesterday, showing that the raider had fired 16 shots at the Frenchman from long range before an American destroyer answering a "S. O. S." appeared.

The destroyer passed full speed ahead toward the enemy, which promptly submerged. When the destroyer reached the spot where the U-boat had disappeared the Radioline was too far away to see what happened. None of the shots hit the tanker and three which she fired at the raider went over.

Following is the navy department summary of the Frenchman's story:

"The submarine was so big that at first the lookout thought it was an American destroyer. He was about six miles distant from the Radioline. The submarine when sighted lay about two lengths from a three-masted sailing ship (probably the schooner Edward R. Baird, Jr.), which later was reported to be a destroyer. But the captain with his glasses recognized it as a submarine. The captain was in doubt as to the nationality, so did not fire, but manned his guns. He changed his course from east to west and the submarine opened fire, but the Frenchman still held his fire until the submarine fired the second time. Then he fired a range about 12,000 metres (about 13,000 yards).

"The French ship fired in all three shots. He kept a direct course and did not zig-zag. The submarine fired between 15 and 20 shots. The Frenchman heard 20 shots about 15 minutes before he sighted the submarine. He believes that these were fired to stop the sailing ship.

"The submarine lay broadside to the Radioline when the captain sighted it. Apparently some one from the submarine was on board the sailing ship. Whether or not their boarding party was taking stores he was uncertain. At no time was the submarine closer than six miles to the Radioline. The Radioline was making good speed while getting away. No shots hit her. No damage was done and there were no casualties.

"No flag was visible on the submarine. Before the Radioline fired she hoisted the French colors. The schooner mentioned was a three-masted schooner with all sails set. No flags were discernible, therefore the name and nationality were unknown to the Radioline.

"At 9:15 a. m. June 4, the Radioline saw an English smokebox drift, and later passed a large quantity of wreckage. At 1:40 p. m. he heard three shots at the head and to the northward of his position. He heard one more shot at 2:05 p. m. and one more shot at 2:15. At 7:15 a. m. apparently the time when he sighted the submarine, he sent an "S. O. S." and shortly afterwards another unknown source "OK, S. O. S." At 1:55 a. m. he sighted a destroyer. "The destroyer passed the Radioline at 8:10, making all speed heading in the direction of the submarine. Apparently the destroyer did not see the submarine until the Radioline changed course to starboard, as the captain of the Radioline purposely kept between the submarine and the destroyer so the submarine would not see the destroyer. "As soon as the submarine saw the destroyer he submerged. The captain did not see the submarine again and is unable to tell what the destroyer did because the Radioline was too far away where the destroyer reached the spot where the submarine disappeared."

U-BOATS SINK TWO ST. JOHNS VESSELS

ST. JOHNS, N. F., June 6.—The bark Attila and the schooner Ruth Hickman, both of St. Johns, were reported last night torpedoed by German submarines while on a passage from Gibraltar to this port. The crews were saved. Both craft were sail laden.

34 NAMES ON TODAY'S U. S. CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The army casualty list today contained 34 names divided as follows:

Killed in action, seven; died of wounds, three; died of accident, three; died of disease, four; wounded severely, twelve; wounded, degree undetermined, one; wounded slightly, three; missing in action, one.

The list:

Killed in Action
Corp. Wm. H. DeLaney, Troy, N. Y.
Corp. Wm. F. DeLaney, Oxford, Cal.
Priv. Roy H. Eaton, Omaha, Neb.
Pr. Richard Ellis, Joliet, Ill.
Pr. Chas. P. Kirby, Wapperehollow, Mo.
Pr. Carl A. Parr, Nicholson, Pa.
Pr. August Schuster, Erie, Pa.

Died of Wounds
Lt. A. P. H. Sage, Memphis, Tenn.
Corp. S. C. Eichhor, Elmore, Minn.
Pr. Arnie Swann, Herbert, Sask., Can.

Died of Disease
Corp. Carl H. Bartlett, Dundee, Ill.
Pr. James T. Baker, New York, N. Y.
Pr. Walter Green, Homerville, Ga.
Pr. David Stromberg, Chicago.

Died of Accident
Wag. W. E. Wilhelm, Woodlawn, N. Y.
Pr. Thos. A. Price, Nevada, Mo.
Pr. Jewel Reid, La Grange, Ga.

Wounded Severely
Lt. Willard D. Hill, Cleburne, Tex.
Lt. B. C. Wolcott, Binghamton, N. Y.
Ser. Chas. J. Jernall, Florida, Ill.
Pr. V. E. Berard, Greer, S. D.
Pr. Neil E. Sullivan, Minto, Ont.
Pr. Michael Gatta, Revere, Mass.
Pr. Harry M. Hubbard, Solway, N. Y.
Pr. Berle Lott, Butler, Mo.
Pr. Wm. Martineck, Plainfield, N. J.
Pr. Michael Mazzoni, Boston.
Pr. John H. Spile, Wrightsville, Pa.
Pr. Louis P. Triad, Waterville, Me.

Wounded, Degree Undetermined
Pr. Lee R. Irish, Indianapolis.

Wounded Slightly
Pr. Samuel C. Anglin, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Pr. Raleigh Knorr, Polson, Mont.
Pr. Horace S. Swickard, Toronto, O.

Missing in Action
Priv. Geo. McDonald, Roxbury, Mass.

Previously reported missing, now officially presumed to be dead, Priv. Alphonsus J. McGrath, Chestnut Hill, Mass.

Bright, Sears & Co.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

GERMAN YOUTH NO LONGER RUSHING TO THE COLORS—INCREASE IN CRIME

WASHINGTON, June 6.—German youth no longer rush to the colors with the enthusiasm that marked the mobilization of 1914, according to an article in the Berlin Vossische Zeitung, telling of the wartime impairment of the German educational system.

"The spirit of voluntary service which at the beginning of the war revealed itself in its fullest aspect has now disappeared," says the article. "Everywhere we hear lamentations over the increasing distaste shown for military service."

Scholastic standards in the public school have fallen so low, it is said,

that "promotions no longer represent any definite standard of accomplishment." Scholastic efficiency has suffered considerably because pupils subsisting on war diets for long periods are found to be generally undernourished.

Juvenile delinquency has spread to an alarming extent, and it is announced that "already the number of violent crimes committed by youths in the city of Berlin is more than three times the number reported in 1914."

"Thus," concludes the article, "dark shadows are falling over the brilliant picture of 1914. Every disciplinary influence, every effort of the still fundamentally sound German nation must be exerted to oppose this tendency, and to lead the children back to the path of rectitude."



"PUTTING THE GRIN INTO THE FIGHT"
I'm goin' to take a little nap, Herb, wake me when it's my turn to load.



LET WAR GARDEN FEED FAMILY—SAVE SURPLUS

BY BIDDY BIE

Now is the season when the time, energy and money invested in the spring fervor of war gardening begins to pay dividends in fresh vegetables.

All the great companies of seeds planted in such military rows now appear in green uniformed regiments, enlisted for the service of the American woman's kitchen army. The commanders of the kitchen garden army have put in many hours of hoeing and weeding, so that now among the vegetables only the "select" are left, and ready to answer the call for table service in the battle of the garden to save the wheat, the meat, and the fats and sugars.

Vegetables and fruits are the natural summer foods, provided by nature in such abundance that even city-dwellers may have them in plenty at a low cost. For health and economy vegetables and fresh fruits should form the great bulk of the diet for at least six months of the year. In summer meat

should not be served more than three times a week, but every meal should include two or more vegetables, a green salad, and usually a fruit dessert. Milk, cheese, and eggs, in small amounts, will furnish the necessary heavier proteins of the summer diet, but patriotism and sense demand that all eat vegetables and more vegetables. By mid-June and early July, most of the war-garden plants will be in full production.

Such as are not in the family garden may be cheaply purchased at the market. For breakfast there is a delicious succession of berries, beginning with strawberries, and to the berries are added tart currants, ripe cherries, delicious rhubarb sauce, apricots, plums, pears, peaches and pineapples, with iced cantaloupes, incomparable breakfast, capping the climax of delectability.

For lunch and dinner follows all the train of varied and delicious vegetables, from the earliest crispness of radishes, lettuce, and young onions, the tonic bitter of spinach, Swiss chard, endive, dandelion greens down through all the delicate flavors of young peas, carrots, beets, string beans, lima beans, parsnips, turnips, tomatoes and sweet corn.

Just to call the roll of the war garden soldiers is inspiring to the appe-

lite of the ordinary person, and routes all the ambition of the cook.

Use the war gardens to the limit—for every pound of vegetables and fruit consumed saves its equivalent in wheat and meat for those who fight.

HIGH STREET CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH FAVORS UNION WITH UNITARIAN CHURCH

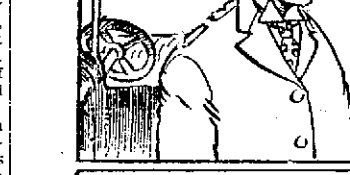
The church and society of the High Street Congregational church met last night for the purpose of taking action on the proposed union with the Unitarian church. There was a very large attendance and after considerable discussion a vote was taken which showed that there was a good sized majority in favor of the union. Later the meeting of the church members almost unanimously ratified the previous action of the business meeting.

The result of the action taken last night is final, as far as the members of the High Street church community are concerned, but the Unitarians have ample time to consider the union project, as a period of 60 days is given them in which to decide upon the action they desire to take.

The Unitarians will probably meet within the prescribed period allotted them, and upon the outcome of this meeting will depend the ratification or rejection of the union.

EVERETT TRUE

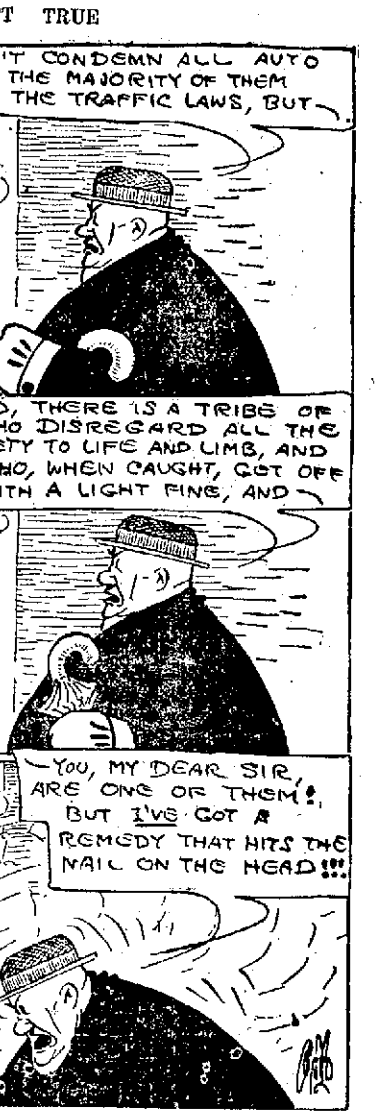
—OF COURSE, I DON'T CONDEMN ALL AUTO DRIVERS. IN FACT, THE MAJORITY OF THEM CAREFULLY OBSERVE THE TRAFFIC LAWS, BUT—



ON THE OTHER HAND, THERE IS A TRIBE OF SPEED MANIACS WHO DISREGARD ALL THE PRECAUTIONS OF SAFETY TO LIFE AND LIMB, AND WHO, WHEN CAUGHT, GET OFF WITH A LIGHT FINE, AND—



—YOU, MY DEAR SIR, ARE ONE OF THEM! BUT I'VE GOT A REMEDY THAT HITS THE NAIL ON THE HEAD!!!



DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

IT DIDN'T MAKE MUCH DIFFERENCE ABOUT TOM'S SLIPPERS

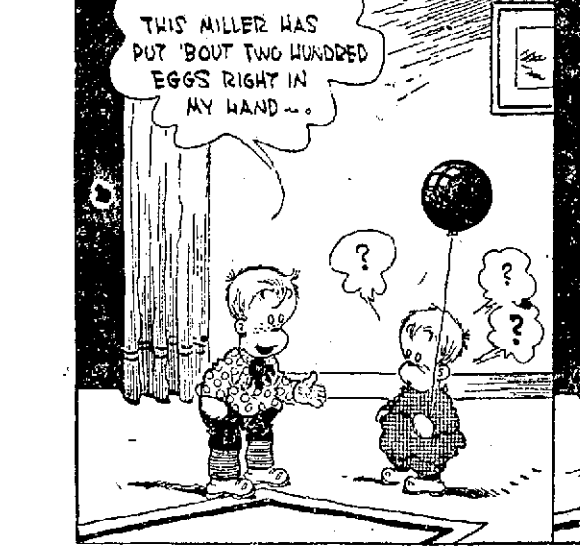
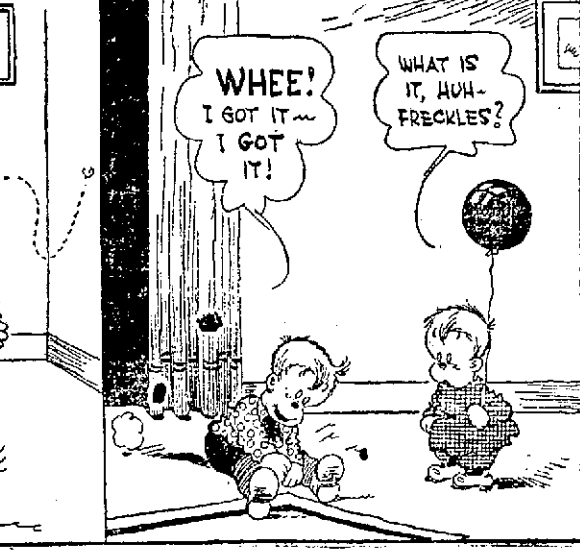
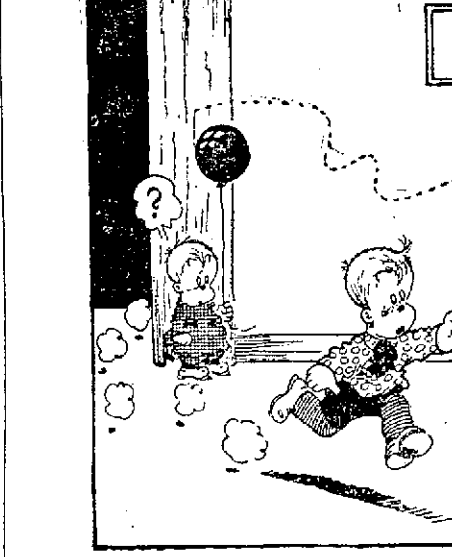
BY ALLMAN



FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

A HEN WOULD BE WORTH WHILE

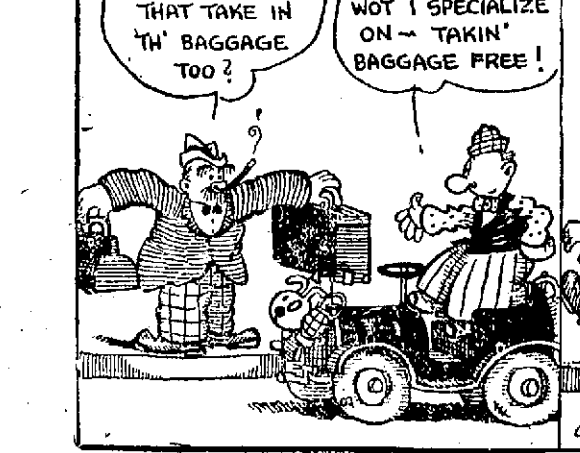
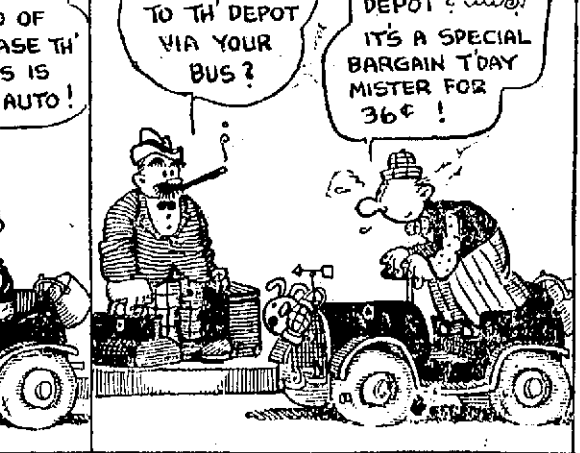
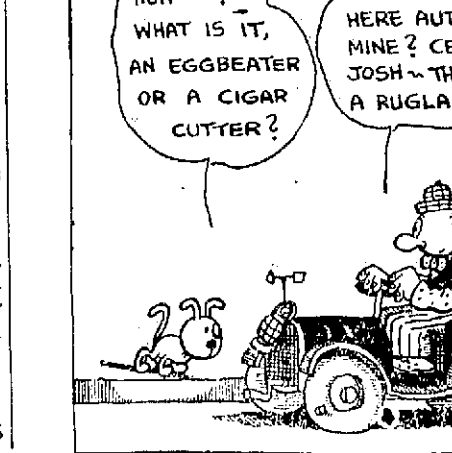
BY BLOSSER



SQUIRREL FOOD

BENNY WON'T HAVE MUCH USE FOR A CASH REGISTER

BY AHERN



PREDICTS USE OF SUBMARINE MERCHANT CRAFT BY ALLIES

LONDON, June 6.—The use of submarine merchant craft by the allies is predicted by Admiral Marquis of Milfordhaven, formerly first sea lord.

In a speech at Cambridge, Saturday, he predicted further development of "ocean out" or "ocean out" type of larger submarines, with much greater cruising radius.

Attendant Craft in Air

"Ultimately," he said, "we shall see submarine cruisers with heavy guns and torpedoes, protected by armor and with a surface speed equal to any existing surface craft. These new cruisers will require attendant vessels as eyes for offense and defense, the same as surface battle fleets have now, but these attendant craft will be in the air, not in the water.

"In the construction of the larger types of submarine cruisers the progress will not be confined by any means to the enemy navy. We shall keep pace.

Unsinkable Merchant Steamers

"Unsinkable or submersible merchant steamers, at least for certain essentials or valuable cargoes, appear to be inevitable for the future, notwithstanding the increased cost and the decreased cargo space."

for some time that German submarine commerce raiders would appear on the American coast.

In speaking of the possibility of this development they usually expressed entire confidence that the American naval forces would be able to deal adequately with the problem and that the venture would not prove very profitable to the Germans on the final balance sheet. It was even predicted that no single event would be likely so completely to rouse the spirit of determination to win the war in the American public as the appearance of the war on their own doorstep.

Comment on Raid Along U. S. Coast

The U-boat campaign off the United States cannot be kept up for any length of time, in the opinion of Archibald Hurd, the naval writer.

"The Diesel engine," he said, "gives a greatly increased radius of action to his submarines. But New York is easily 3500 miles from the nearest German base, and the return journey means a matter of 7000 miles, apart from the mileage involved in chasing merchantmen, so there is no reason to anticipate any such developments as have been seen in British waters and in the Mediterranean. The U-boats crossing the Atlantic must pass twice through the danger zone of patrols, aircraft and mines.

"As soon as aircraft of suitable types

THE ROUND-UP

(Cartoon by The Sun Artist.)



are available they can be used in escorting ships of the coast in association with such surface vessels as may be available, but I am afraid this method of hunting submarines will prove unproductive, for the simple reason that only the very largest are able to operate so far from German ports.

"They will probably best be combated in the narrow waters adjacent to Great Britain, through which all such raiders must pass, unless they issue from the Mediterranean, which is possible, though unlikely. The number of such large submarines the Germans can build and man is limited. The losses during the past six or seven weeks have exceeded the resources of the German yards.

"As the defense of the United States against the German high seas fleet is maintained in the North sea, as the Americans with rare and strategic instinct have recognized, so the most effective measures against the long-distance U-boats must be taken on this side by increasing the number of aerial and naval patrols and by further developing the mine fields in the North sea."

FUNERAL NOTICES

BOYLE—The funeral of Frank Boyle will take place on Friday morning at 8 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

HALL—Died in this city, June 5, at her home, 100 Willie street, Miss Betsy W. Hall, aged 24 years, 7 months, 15 days. Funeral services will be held from 100 Willie street, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend. Burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

O'HEARN—The funeral of Miss Mary A. O'Hearn will take place Saturday morning from her late home, 15 Bolton place, off Franklin street, at 8:15 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge.

SILK—Died in Palmer, Mass., June 5, Isaac P. Silk, aged 49 years, 5 mos., 24 days. Strictly private funeral services will be held from his home, 60 Cornhill street, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

FUNERALS

CONWAY—The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Conway took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from her late home, 245 Concord street, and was held in the Immaculate Conception church where at 9 o'clock a funeral mass was celebrated by the Rev. Owen P. McQuaid, O.M.I. Seated in the sanctuary was the Rev. Eugene Dorgan, O.M.I. There were several beautiful floral tributes and numerous spiritual bouquets. The bearers were: Messrs. William Kelley, Patrick Hickey, Thomas Scullion and Daniel Noylan. The burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, the communal prayers being read at the grave by the Rev. Owen P. McQuaid, O.M.I. The funeral was largely attended and under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

EMERY—The funeral of Daniel O. A. Emery was held from the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gottfried Emery, 235 Princeton street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. James Bancroft, rector of St. John's Episcopal church. The bearers were Richard T. Donoghue, Joseph L. Keefe, Elmer C. MacIntosh, Ernest Craig, Carl F. Turner and Cecil H. Gardner. Burial was in the family lot in the Westlawn cemetery, where the communal service was read by Rev. Mr. Bancroft. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MAGUIRE—The funeral of Michael Maguire took place this morning from his late home, 251 Christian street, at 8:15 o'clock and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. Michael's church where a high mass of requiem was celebrated at 9 o'clock by Rev. James Lynch. The choir sang the Gregorian mass, Miss Margaret Griffin and Mr. Thomas P. Boulger sustaining the solos. Miss Ella Riley presided at the

organ. There were many beautiful floral tributes and spiritual bouquets. The bearers were Thomas F. Joseph A. John J. Michael A. and John K. Maguire and Thomas Tanner. Interment was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Rev. James Lynch read the communal prayers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage was in charge of the funeral arrangements.

SANDERS—The funeral of Mrs. Ardelta J. Sanders was held from her home, 79 Methuen street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Benjamin R. Harris, formerly pastor of the Palmo Street Baptist church. Appropriate selections were sung by the following named quartet: Nathaniel W. Matthews, Jr., Earl Leadbetter, Belle T. Libby and Miss Ruth W. T. Dodge. The bearers were Ivan O. Small, Dr. Norman S. Phillips, John Perry and Leon E. Brown. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.



Smiling Faces—
Fresh, Dainty Frocks—
Mother's Electric Iron

Keeping the kiddies' dainty summer dresses looking fresh and neat is a hard task for mother at its best—but it is lightened a dozen-fold by the use of an Electric Iron.

With an Electric Iron on hand Mother can quickly smooth out the wrinkles and little daughter is almost instantly restored to her delightful freshness. No fussing with a dirty stove over a hot flame—just a quick, cool, easy pressing wherever there is a convenient Electric Light socket.

Are you prepared for summer's siege—with an Electric Iron? Get yours today.

Tel. 821

**UNITED STATES WAR
SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
AND THRIFT STAMPS**
On Sale at the Cashier's
Window

**The LOWELL ELECTRIC
LIGHT CORP.**
29-31 Market Street.

TITCOMB—The funeral of Luther C. Titcomb took place yesterday from his home in South Chelmsford. Rev. E. A. Robinson of South Chelmsford officiated. A delegation from the U.S.A.R. was present at the funeral. The bearers were William E. Dube, J. B. Emerson, A. H. Park and F. W. Park. The funeral was in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

DEATHS

HALL—Miss Betsy W. Hall died yesterday at the home of her parents, 100 Willie street, aged 24 years, 7 months and 15 days. She leaves, besides her parents, one sister, Mrs. John Goheen, one brother, Henry G. Hall, one half-brother and three half-sisters.

McCAFFREY—Ethel McCaffrey, aged 11 months, beloved daughter of Edward J. and Ethel Pierce McCaffrey, died last night in Pelham, N. H. The body was brought to this city and taken to the chapel of James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

O'NEIL—Mrs. Bridget O'Neil, a well known member of St. Margaret's parish, died last night at her home, 15 B street. She leaves two daughters, Mary A. O'Neil and Mrs. John Pyne; a son, Cornelius F. and a grandchild, all of this city.

O'HEARN—Miss Mary A. O'Hearn, a well known resident of St. Patrick's parish, died last night at her home, 15 Bolton place, off Franklin street. She is survived by a sister, Josephine, and two brothers, Cornelius and Francis J.

PARIS—Lillian, aged 1 year and 8 months, infant daughter of Joseph and Mathilde Paris, died last night at the home of her parents, 18 Ward street. Burial took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son.

SILK—Isaac P. Silk died in Palmer, Mass., Tuesday, aged 49 years and 5 months. He leaves his wife, Janet Silk; two sons, Adam and James P. Silk, and one daughter, Sadie A. Silk, all of this city.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's Associate bldg.

J. F. Donohue, 228 Hildreth bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

Mr. and Mrs. William Reife of 32 Third street are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy, born May 30th.

The many friends of First Class Private Thomas P. Sexton will be pleased to learn that he has arrived safely overseas, word having been received by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Sexton of 5 Ardell street.

Mayor and Mrs. Perry D. Thompson have been invited to attend the Film club basket picnic, which will be held at the studios of the Atlas Film Corp. at Newton Highlands next Saturday.

Frank Haggerty, formerly major of the O.M.I. Cadets, has been transferred from Camp Funston where he had been serving recently as a field clerk to Camp Union, according to a letter received from him by Rev. Denis A. Sullivan, O.M.I. of the Immaculate Conception church.

The committee in charge of the banquet to be tendered the grand chief ranger of Massachusetts Foresters of America met last night in Grafton hall and voted to hold the affair on Thursday evening, June 20, in the banquet hall in Odd Fellows building. The committee in charge of the tickets reported that they are now in the hands of the chairman, Francis J. Murphy, who will distribute them as a field clerk to the various courts upon application. At the meeting to be held Friday night the committee will name the speakers and also the invited guests.

FEAST OF SACRED HEART TO BE OBSERVED IN CATHOLIC CHURCHES

Tomorrow will be the feast of the Sacred Heart and will be observed by local Catholic churches as a day of special prayer and devotion. Coincidentally, the first Friday of the month falls on tomorrow also, and the two occasions will be observed synchronously. Confessions were heard in all the churches this afternoon and will be heard this evening in preparation for tomorrow.

U. S. MACHINE GUN BATTALION ACCOUNTED FOR 1000 GERMANS

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Wednesday, June 5 (By the Associated Press).—An American Machine Gun Battalion accounted for approximately 1000 Germans while holding a bridge at Chateau-Thierry during the recent fighting. The Americans lost only one man killed and a few wounded. At the same time French troops wiped out a force of 300 Germans who had obtained a footing on the southern bank of the Marne.

While the Germans dominated the town from hill 204, the Americans and French set up machine guns in the windows and doorways of houses. Great fierceness marked the fighting, which raged for several days.

One officer told the correspondent today that it was all the commanders could do to keep the Americans from crossing the river in the teeth of the enemy fire and assaulting the hill position.

Village Shot to Pieces
There is little left of Chateau-Thierry. It has been shot to pieces and now is only a pile of bricks and stones. The Germans concentrated large forces in heavily wooded and started across in mass formation. They were moved down by the American machine gunners, their formations were broken and they were put to flight in confusion before reaching the American line.

Many American officers and privates showed great daring and fortitude in withstanding the German attacks along the Marne at Chateau-Thierry and Jaulgonne.

Capt. John R. Mendenhall of New Rochelle, N. Y., went without sleep for three days, and remained steadily at the head of his company during that time.

Locates German Snipers
Corporal Jules Mangold of McDonald.

Pa., was sent out to investigate German snipers under a heavy fire from the American line. He found the snipers, pointed them out to his comrades and the Germans fired no more.

The first American to receive the French war cross for bravery in the present battle was Lieut. Walter R. Flannery of Pittsburgh, who swam across the Marne and rescued a wounded French soldier.

Cited for French War Cross
Lieut. John T. Bissel of Pittsburgh has been cited for the French war cross for leading his machine gun command to the north side of the Marne in an attempt to stop the German attack.

Capt. George Wakefield, the French liaison officer with the American unit, stood by the Americans in the thick of the fight, encouraging and cheering them. "The Americans, he said, showed most wonderful fighting spirit and were jolly, even laughing and joking while a perfect hell raged around them.

India rubber trees, although tapped every other day, continue to yield sap for more than 20 years.

Large Boiled LOBSTERS
—AT—
FAIRBURN'S
38c

Daily Bulletin From War Work Headquarters
119 MERRIMACK STREET

"THE" Language the All Important Question

The Germans and those of German extraction have no cause for grievance—after their lenient treatment in this country—if, on account of the actions of some of them, all are suspected and watched.

There may be exceptions, but we may be sure that as a rule the Germans in this country, and those of German families, where the German tongue has been their household language, mainly used in their homes, are all more or less pro-German and deserve to be interned, discriminated against and held under suspicion. The loyal ones will understand and not resent.

The language question is a very important one.

Any family making its home in America, bringing up children in America, having free access to the schools in America, OWES A DUTY to the country, to the government, to the other taxpayers, who pay the bills for education; and MUST MAKE THE LANGUAGE of the country the FIRST consideration in the home.

It is their duty to learn it, to speak it, and to converse in it; this is necessary for the mental impression and intercourse with the other citizens, from whom they expect courtesy, fair treatment and co-operation. The community has to safeguard them, protect them, and provide for them.

We are all under common laws and freedom and liberty is theirs, as well as ours.

They are living in America and should do as Americans do.—"When in Rome, do as the Romans do."

In the churches, it is a different matter;—Worship God each in his own language, the way he knows best, and he won't be far wrong.

THERE IS ONE THING TO DO

With such as make no effort to learn the language and persist in refusing to adopt it as their home, their household and family language:—

With all those who habitually converse in a foreign tongue, regardless of others present, when they should speak the language:—

THERE IS ONE THING TO DO:

Teach them to understand, by curtailing their opportunities, their benefits, their American rights until they qualify by an earnest endeavor, at least showing their good intentions to learn by class attendance and study, or by seeking and accepting the help of those who offer their instruction towards the end of Americanizing them in the Language.

WHY GIVE THOSE, who will not give the language the first place in their loyalty, **THE GOOD-PAYING JOBS?**

Nationality must not matter, but the language matters and the essential jobs, the paying jobs should be for those who intend to be Americans and show it in their efforts to use the language.

There are non-essential jobs where the higher wages should not be paid. These jobs can be filled by those who won't speak the language. If they don't like them and won't work for the less money, close the non-essentials. We are better without them. Starve them out, or they'll starve us out.

When the non-essentials are shut down, there will be all the help necessary for the essentials.

BANKRUPTCY SALE OF THE ALPHA COMPANY GROCERY STORE AND FIXTURES

FRIDAY, JUNE 7th, 1918, AT 10 A. M., AT 415
BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL.

At the above time and place will be sold at public auction to the highest bidders for cash, a good clean stock of fresh groceries. This stock consists of canned corn, peas, beans, tomatoes, peaches, bottled pickles, jams, olives, olive oil, butter, coffee, tea, coconut, spices, macaroni, cereals, washing powders, soaps, ammonia, matches, etc. Fixtures consist of one 9 foot showcase, hanging scales, meat display case, meat block, meat trays, counter, one coffee and hamburger grinder.

By order of the Trustee in Bankruptcy,
WILLIAM J. CORMIER.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

98 AND 100 MERRIMACK ST.

Special Cut Price List

FOR

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Exceptional Values

NOT TO BE FOUND ELSEWHERE

Ladies' Tailored Suits, sold up to \$22.50**\$19.98**

Ladies' Tailored Suits, sold up to \$35.00**\$15.00**

Ladies' Coats, all sizes, sold up to \$15.00**\$7.98**

Ladies and Misses' Rain-coats, sold up to \$3.98, **\$1.69**

Children's Spring Coats. A genuine clean up. Prices cut in two.

Silk Dresses of Every Color, Size and Style at Greatly Reduced Prices

Ladies' Fine Silk Poplin Dresses, all colors. Value \$10.98**\$6.98**

Fine \$22.50 Silk and Crepe de chine Dresses. Specially priced, apiece, **\$12.98 and \$15.98**

Our "Ideal" Made House-dresses are the best made. Reasonably priced.

COTTON UNDERWEAR SALE

Buy Now Before Another Big Raise is Here

Ladies' Corset Covers, 29c value, each**19c**

Ladies' Hamburg Trimmed Petticoats, value \$1.00, each**69c**

Children's Little White Skirts, value 50c**29c**

Ladies' \$1.00 Night Robes, fine muslin. Very choice, only**79c Each**

25 Dozen Ladies' Fine Muslin Drawers, hamburger trimmed. Well worth 85c. **59c a Pair**

Ladies' Fine White P. K. Dress Skirts. Value \$1.50, for**98c Apiece**

Cook, Taylor & Co.

98 AND 100 MERRIMACK ST.

98 AND 100 MERRIMACK ST.

Former German Official Blames Kaiser for World War

Ask \$16,000,000 to Guard U. S. Against Enemy Raids

French Hurl Back Large Masses of German Troops

BOSTON PREPARES FOR AIR RAIDS TO PAINT STATE HOUSE DOME

BOSTON, June 6.—The gilded dome of the state house is to be painted battleship gray, or covered with canvas to make it less conspicuous to possible air raiders. The state house commission decided on this step today after a conference with Rear Admiral Spencer S. Wood, commandant of the first naval district, and Brigadier General John W. Ruckman of the Northeastern department of the army. The dome is gilded with 23 carat gold and in normal times is illuminated by nearly 500 electric lights. The lights, however, have not been turned on for more than a year.

ASK MILLIONS FOR BALLOON AND SEAPLANE STATIONS ALONG COAST

WASHINGTON, June 6.—A \$16,000,000 appropriation for establishing balloon and seaplane stations to guard the United States against submarines and air attacks was asked of congress today by the war department. The department desires to establish 16 stations, 12 of them on the Atlantic coast and three on the Gulf coast. Definite locations were not given. The coast defense plan as submitted by the department also calls for the establishment of mobile fortifications along the coasts by which guns can be transferred on railroads from one point to another to meet possible attacks. The house appropriations committee, to whom the request went, was informed that there were in operation sufficient aircraft to defend the coasts adequately but that the stations were needed. The only possible airplane attacks that could be made, it was said, would come from collapsible airplanes carried by submarines. Operation of observation balloons would be largely for signal purposes. Aside from the effort to locate and destroy the submarines, the navy is using every means to determine whether the submarines have a float base of supplies. The progress of the raiders south from the war trade and transport routes may mean that they are moving to a previously fixed rendezvous with a supply ship.

NORWEGIAN SHIP SUNK OFF VIRGINIA CAPES
WASHINGTON, June 6.—While nearly 40 hours had passed since the German submarine, preying upon shipping off the Atlantic coast, had disclosed their positions, efforts of the navy department to hunt down the raiders had not lessened in the least today. Instead, the search was being extended to more southern regions in belief that the German craft, after sinking the Norwegian steamer *Bidsvold* last Tuesday, off the Virginia capes, hurried southward in hope of finding a locality in which naval patrols were not so strong. Location of the raider off the Virginia capes, on the other hand, leads some navy department officials to believe that the submarine may have taken up a position in that region in belief that there, in the path of trans-

TACTICS OF CANADIANS WORRY THE GERMANS
CANADIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, June 6. (By The Canadian Press.)—The Canadian troops south of Arras have been giving the enemy lively days and nights during the last few weeks. While the heavies have been carrying out destructive fire and combining with lighter guns in counter battery work and in concentrated harassing fire, the infantry has been constantly active. Night after night enemy posts and trenches have been raided, while the Germans have, except for an occasional raid in strength and marked artillery activity, made little reply to the Canadians' worrying tactics.

Chalifoux's CORNER

Circus Day
Go ask any boy between the ages of 6 and 60 what day today is and he will say "Circus Day."
Mothers—Bring the children down town to see the circus parade. They will enjoy it so much.
And while you are down street don't forget that on Thursdays the store closes at 12, and we offer particularly good specials between the hours of 8:30 and 12.
Children's barber shop—Second floor. Babies weighed in the Gray Shops between the hours of 10 and 12.

FARRELL & CONATON
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton St. Telephone 1513

HELD UP IN ATTEMPT TO BREAK FRANCO-AMERICAN LINES ALONG THE MARNE, HUNS SHIFT ATTACK TO FRONT FURTHER NORTH

YANKS KILL 1000 FIXED 3 HUNS
Streets of Chateau-Thierry Strewn With German Dead After Battle
High Praise for Americans—Maintained Morale of French Army

LONDON, June 6.—The behavior of the American troops at Chateau-Thierry has demonstrated more than anything that has yet happened on the American front, the splendid initiative and enterprise with which the American army is endowed and nothing has aroused the keener enthusiasm of commanders, says the Daily Mail correspondent with the American army in France. He quotes an unnamed French general as saying that the American spirit and enterprise at a critical moment served to maintain the morale of the French troops around Chateau-Thierry. Among the incidents of the engagement the correspondent mentions are the steadiness and persistence of the American machine gunners in the streets of Chateau-Thierry. Company after company of the enemy, marching four abreast, repeatedly tried to advance, but recoiled sorely shattered before the fire of the American gunners. The streets were strewn with German dead and wounded and the American officers estimate they inflicted at least 1000 casualties. When a bridge across the Marne was blown up, the correspondent adds, the Americans were left on the northern bank with the enemy in front of them and the river at their backs. Carrying their guns, the Americans descended to the lower banks of the river and, under enemy machine gun and artillery fire, succeeded in reaching the next bridge. The correspondent predicts that much will be heard of the deeds of the Americans in the next few days, and adds: "American troops fresh from the United States continue to arrive with regularity and in numbers more than sufficient to justify renewed confidence in the ultimate triumph of the allies. The Americans at this moment are distributed over a very wide front indeed. "In some sectors, entire American divisions form one unit holding a certain extent of line, while elsewhere they are brigaded with French and British regiments. In the Lunoville and Toul sectors the Americans hold very difficult salients dominated in the Toul sector completely dominated by the German artillery on Mont Sec by the enemy. The Germans recently have been drenching these positions with gas, but the Americans stood firm and won the ready appreciation of all observers."

U. S. DESTROYER WHICH DROVE OFF RAIDER STILL AT SEA
WASHINGTON, June 6.—The navy department still awaited today a detailed report of the encounter between an American destroyer and a German submarine off the Atlantic coast. The destroyer was still at sea, so far as was known, and the commander of the naval district to which she is attached had no additional information.

MECHANICS ARE WANTED FOR THE U. S. NAVY

Robert L. Bent of Marlboro and Arthur J. McCue of 300 Merrimack street were forwarded from the local navy recruiting station this morning as seamen, second class, for the naval reserve. Chief Yeoman Henry C. Tucker of the local station received instructions this morning to open enrollment for mechanics for the aviation branch. Men to be accepted for this service must be between 21 and 35, but age waivers will be allowed providing the applicant is especially qualified. Men who have been rejected from actual sea service because of minor physical disqualifications are urged to apply for this branch of the service because the physical examination is not so strict as in other branches. The latest Canadian recruit from Lowell is Robert Reid, formerly clerk at the New American hotel. His home is in Rickford, Vt.

WOUNDED AMERICAN SOLDIER ANXIOUS TO GET BACK AT THE ENEMY
One Went Over the Top Three Times and Killed Three Boches

PARIS, Wednesday, June 5.—The spirit of morale of the American soldiers wounded in the Cantigny battle, 90 per cent of whom will recover, are wonderful. The first question they ask the surgeon is: "Doc, when will I be able to go back after the German who fixed me?" Two young privates were waiting their turn to enter the operating room of a large American hospital in Paris today. One said: "I have been over the top three times and it is the greatest sport I ever had. Fix me up quick because I want to go back after the German who fixed me." The second soldier, who had a serious wound in the thigh, said: "If I do not return to the trenches I have the satisfaction of knowing that I fixed three—two bayoneted and one shot. I am satisfied." The soldier probably will recover but he will never cross bayonets with the Germans again as he will lose his leg. An official note describing the brave borne by American troops in the fighting at Veully, Jaulgonne and Chateau-Thierry says: "Only a few units are involved at present, particularly machine gunners, but at the points where they have been called upon to fight they have won the admiration of the French troops with whom they fought. Their help was just what we expected from gallant soldiers, full of enthusiasm and ardent fighters. We may hope everything from them."

1500 BABIES HAVE BEEN WEIGHED IN LOWELL

The fourth day of Lowell's baby weighing and measuring campaign was as prolific as its predecessors in results and it is roughly estimated that nearly 1500 children under five years of age have been weighed and measured at the various stations established about the city. The spirit of co-operation is still making itself felt among the workers and this feature is destined to be one of the high lights of the week's work when it is all over. The campaign closes Saturday evening. All the stations will be open that night.

HUN MASSES BEHIND LINES NEAR TOUL

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 6. (By The Associated Press.)—Extraordinarily heavy railway train movements from the northeast to the westward in the rear of the enemy lines northwest of Toul, were reported this morning by the American patrols.

Mrs. John Jones of Duquoin, Ill., went to purchase a new hat, and as she entered the millinery shop her attention was attracted by a Red Cross poster in the window. She concluded the Red Cross needed the \$5 more than she needed the hat, and handed the bill over to the fund.

DANCING TONIGHT AND SATURDAY
CRYSTAL LAKE PARK, NORTH CHELMSFORD
Good Time. Good Crowd.

WAR AT OUR DOOR
U-Boat Raid "Has Intensified Fire of Our Passion," Says Daniels

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 6.—By bringing the war to the doors of the United States through submarine activity, Germany has not frightened the American people, but "has intensified the fire of our passion," and has "brought home to us the need of strength and more strength to beat the enemy may the more quickly and more thoroughly be stripped of his arrogance." Secretary of the Navy Daniels told the graduating class of the United States Naval academy at the annual commencement today. The class, numbering 199 men, was graduated a year earlier than usual on account of war exigencies. "It is given you to prove," said the secretary, "that the age of chivalry is not dead—that chivalry was never more in life than now. The holiest of all the Crusaders was motivated by no finer impulse than has brought us into this war. To prove that life means more than force to prove that principle is still worth fighting for; to prove that freedom means more than dollars; that self-respect is better than compromise; to be ready to sacrifice all so that this world may be better. What nobler dedication of himself can a man make?" A message from Vice Admiral Sims to the class was read by Secretary Daniels. The value of the academy training as a basis had already been demonstrated in the war, the message said.

AMERICAN WOUNDED BACK FROM FRANCE

WASHINGTON, June 6.—During the week ending May 21st, 184 sick and wounded soldiers of the American Expeditionary Forces were landed in this country. For the week ending May 24th 16 arrived. The soldiers have been sent to various army hospitals.

AIRPLANE OVER NEW HAVEN, CONN.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 6.—An airplane passed over this city just before 1 o'clock this afternoon, coming from the south and passing east. It was probably the mail carrier from Long Island.

CREW OF SUNKEN SCHOONER LANDED

AN ATLANTIC PORT, June 5.—Captain R. R. Coudman and the crew of the schooner *Edward R. Balrd*, Jacksonville to New York, sunk by a German submarine 18 miles off Cape Charles Tuesday morning, were landed here today. The men were brought here by a destroyer which picked them up shortly after the vessel was sent to the bottom.

"Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisers and you will save money on your purchases."

HUNS CROSSED OISE RIVER BUT WERE DRIVEN BACK BY FRENCH

Held up in their efforts to batter their way through the American and French lines near the Marne, the Germans have again turned their attention to the front farther north in a sector which may be considered as the connecting link between the Somme and Marne battlefields.

BODIES OF HUNS HURLED BACK
The French official report, in dealing with operations along the front, says that the French forces east of Sempigny have continued to drive back bodies of German troops which had crossed the Oise. When the initial plunge along the Aisne had gained extensive ground, but the process had created a salient dangerous to the Germans to the west of Soissons, they attacked along the Aisne river, northwest of that city, to straighten out their line but were held after they had progressed

KAISER RESPONSIBLE FOR WORLD WAR, SAYS FORMER KRUPPS HEAD

GUMLIGEN, Switzerland, June 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—Germany was wholly in agreement with Austria-Hungary concerning the ultimatum sent to Serbia at the outbreak of the war, says Dr. Wilhelm Muehlon, former director of Krupps, in further disclosures on the responsibilities for the bringing of the conflict. Emperor William was personally responsible for Germany's participation and forced the German leaders to support his war policy.

Dr. Muehlon, who was head of Krupps at the outbreak of the war, and who recently startled Europe with his disclosures, received the correspondent of the Associated Press at his country place here, where he is now living in retirement. The visit occurred as he was preparing to issue a more detailed review of conditions leading to the war, and the correspondent held the advantage of going over the document with the personal explanations of the author.

Dr. Muehlon's first disclosures gave conversations with Dr. Karl Helfferich, former vice chancellor and Dr. Krupp von Bohlen, chief owner of the Krupp works, in which both told him the emperor had disclosed his agreement with Austria-Hungary on the ultimatum to Serbia and that Germany would mobilize immediately if Russia mobilized, which would inevitably draw in the other powers and precipitate a universal war.

MAIL AIRPLANE LEAVES N. Y. FOR BOSTON
NEW YORK, June 6.—Experimental airplane mail service between New York and Boston was inaugurated this afternoon when Lieut. Webb, U.S.A., started on the initial flight from Belmont Park, L. I. His journey was expected to take something less than four hours if he was not obliged to land en route. Lieut. Webb will make a return trip tomorrow, bringing the mail from Boston. For the present he will make flights daily, in either direction on alternating days, if weather conditions are favorable. Postal officials said today that regular service daily would be arranged if the experiment should prove as successful as the route between New York and Washington. Lieut. Webb today carried seven pouches containing 4400 letters, weighing 72 pounds. This is the mail which was to have gone forward on Monday, when the airplane then used met with an accident as he was about to start. The machine which left today is equipped with a liberty motor.

The mail included some letters sent by an assistant postmaster general at Washington to be stamped in Boston and then returned by airplane to Washington by way of New York and Philadelphia. Lieut. Webb planned to land on the Godfrey Cabot estate at Sandis HADDAM, Conn., June 6.—The airplane from Long Island to Boston stopped at Shalerville, in this town, shortly after 2 p. m., to allow the pilot to adjust his compass. Before arriving the pilot said he intended to follow the airline of the N.Y., N.H. & H.R.R. to Boston.

About the same time an airplane from Boston to New York was reported passing over Portland and Middletown.

Dr. Muehlon declares that the order issued by the Crown Prince of Bavaria to the troops in Belgium amounted to a command to give no quarter to prisoners. He adds: "I have received a letter from the field which brings me the unheard of information that the emperor has

FEAR HUN RAIDERS MAY GET FISHING FLEET

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Representative Lufkin yesterday asked the navy department for assistance in issuing warnings to the Massachusetts fishing fleet now on the banks of the presence of German submarines off the coast.

The matter was brought to Mr. Lufkin's attention by the Gloucester board of trade.

A large number of the Gloucester fleet are absent on fishing trips, having left their home port before it became known that the enemy U-boats were in this neighborhood.

The Gloucester people are particularly anxious concerning the craft fishing on Queto bank, which is some distance from home and said to be in the zone of the German activities.

Mr. Lufkin took up the question with Asst. Sec. Roosevelt's office and received assurance that everything possible is being done by the department to notify these vessels of the danger from submarines.

If any of the fishing vessels are equipped with wireless they undoubtedly have been warned. Wireless warnings are being sent out regularly.

Moreover, the department informed Mr. Lufkin that the navy patrol boats are all along the coast and are getting in touch with the fishing vessels just as fast as possible.

Representative Lufkin also took up yesterday with the bureau of war risk insurance of the treasury department, the question of marine insurance for the Gloucester fleet.

As a result of the latest German submarine campaign in the waters, the private companies have raised the rates on marine insurance to a point as to make it almost prohibitive.

The government war risk bureau has not raised its rates, however, and it is quite likely that a large number of the Gloucester vessel owners will avail themselves of this opportunity and insure their vessels through the government.

Appointment Called Insult to Ireland

NEW YORK, June 6.—The appointment of Sir James Campbell as Lord Chancellor of Ireland, as announced in a cable despatch from London, was declared here yesterday by T. P. O'Connor, M.P., to be "an open and violent insult and provocation to the Catholics and nationalists in Ireland."

Mr. O'Connor made the following statement:

"The appointment of Sir James Campbell to the lord chancellorship of Ireland, with the obviously enforced retirement of Sir Ignatius O'Brien, a nationalist and a Catholic, is one of the most serious events in recent Irish history. It is an open and violent insult and provocation to the Catholics and nationalists in Ireland."

Sir James Campbell has stood, all through his life, for the most extreme section of Irish Tory and Orange opinion. He was the second in command to Sir Edward Carson in the Ulster rebellion.

"The lord chancellorship in Ireland means as much an executive as a judicial office, the lord chancellor being an integral and important part of the Irish executive. A soldier as lord lieutenant and Sir James Campbell as lord chancellor, is the response of the Lord George administration to the plea of Ireland for home rule."

"It seems to mean a home rule bill drawn on Orange lines and in the certain event of such a bill being scornfully rejected by Ireland, it means the government of Ireland by the soldiers and by the Orange minority."

"Such blunders make the task hard for those who are fighting for the cause, the allies and the freedom of the small nations."

SHIP PLANTS IN EAST CROWDED TO LIMIT

WORCESTER, June 6.—Speaking before the American Society of Civil Engineers last night in the Bancroft hotel, Paymaster C. E. Parsons of the United States navy said the navy department cannot award any more contracts north of the Potomac river and east of the Allegheny mountains because the plants in the east are crowded to the limit with government work.

He said the navy must develop the industries elsewhere.

Pres. Ira N. Hollis of Worcester Polytechnic Institute, a member of the army advisory board, gave an address.

The society passed a resolution protesting against efforts to the naval appropriation bills in congress which would prevent the time studies and bonus systems in shops engaged in government work.

DILLON REITERATES VIEW GOVERNMENT IS TO BLAME FOR SITUATION IN IRELAND

LONDON, June 6.—The voluntary recruiting appeal by Viscount French, the lord lieutenant of Ireland, is neither applauded nor condemned by John Dillon, the nationalist leader. In an interview had with him by the Daily Telegraph's correspondent in Dublin.

"The government," he is quoted as saying, "has certainly done one sensible thing in abandoning the attempt to enforce conscription in Ireland against the will of the people."

The nationalist leader took occasion to reiterate his view that the government was to blame for "the present very unfortunate situation in Ireland," and said he could not see any marked signs of a change of mind on the part of the government or that it realized the basic facts of the situation.

Dispatches from Dublin, while setting forth that Lord French's appeal is generally regarded as showing a spirit of moderation and good will, concur in declaring that as far as the nationalists are concerned it is not likely to meet with much response unless it is reinforced by the passing of a generous measure of home rule.

Much is said to depend upon the support of the Catholic clergy. "If they support it," says the Daily Mail's Dublin correspondent, "the scheme may have a chance of success."

A THRIFT STAMP SLOGAN

"A quarter in your government's hands is worth a hundred in yours. Buy thrift stamps NOW, OFTEN and freely, and help win the war."

The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

EAT POTATOES AND HELP WIN THE WAR

JUNE SALE of 300 SUITS FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

We must make room for Summer Skirts, Dresses, Bathing Suits and other warm weather wearing apparel. So we have made BIG REDUCTIONS for quick clearance. Most of these suits are navy blue, a few tan, taupe and Pekin blue, and a few checks.

\$25.00 Stylish Suits

\$15.00

Good assortment, in all shades, silk lined, all new styles and most of them one of a kind. \$25.00 suits.

\$15.00



\$30 and \$35 SUITS

\$19.95

Some very smart styles. But for the fact we need the room or these suits would not be less than regular price. Most of them are navy blue. Buy now for future needs. \$30 and \$35 suits.

\$19.95

Wash Skirts

Over Eight Hundred Wash Skirts have just arrived and on sale this week. The best styles we have ever shown in imported P. K., Elettant, gabardine, crepeon, satin, crepe de chine, ruff nuffs and silk jersey. Priced

\$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98,

\$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.98,

\$9.98, \$12.98, \$14.98

and \$17.50

The Best Assortment In Our History



\$35.00 to \$45.00 Exclusive Style SUITS \$25

Every suit in this lot an out-of-the-ordinary style, beautifully man tailored. Do not wait as it will be a long time before we can offer you suits like these for even \$50.00.

Wonderful Values in Millinery

Summer fashions favor large hats of georgette, crepe, white milan, black lisere, natural leghorn and also transparent hats of net and chantilly lace. Trimmings are principally of flowers, wings, ostrich and ribbons. Black and white combinations are very popular. Priced

\$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98



Women's Coats

Over Five Hundred All Wool Coats, all new styles. We cannot buy any more, the market is sold out. Wool Silvertones, Duvet de Lane, Pom Pom, Bolivias, Velours, Serge ad Poirer Twill.

\$18.50, \$25, \$29.50,

\$32.50, \$35, \$39.50,

\$42.50, \$45, \$50, \$55

You will not see values like these again until after the war.

Dainty Styles in Undermuslins



Dainty styles, yes, and plenty of them. All the latest are included. Every care has been taken to secure garments that are made of best materials, and most reliable workmanship and the daintiest trimmings. The result makes this showing the best we have ever made. Chemise

Combinations, Gowns, Drawers, Camisoles, etc., all at lowest possible price.

Toilet Goods

Mavis Talcum Powder, 25c
Mavis Face Powder 50c
Mavis Toilet Water, \$1.00 and \$1.50
"Hene" Toilet Water, 25c and 50c
"Hene" Cold Cream, 25c
"Hene" Tooth Paste 20c
"Hene" Talcum Powder, 15c and 25c

CHOOSE CORSETS NOW

This is the time to buy Summer Corsets.

Models are here ready to be fitted. All the leading makes will be found here such as

BIEN JOLIE
LA RESISTA
RENGO BELT
LILY OF
FRANCE



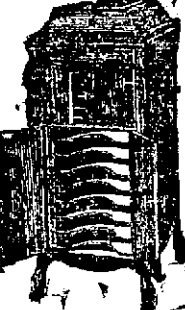
AMERICAN LADY, P. N., PRACTICAL FRONT, W. B., NUFORM, DEERING, LADY RUTH, THOMPSON GLOVE FITTING, R. and G., IVY, FERRIS WAISTS, CROWN.

Expert Corsetieres in Attendance

AL JOLSON'S 2542 { Hello, Central! Give Me No Man's Land. Al Jolson
Latest Record INCH 75c { We'll Do Our Own Share Robert Lewis

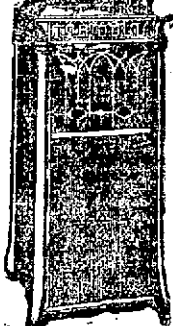
The Only Store In Lowell Selling All Three

VICTROLA



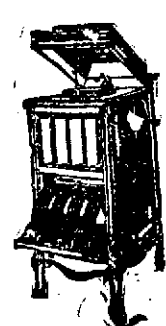
EASY
TERMS
\$1.00
Per Week
and Up

EDISON



HEAR
THESE
THREE
SIDE
BY
SIDE

GRAFONOLA



We Are Talking Machine Headquarters in Lowell
No Waiting—Immediate Delivery

VISIT LOWELL'S LARGEST WAIST DEPT.

OVER ONE THOUSAND NEW WAISTS IN THE PAST WEEK

NEW GEORGETTE

NEW CREPE DE
CHINE

NEW VOILES
WONDERFUL
VALUES AND
EXCEPTIONAL
STYLES



REASONABLY PRICED

98c, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.98, \$8.98,
\$9.98, \$10.98 to \$16.98

Our Waist business is tremendous. We have doubled our stock and sales force.

BETTER SERVICE
BETTER VALUES
BETTER
ASSORTMENT
Than You Will Find
Elsewhere.

KNIT UNDERWEAR

FOR PARTICULAR WOMEN

Separate Garments and Union Suits to fit every type of a figure.

Women's Union Suits, fine ribbed cotton in the wanted styles, 59c, 75c and 89c

Women's Union Suits, fine ribbed in silk lisle \$1.00 and \$1.25

Women's Vests of glove silk, embroidered front, beautiful design. Very special, each \$2.50



Women's Filtrite Vests, round and V neck, sleeveless. Priced, each 39c

Women's Vests—Fine ribbed cotton, round and V neck, short sleeves.....39c, 45c, and 50c

Women's Vests—Fine Swiss ribbed with hand embroidered yokes in several new designs. Very special, each 50c

Our Hosiery Shows Up Mighty Well With Pumps and Oxfords

View our collection and get our prices

Women's Silk Hose, with clock, black with white and white with black. Priced \$1.50 to \$3.00

Women's Silk Hose with lisle tops, full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black and white. Priced, pair, \$1.25



Women's Silk Lisle Hose, full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black and white. Priced, pair 75c

Women's Silk Boot Hose, full fashioned double soles, high spliced heels, in black, white and some colors. Pair 75c

Women's Silk Lisle Hose, made semi-fashioned in white and all colors. Pair 59c

"QUEEN QUALITY" SHOES FOR WOMEN :: :: "REGAL" SHOES FOR MEN

BABIES WEIGHED AND MEASURED ON OUR SECOND FLOOR AFTERNOONS THIS WEEK 2 to 4 P. M.

LIEUT. JOSEPH M. REILLY, U. S. R. WEDS MISS ELIZABETH H. CULL



LIEUTENANT AND MRS. JOSEPH M. REILLY

The happy combination of a military wedding in June made the marriage of First Lieut. Joseph M. Reilly, U.S.R., stationed with the 302nd Infantry at Camp Devens, and Miss Elizabeth H. Cull, a well known and popular young woman of this city, a most unique affair and one of interest to the many hundreds of friends of both young people.

Rev. Lawrence F. Tighe, O.M.I., pastor of the Immaculate Conception church, performed the ceremony at 5:20 o'clock last evening at the Immaculate Conception rectory. The best man was First Lieut. John A. Garvey of Concord Junction, stationed at Camp Devens with the 301st Ammunition Train. The bride was Miss Mary O. Cull, a sister of the bride. Misses Peggy Egan and Louise Cudworth were flower girls. The bride was attired in white

SAYS AMERICANS SAVED CHATEAU THIERRY

LONDON, June 6. The part played by the American Machine Gunners in the defence of the Chateau Thierry bridges is classed by Reuters' correspondent at French headquarters as worthy to stand with the achievements of the American Infantry recently at Cantigny, on the Aisne front. Telegrams under date of Monday, the correspondent writes: "On Friday, when the Germans were already in the outskirts of Chateau Thierry, an American Machine Gun unit was hurried thither in motor lorries. Chateau Thierry lies on both banks of the Marne, which is spanned by a big bridge. A little to the northward a canal runs parallel to the river and is crossed by a smaller bridge. "The Americans had scarcely reached their quarters when news was received that the Germans had broken into the northern part of Chateau Thierry, having made their way through the gap they had driven in our lines to the left of the town and then pouring along the street to the bridge, intending to establish themselves firmly on the south bank and capture the town.

town along the river bank and began to work their way through the streets toward the main bridge. At the same moment a tremendous artillery bombardment was opened upon the southern half of the town. "When within range of the machine guns the Germans advanced, under the cover of clouds of thick white smoke from smoke bombs, in order to baffle the aim of the American gunners. A surprise, however, was in store for them. They were already crossing the bridge, evidently believing themselves masters of both banks, when a thunderous explosion blew the center of the bridge and a number of Germans with it into the river. Those who reached the southern bank were immediately captured.

AMERICAN WOMEN IN BIG AISNE BATTLE

NEW YORK, June 6.—Thrilling accounts of the signal service given the French army by American Y.M.C.A. and canteen workers during the heavy fighting along the river Aisne were contained in despatches received here last night by the association's war work council.

Men and women, during the battle which raged around them, carried food and drink to the fighters and made desperate efforts to destroy their hulls and remaining stores when retreat seemed inevitable. Then they worked their way back, through storms of shrapnel and machine gun fire, and, taking their places with the troops in the new positions, began again to minister to them.

Carl D. Lytle of North Brookfield, Mass., returned to a burning village which the troops were abandoning, to help a lot of little children, while William Edward Wright of Toledo, O., and Eric Mayell of New York fought their way back with the regiment to which they were attached. At each pause in the retreat they made their way up to the rear, obtaining a quantity of flour from the Red Cross, he finally located a village bakery, where he turned out bread for the refugees.

Particular mention was made of Miss Marie C. Herron, sister-in-law of W. H. Taft, and Miss Jane Bowler of Cincinnati, both of whom worked with the wounded while villages were burning

CLOSED MONDAYS AT 6 P. M.

OPEN FRIDAY NIGHTS TILL 9.30

LAST CALL!

OUR ANNUAL SALE OF SHUMAN SUITS

Made Two Piece

WILL TERMINATE SATURDAY NIGHT

This Great Suit Sale last week went "Over the Top" for the biggest Two-piece Suit business on record, which proves conclusively that the men of Lowell appreciated the fact that they could not purchase the cloth in some of these suits for the price we are asking for the finished garment.

Again Friday and Saturday we offer the balance of these Absolutely All Wool Shuman-Made Two-Piece Suits at

17.50

MEN'S BLUE SERGE SUITS

Over a year ago we purchased hundreds of yards of absolutely all wool blue serges at but a slight advance over the before the war price. We have the finished suits in stock today and while the wholesale price today is \$21 we offer them while they last at the old price.

Plenty of young men's models and sizes for graduation—better select his graduation suit now and save about \$10.

\$20

MEN'S SHIRT SALE

Friday morning we will put on sale 25 dozen men's fine shirts that are worth \$2.50 and \$3.00, at **\$1.85**

This is an excellent opportunity for men who are accustomed to wearing fine shirts to stock up for the summer.

Boys' Clothing

Parents who have boys to clothe we advise you to take advantage of our sale of **DUBBELBILT SUITS AT \$8.75**

Dubbelbilt has double knees, elbows and seat—each wear seam is reinforced—each pocket double locked—and its buttons are put on to stay. Dubbelbilt carries a GUARANTEE OF SIX MONTHS' SERVICE. A promise to repair without charge, any rip, hole or tear. The price of Dubbelbilt Suits after Aug. 1st will be \$12.75.

Merrimack Clothing Comp'y

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

OPEN FRIDAY NIGHT

MORE DEADLY THAN A MAD DOG'S BITE

The bite of a rabid dog is no longer deadly, due to the new famous Pasteur Treatment, but the slow, living death of the system by poisoning of the system by deadly virus is as sure and inevitable as day follows night.

No other organs of the human body are so important to health making as the kidneys and bladder. Keep your kidneys clean and your bladder in working condition and you need have no fear of disease. Don't try to clean nature. It is a cruel master. Whenever you experience backache, nervousness, difficulty in passing urine, "got on the job," your kidneys and bladder require immediate attention. Don't delay. This is the time to take the bill by the horns. **GOLD MEDAL HANLEY OIL CAPSULES** will do the trick. For over two hundred years they have proven meritorious in the treatment of diseases of the stomach, kidneys, liver and bladder. It is a world-famed remedy, in use as a household necessity for over 200 years. If you have been doctoring without results, get a box of **GOLD MEDAL HANLEY OIL CAPSULES** today. Your druggist sells them. Absolutely guaranteed or money refunded. Beware of imitations. Look for the name **GOLD MEDAL** on every box.

The Demands of Vigorous Health

Are teeth that will grind and masticate food properly before it enters the stomach. Teeth are part of the mechanism that keeps your body in good order.

They need frequent adjusting and repairing to be of the best service. Without it, they will soon run as an engine without attention.

The comfort of teeth that fit is as delightful as a new garment. Waiting until tomorrow has ruined many teeth. Call TODAY just to consider their needs.

BEST SERVICE

DR. A. J. GAGNON

109 Merrimack St.
466 Merrimack St.Store Order Checks
Accepted as Cash

all around them. Miss Bowler, who remained in Soissons during the last offensive, stuck to her post despite the terrific bombardment and left it only when everything about it was in flames, an hour before the Germans entered the city.

Many secretaries, the despatches said, were suffering from shell shock or the effects of gas, but kept going through the intense attack, taking tobacco, fruit and chocolate to the ravenous soldiers. Where communications were interrupted they helped the chaplains take care of the wounded, while their supplies were gladly given to those in need.

The despatches also detailed the deaths of Hallday Smith of Nyack, N. Y., and Rev. Hadley H. Cooper of Piedmont, N. Y., which had been previously reported. Smith met his death by going out of his line of duty to lead an ammunition train which had lost its way, and Mr. Cooper died in a hospital from gas.

Heroic Work of Y.M.C.A.

PARIS, June 6.—American men and women attached to the American Y.M.C.A. units with the French troops played heroic parts in the recent retreat east and west of Soissons. Carl D. Lytle of North Brookfield, Mass., is believed to have sacrificed his life. He is officially reported missing. Amid a rain of gas shells he went into a certain burning village to rescue refugees after the troops had come out. He has not been seen since. He was 33 years old.

Y.M.C.A. workers stayed with the troops during the rear guard fighting, gathering and distributing supplies. Four Y.M.C.A. men joined the staff of a base hospital, swarmed with French and British wounded, and worked 24

hours a day as stretcher-bearers and nurses.

Women workers particularly distinguished themselves. Miss Maria Heron of Cincinnati, a sister-in-law of former President Taft, remained in a hut serving food and coffee to the soldiers until the village was set on fire by German shells. Miss Jane Bowler of Cincinnati, only left a hut at Soissons a few hours before the Germans entered the town.

Three American and three French workers lost all their equipment under German artillery fire. They gathered new supplies and opened a bakery where they fed thousands of wounded and refugees. Several Y.M.C.A. men are suffering from gas poisoning and shell shock. One man was wounded by shrapnel.

DIFFICULTIES SETTLED

The drivers of lumber vehicles who left their work Tuesday after being refused an increase in wages, settled their difficulties and returned to work

Franklin
Machine
CompanyProvidence, R. I.
Telephones
Union 943
Union 1857

Engineers—Founders—Machinists

Manufacturers of HARRIS-CORLISS ENGINES, Engine Repairs, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Bearings, Couplings, Clutches.

Large stock always on hand. General Mill Repairs. Special machinery of all kinds.

Gas On Stomach

Sour Stomach

Indigestion

Heartburn

Instantly Relieved by

BISURATED MAGNESIA

IN 5 GRAIN TABLETS

AND POWDER FORM

BISURATED MAGNESIA is Magnesia especially prepared for the safe, speedy and certain correction of dangerous stomach acidity. It comes only in the form of five grain tablets and powder in sealed blue packages. Do not confuse with commercial magnesia, milk of magnesia or effervescent magnesia. Look for the word BISURATED and get the genuine from DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

TWO GIRLS DROWNED IN SAGO RIVER

SAGO, Me., June 6.—Two Thornton academy girls, neither able to swim, were drowned yesterday afternoon in the Sago river.

One, a girl of 15, heroically gave her life in a futile attempt to save her classmate, who had stepped into a treacherous pit but a few feet from shore. They were Stella Blake, age 11, and Geneva Emerson, daughters of prominent residents of this city.

With two other girls of the academy they had gone bathing early in the afternoon. None of the party could swim and all kept close to the river's bank. At 5 o'clock when the girls were preparing to return to their school, they missed one of their companions. A moment later they saw the Blake girl struggling a few feet away. Then she sank. Miss Emerson hurried to her assistance. The two other students watched from the shore, not at all alarmed at first at the situation. Just as Miss Blake was sinking, she grabbed Miss Emerson by the shoulders. The two went down together. When they came to the surface Miss Emerson made every attempt to pull her companion toward shore. But both had stepped into a hole where the water was many feet over their heads. The two girls on the shore screamed for help, but they were unheard. When Miss Blake and Miss Emerson disappeared for the last time, their companions ran to some cottages 200

yards away. A few minutes later a crowd had collected near the spot where the students had sunk. Nobody, though, made an attempt to rescue the bodies. No one was able to swim. It was a half-hour later that a group of laborers came along. They brought the bodies to the shores within a few minutes. Life then had long been extinct.

REV. DR. DURKEE OF BOSTON ELECTED PRESIDENT OF HOWARD UNIVERSITY

BROCKTON, June 6.—The Rev. Dr. James Stanley Durkee, pastor of the South Congregational church of this city, has been notified of his election to the presidency of Howard university, Washington, D. C. He said he was undecided as to his acceptance.

HAIR ON FACE WHAT CAUSES IT

It has been proven by the world's greatest authorities that it stimulates and increases hair growth to merely remove it from the surface of the skin. The only common-sense way to remove hair is to attack it under the skin. DeMiracle, the original auxiliary liquid, does this by absorption. Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. At toilet counters in 40c, 50c and \$2 sizes, or by mail from us in plain wrapper on receipt of price. FREE book mailed in plain sealed envelope on request. DeMiracle, 120th St. and Park Ave., New York.

PORTLAND IS READY ONLY SEVEN LOST FROM FOR AIR RAIDERS

PORTLAND, Me., June 6.—City officials, following the plan that has been adopted in New York, have arranged for giving an alarm throughout this section in case an enemy air raid should occur. It is believed here that the possibility of such an attack is very remote, yet every precaution will be taken in case of one of the cruiser U-boats should be carrying hydro aeroplanes for bombing purposes. The deputy chief of the fire department was notified that the following signals will be given in case of trouble:

Whistles and the fire alarm will be blown for 10 minutes. When this signal is given people should immediately open the windows of their homes or offices and go at once to the cellar. After the danger has passed, a signal will be given by short blasts of whistles and the fire alarm at intervals of one minute for a period of 20 minutes.

During the past few days there have been rumors that airplanes had been seen in this vicinity, but if there were any they belonged to the flocks of machines that are on the lookout for the enemy submarines.

LICENSE FOR CIRCUS
A special meeting of the license commission was held at 9:15 o'clock this morning for the purpose of granting a license to the Barnum & Bailey show to play here this afternoon and evening. The license fee is \$75.

AMUSEMENT NOTES
Note:—Below is what the press agents of the different theatres say of the current attractions and of others to come later.

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE
In the change of bill at the B. F. Keith theatre today, beautiful Dorothy Dalton will figure, for this charming, athletic young actress will be presented in her latest Paramount picture, "Love Me." The leading role is that of "Maida," and this, of course, Miss Dalton will have. She fits it like a glove. "Love Me" is the fascinating story of a breezy western girl who, at a long struggle, conquers the hearts of her husband's exclusive and very wealthy family who had, at first, refused to receive her. Always winning, Miss Dalton is more than ever adorable in her new role and some of the gowns she wears, as well as those of her socially correct friends, will cause much real pleasure. There are some most unusual situations in the picture. The author is C. Gardner Sullivan, who has turned out some of the very best of melodramas recently. Associated with Miss Dalton are such players as William Conklin, Jack Holt, Lorena Matthews, Melbourne MacDowell, Edith Haiscock and Robert McKim. The second feature is "Paws of the Bear," a Triangle-Ins film, which will bring to the fore William Desmond. A glimpse of the Belgian frontier is given in this picture, where the Tiblans are brought sharply into conflict with the Belgian troops. And yet this is not a war story. The opening scene, or prologue, is purely episodic, and in a flash the audience is started on an exciting detective story of the Sherlock Holmes type, a story that picks up stray clues in Belgium, Russia and France, and on the ocean. It is finally unravelled among the peaceful surroundings of an American home. "Paws of the Bear" is full of tricks and surprises, keeping the mind on the edge, and one incident is overlooked. At the very last flicker, the mystery is solved. If you have guessed it, you should apply for a position in the secret service of the United States.

The Heart-Path pictures, right up to the minute, will also be shown at each performance.

STRAND THEATRE
Madge Kennedy, having advanced beyond the bridal stage, amusingly played in some of her former photographs, is a dashing widow with a ridiculous hero-husband in "The Fair Pretender," her latest Goldwyn photoplay, which is to be one of the several good things on the program at the Strand for the last three days of the week, commencing with matinee today. The intangible "Peggy" Sylvia Maynard, a typist who poses as Mrs. Brown, whose husband has been dead for the last three years, is the country. That's the basis for the rest of the interesting story that follows. It has many interesting and humorous sides that mingle pleasantly throughout. You'll like Miss Kennedy more than ever after seeing her in "The Fair Pretender." Then there's "The Pirate," a Fox production that relates an absorbing story of an adventurous beauty and some bold, bad men. There will be a new comedy and the latest Pathe Weekly, as well as the usual entertaining musical numbers. Don't miss hearing Miss Craven, the week's colort.

The "Lowell Memorial Day Parade Pictures" will continue throughout the entire week. They are conceded to be the best local screen attraction ever shown and are creating no end of favorable comment in all quarters. You can't see yourself on the screen, you are sure to see the parade of your intimate friends. See the G.A.R. vets, the Boy Scouts, the high school regiments, the U. S. marines, the police, the fire department, the crowd along the line of march. Nothing quite like it was ever shown here before.

The usual children's morning matinee is scheduled for Saturday. It's a real treat for the "kiddies." Reward them for faithful service by sending them to the Strand Saturday morning. Price of admission, five cents.

THE KASINO
"After the Ball is Over," "Ben Hur," "Silver Dross," "The Song of the Sea," "Say Au Revoir But Not Goodbye," and other popular melodies of these days are to form a program for the "old timers' night" at the Kasino. There are some that seem newer every year, as for example, "Annie Laurie," "Way Down Upon the Swanee River," "My Old Kentucky Home" and a score of others. Be on the watch for "old timers' night."

LAKEVIEW PARK
Harry Kirtledge, now in full charge of Lakeview park, has surrounded himself with a corps of trained assistants who give courteous service at every turn. You know what Lakeview has been in the past. It is the same thing this year—only better, and the dancing—well, try it once and you'll go again. Miner-Doyle's orchestra and Barney Moran are a combination unbeatable. Every afternoon and evening.

The completion a short time ago of chimney 571 feet high at Tacoma, Wash., transfers the title of the world's tallest chimney from Japan to America. The former world's record was the 570-foot chimney at Sagami, Japan. The big Tacoma vent, like its rival in the Orient, is part of a smelting plant, and the reason for raising it to such great height is to prevent the fumes discharged by it from harming vegetation.

Before taking your train home on Boston get The Sun at either westland in the North station.

CAROLINA'S LAUNCH

LEWES, Del., June 6.—The statement that 16 persons were lost during the storm Sunday night from the motorboat which contained survivors of the torpedoed steamship Carolina was made on the authority of George Howard, deck steward. Yesterday Christian Nelson, chief engineer of the lost ship, said only seven were lost. He was in charge of the motor launch. He said those drowned were the chief purser, the first assistant engineer, one passenger, a colored woman passenger, a stewardess, a deck steward and a fireman.

Nelson told of the terrible experience of the survivors after leaving the Carolina. "It was getting dark and a storm was brewing," he said. "We were in No. 5 boat and we rowed up to No. 1 boat, which was motor-driven, but the 24 persons in it were unable to start the engine. I climbed aboard with my assistant and we finally started the engine and took No. 5 in tow."

"In this way we headed for shore in the face of a heavy gale and with terrific thunder and lightning breaking upon us. The hawser to the other boat broke and we went back and picked it up. It broke again and we repeated. The rope broke for the third time. We went back but could find no trace of the boat. We have since learned that the boat was picked up."

"All of this time the storm was growing worse and finally our motorboat overturned. All were thrown into the water. Everybody had on life belts and we managed to keep afloat. After a great effort I righted the boat and climbed aboard."

"Then over the side came a young Porto Rican girl. Never in my life have I seen a woman take a man's place as she did. Neither of us could make the other understand, but she knew what to do without being told. The boat was half filled with water and we bailed it out, working until near daybreak."

"Then we started to pick up those floating in the water. Some had lost their lifebelts and were clinging to the boat. We found, however, only 16 of the 24. The other seven had disappeared. We were then adrift in a waterlogged boat in which the engine would not work. We hung a shirt out on a pole and a British tramp picked us up and brought us here."

Nelson was a machinist on the Gulf light, the first American ship torpedoed by a U-boat, May 1, 1915.

CHARGED WITH HOARDING FOOD
Medical Director Francis S. Nash, U. S. N., was recently accused of hoarding food and foodstuffs in violation of the food conservation act in an indictment

returned by a grand jury. He is charged with storing food articles valued at nearly \$2000 in his Washington home.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL
The regular meeting of Ladd & Whitney Post 135, O. A. U., was held last night. One application for membership was received and a vote of thanks was extended to all who assisted on Memorial Sunday and Memorial day in making those occasions so successful. Other routine business was transacted during the course of the meeting.

WHAT DO WE KNOW ABOUT MONOLAC?
We know that it meets the demand for a satisfactory universal varnish—that it is one of the best preparations for finishing all fine interior woodwork, such as floors, doors, trim and moldings. We know that CLEAR MONOLAC is light in color, works with surprising freedom, can be flowed on and left in the gloss, rubbed to a dead finish, or given a high and lasting polish. We know that MONOLAC IN COLORS is a combination of this high-grade varnish with permanent soluble colors—that it is transparent and preserves and enhances the natural beauty and grain of the wood. Eight natural wood shades.

1/4-pint cans 25c
1/2-pint cans 40c
Pint cans 65c
Quart cans \$1.15

Free City Motor Delivery

C. B. COBURN CO.
63 MARKET STREET
"Coburn's Survival Because It Satisfies"

CHERRY & WEBB SAY:

If You Want to Be Thrifty

Buy Good Clothes

Friday and Saturday--Big Drives

In All Departments

3000 Summer Dresses

In this sale. Figured Voile, Taffeta, Georgette Dresses, suited to every age and requirement.

\$5.98, \$7.50, \$9.98 FOR COTTONS

260 Silk Dresses for a big choice Friday and Saturday styles that sold to \$27.50, at

\$15.00 and \$19.75

Skirts that sold to \$14.75.

1250 WASH SKIRTS

Largest stock ever offered; not one up-to-date style missing. 1-3 saving on these skirts, at

98c, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$5

Big Drive on Coats

We are going to sacrifice all profit on 200 Cloth Coats, fine velour, serge and all wool poplin coats that sold to \$30, at, choice, Friday and Saturday,

\$18.75

SUMMER FURS

—OF—

Marabou \$5.98

Mouflon \$10.00

Fox and Wolf Sets, \$18.50 and up

Is Always Busy. Visit It and You Will Understand Why

\$1.50 Wash Skirts.....98c

\$7.50 Colored Voile Dresses \$4.98

\$1.00 Waists79c

\$7.50 Raincoats\$5.00

\$5.00 Linen Dusters.....\$2.98

\$2.00 House Dresses.....\$1.65

200 DOZENS WAISTS

Tailored styles, smocks, middies, dressy waists. A banner stock for this sale. Special tables, 98c, \$1.98, \$2.75 and \$3.89

More Waists Than Ever Displayed Under a Single Roof

Basement Items

\$1.50 Kimonos98c

\$15.75 Cloth Suits.....\$12.98

\$15.00 Cloth Coats.....\$10.00

\$3.00 Serge Skirts.....\$1.98

\$5.00 Bathing Suits.....\$3.98

\$6.00 Silk Skirts.....\$3.98

ers which it was feared might have fallen victims to the U-boats.

The most welcome tidings received by Boston marine underwriters was the news of the safe arrival of a steamer from Alexandria, Egypt, laden with 18,000 bales of cotton. The cotton is worth \$500 a bale, so the total value of the cargo is \$9,000,000.

Hunk Miss Rich Price

The consignees and underwriters feared that the steamer might have been sunk, although she was well armed. She went through the submarine-infested waters of the Mediterranean, crossed the Atlantic and reached port without mishap. While Boston underwriters are heavily insured in the cargo, the insurance is divided among most of the big companies in this country. The vessel also brought a consignment of gum arabic.

News of the destruction of the four-masted schooner Samuel C. Mangel, Jr., Capt. John A. Bradford, bound from Africa to New York, was received yesterday. The vessel was completed at Percy & Small's yard, Bath, Me., a year ago, and while making her first trip to New York she put in here for repairs. She was placed in the East Boston drydock, where the repair work was effected. The schooner was an auxiliary. She was owned by parties in Louisville. Capt. Bradford belongs in Waldoboro, and was formerly in command of the Boston schooner John W. Dana.

SUPERIOR COURT

The case of Florence A. Crossman against the city of Everett, an action of tort, was resumed at the civil session of the superior court with jurisdiction today. This is an action of tort in which the plaintiff seeks to recover damages for personal injuries as a result of falling on an alleged defective sidewalk in Everett on November 12, 1917.

In the case of George W. Harris against Edgar Wells, an action of tort, the former claiming that while in the employ of the latter he sustained injuries, the jury returned a verdict for the defendant.

The Sweet Girl Graduate

Will find here an exquisite assortment in the Cherry & Webb distinctive styles, at special attractive prices for Friday and Saturday. Georgette, voile, crepe de chine, organdie,

\$7.98, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$18.75 and \$25.00

Sizes 2 to 6 and 6 to 14 in our Children's Department \$2.98, \$3.98 and \$6.98

Styles that will more than please you.

200 DOZENS WAISTS

Tailored styles, smocks, middies, dressy waists. A banner stock for this sale. Special tables, 98c, \$1.98, \$2.75 and \$3.89

More Waists Than Ever Displayed Under a Single Roof

Basement Items

\$1.50 Kimonos98c

\$15.75 Cloth Suits.....\$12.98

\$15.00 Cloth Coats.....\$10.00

\$3.00 Serge Skirts.....\$1.98

\$5.00 Bathing Suits.....\$3.98

\$6.00 Silk Skirts.....\$3.98

are Herzog, Konetchy, Ragan and Hughes. But all of them are on record as pledged to farming, shipbuilding, munitions making or similarly essential industries or occupations when once the season closes.

SMALLEST CLASS IN YEARS GRADUATES FROM Y.M.C.A. COLLEGE AT SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Thirty-eight men, comprising the smallest class in many years, received diplomas at the commencement of the Y.M.C.A. college here today. The class, originally numbering more than 100, has been reduced by enlistments and the demand for war workers. Fifteen men were graduated in the secretarial and 23 in the physical course. S. K. Ratcliffe of London, was the commencement speaker. At the commencement dinner tonight, Herbert L. Pratt of New York will preside and the speakers will include Franklin A. Cayford, for 18 years senior secretary of the Russian Y.M.C.A. at Moscow.

The strength of the ostrich is prodigious. He can disembowel a horse or kick through a sheet of corrugated iron. To an unprotected man in the open an ostrich is as dangerous as the lion. Many have lost their lives through ignorance of his strength, his speed and his implacable ferocity.

BOSTON BRAVES PLEDGE THEIR SERVICES

BOSTON, June 6.—Every one of the Braves went on record yesterday as ready to enter the employ of Uncle Sam in any capacity at the end of the present championship season. This action was taken at a meeting of the players in the clubhouse under the grandstand at the Wigwam, and this declaration of intention will be forwarded to the authorities at Washington.

There will be no idling for the Braves between seasons. This includes all the players, not merely those who are within the draft age, or those who have been placed in class 1A. They busied for the recreation and amusement of hundreds of thousands is a non-useful occupation. But if the government does not take them from baseball during the season they want to get busy in those pursuits which the government will term "useful."

Powell, Kelly, Rehn and Fillingim are the four Braves who are in class 1A. Those who are over the draft age are Herzog, Konetchy, Ragan and Hughes. But all of them are on record as pledged to farming, shipbuilding, munitions making or similarly essential industries or occupations when once the season closes.

SMALLEST CLASS IN YEARS GRADUATES FROM Y.M.C.A. COLLEGE AT SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Thirty-eight men, comprising the smallest class in many years, received diplomas at the commencement of the Y.M.C.A. college here today. The class, originally numbering more than 100, has been reduced by enlistments and the demand for war workers. Fifteen men were graduated in the secretarial and 23 in the physical course. S. K. Ratcliffe of London, was the commencement speaker. At the commencement dinner tonight, Herbert L. Pratt of New York will preside and the speakers will include Franklin A. Cayford, for 18 years senior secretary of the Russian Y.M.C.A. at Moscow.

The strength of the ostrich is prodigious. He can disembowel a horse or kick through a sheet of corrugated iron. To an unprotected man in the open an ostrich is as dangerous as the lion. Many have lost their lives through ignorance of his strength, his speed and his implacable ferocity.

BOSTON BRAVES PLEDGE THEIR SERVICES

BOSTON, June 6.—Every one of the Braves went on record yesterday as ready to enter the employ of Uncle Sam in any capacity at the end of the present championship season. This action was taken at a meeting of the players in the clubhouse under the grandstand at the Wigwam, and this declaration of intention will be forwarded to the authorities at Washington.

There will be no idling for the Braves between seasons. This includes all the players, not merely those who are within the draft age, or those who have been placed in class 1A. They busied for the recreation and amusement of hundreds of thousands is a non-useful occupation. But if the government does not take them from baseball during the season they want to get busy in those pursuits which the government will term "useful."

Powell, Kelly, Rehn and Fillingim are the four Braves who are in class 1A. Those who are over the draft age are Herzog, Konetchy, Ragan and Hughes. But all of them are on record as pledged to farming, shipbuilding, munitions making or similarly essential industries or occupations when once the season closes.

SMALLEST CLASS IN YEARS GRADUATES FROM Y.M.C.A. COLLEGE AT SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Thirty-eight men, comprising the smallest class in many years, received diplomas at the commencement of the Y.M.C.A. college here today. The class, originally numbering more than 100, has been reduced by enlistments and the demand for war workers. Fifteen men were graduated in the secretarial and 23 in the physical course. S. K. Ratcliffe of London, was the commencement speaker. At the commencement dinner tonight, Herbert L. Pratt of New York will preside and the speakers will include Franklin A. Cayford, for 18 years senior secretary of the Russian Y.M.C.A. at Moscow.

The strength of the ostrich is prodigious. He can disembowel a horse or kick through a sheet of corrugated iron. To an unprotected man in the open an ostrich is as dangerous as the lion. Many have lost their lives through ignorance of his strength, his speed and his implacable ferocity.

BOSTON BRAVES PLEDGE THEIR SERVICES

BOSTON, June 6.—Every one of the Braves went on record yesterday as ready to enter the employ of Uncle Sam in any capacity at the end of the present championship season. This action was taken at a meeting of the players in the clubhouse under the grandstand at the Wigwam, and this declaration of intention will be forwarded to the authorities at Washington.

There will be no idling for the Braves between seasons. This includes all the players, not merely those who are within the draft age, or those who have been placed in class 1A. They busied for the recreation and amusement of hundreds of thousands is a non-useful occupation. But if the government does not take them from baseball during the season they want to get busy in those pursuits which the government will term "useful."

Powell, Kelly, Rehn and Fillingim are the four Braves who are in class 1A. Those who are over the draft age are Herzog, Konetchy, Ragan and Hughes. But all of them are on record as pledged to farming, shipbuilding, munitions making or similarly essential industries or occupations when once the season closes.

SMALLEST CLASS IN YEARS GRADUATES FROM Y.M.C.A. COLLEGE AT SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Thirty-eight men, comprising the smallest class in many years, received diplomas at the commencement of the Y.M.C.A. college here today. The class, originally numbering more than 100, has been reduced by enlistments and the demand for war workers. Fifteen men were graduated in the secretarial and 23 in the physical course. S. K. Ratcliffe of London, was the commencement speaker. At the commencement dinner tonight, Herbert L. Pratt of New York will preside and the speakers will include Franklin A. Cayford, for 18 years senior secretary of the Russian Y.M.C.A. at Moscow.

The strength of the ostrich is prodigious. He can disembowel a horse or kick through a sheet of corrugated iron. To an unprotected man in the open an ostrich is as dangerous as the lion. Many have lost their lives through ignorance of his strength, his speed and his implacable ferocity.

BOSTON BRAVES PLEDGE THEIR SERVICES

BOSTON, June 6.—Every one of the Braves went on record yesterday as ready to enter the employ of Uncle Sam in any capacity at the end of the present championship season. This action was taken at a meeting of the players in the clubhouse under the grandstand at the Wigwam, and this declaration of intention will be forwarded to the authorities at Washington.

There will be no idling for the Braves between seasons. This includes all the players, not merely those who are within the draft age, or those who have been placed in class 1A. They busied for the recreation and amusement of hundreds of thousands is a non-useful occupation. But if the government does not take them from baseball during the season they want to get busy in those pursuits which the government will term "useful."

Powell, Kelly, Rehn and Fillingim are the four Braves who are in class 1A. Those who are over the draft age are Herzog, Konetchy, Ragan and Hughes. But all of them are on record as pledged to farming, shipbuilding, munitions making or similarly essential industries or occupations when once the season closes.

SMALLEST CLASS IN YEARS GRADUATES FROM Y.M.C.A. COLLEGE AT SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Thirty-eight men, comprising the smallest class in many years, received diplomas at the commencement of the Y.M.C.A. college here today. The class, originally numbering more than 100, has been reduced by enlistments and the demand for war workers. Fifteen men were graduated in the secretarial and 23 in the physical course. S. K. Ratcliffe of London, was the commencement speaker. At the commencement dinner tonight, Herbert L. Pratt of New York will preside and the speakers will include Franklin A. Cayford, for 18 years senior secretary of the Russian Y.M.C.A. at Moscow.

The strength of the ostrich is prodigious. He can disembowel a horse or kick through a sheet of corrugated iron. To an unprotected man in the open an ostrich is as dangerous as the lion. Many have lost their lives through ignorance of his strength, his speed and his implacable ferocity.

BOSTON BRAVES PLEDGE THEIR SERVICES

BOSTON, June 6.—Every one of the Braves went on record yesterday as ready to enter the employ of Uncle Sam in any capacity at the end of the present championship season. This action was taken at a meeting of the players in the clubhouse under the grandstand at the Wigwam, and this declaration of intention will be forwarded to the authorities at Washington.

There will be no idling for the Braves between seasons. This includes all the players, not merely those who are within the draft age, or those who have been placed in class 1A. They busied for the recreation and amusement of hundreds of thousands is a non-useful occupation. But if the government does not take them from baseball during the season they want to get busy in those pursuits which the government will term "useful."

Powell, Kelly, Rehn and Fillingim are the four Braves who are in class 1A. Those who are over the draft age are Herzog, Konetchy, Ragan and Hughes. But all of them are on record as pledged to farming, shipbuilding, munitions making or similarly essential industries or occupations when once the season closes.

SMALLEST CLASS IN YEARS GRADUATES FROM Y.M.C.A. COLLEGE AT SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Thirty-eight men, comprising the smallest class in many years, received diplomas at the commencement of the Y.M.C.A. college here today. The class, originally numbering more than 100, has been reduced by enlistments and the demand for war workers. Fifteen men were graduated in the secretarial and 23 in the physical course. S. K. Ratcliffe of London, was the commencement speaker. At the commencement dinner tonight, Herbert L. Pratt of New York will preside and the speakers will include Franklin A. Cayford, for 18 years senior secretary of the Russian Y.M.C.A. at Moscow.

The strength of the ostrich is prodigious. He can disembowel a horse or kick through a sheet of corrugated iron. To an unprotected man in the open an ostrich is as dangerous as the lion. Many have lost their lives through ignorance of his strength, his speed and his implacable ferocity.

BOSTON BRAVES PLEDGE THEIR SERVICES

BOSTON, June 6.—Every one of the Braves went on record yesterday as ready to enter the employ of Uncle Sam in any capacity at the end of the present championship season. This action was taken at a meeting of the players in the clubhouse under the grandstand at the Wigwam, and this declaration of intention will be forwarded to the authorities at Washington.

There will be no idling for the Braves between seasons. This includes all the players, not merely those who are within the draft age, or those who have been placed in class 1A. They busied for the recreation and amusement of hundreds of thousands is a non-useful occupation. But if the government does not take them from baseball during the season they want to get busy in those pursuits which the government will term "useful."

Powell, Kelly, Rehn and Fillingim are the four Braves who are in class 1A. Those who are over the draft age are Herzog, Konetchy, Ragan and Hughes. But all of them are on record as pledged to farming, shipbuilding, munitions making or similarly essential industries or occupations when once the season closes.

SMALLEST CLASS IN YEARS GRADUATES FROM Y.M.C.A. COLLEGE AT SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Thirty-eight men, comprising the smallest class in many years, received diplomas at the commencement of the Y.M.C.A. college here today. The class, originally numbering more than 100, has been reduced by enlistments and the demand for war workers. Fifteen men were graduated in the secretarial and 23 in the physical course. S. K. Ratcliffe of London, was the commencement speaker. At the commencement dinner tonight, Herbert L. Pratt of New York will preside and the speakers will include Franklin A. Cayford, for 18 years senior secretary of the Russian Y.M.C.A. at Moscow.

The strength of the ostrich is prodigious. He can disembowel a horse or kick through a sheet of corrugated iron. To an unprotected man in the open an ostrich is as dangerous as the lion. Many have lost their lives through ignorance of his strength, his speed and his implacable ferocity.

BOSTON BRAVES PLEDGE THEIR SERVICES

BOSTON, June 6.—Every one of the Braves went on record yesterday as ready to enter the employ of Uncle Sam in any capacity at the end of the present championship season. This action was taken at a meeting of the players in the clubhouse under the grandstand at the Wigwam, and this declaration of intention will be forwarded to the authorities at Washington.

There will be no idling for the Braves between seasons. This includes all the players, not merely those who are within the draft age, or those who have been placed in class 1A. They busied for the recreation and amusement of hundreds of thousands is a non-useful occupation. But if the government does not take them from baseball during the season they want to get busy in those pursuits which the government will term "useful."

Powell, Kelly, Rehn and Fillingim are the four Braves who are in class 1A. Those who are over the draft age are Herzog, Konetchy, Ragan and Hughes. But all of them are on record as pledged to farming, shipbuilding, munitions making or similarly essential industries or occupations when once the season closes.

SMALLEST CLASS IN YEARS GRADUATES FROM Y.M.C.A. COLLEGE AT SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Thirty-eight men, comprising the smallest class in many years,

SCHOOL GRADUATIONS

This is the time of school graduations when some pupils will pass from the grammar school to the high and many others go out to seek their life work.

As usual the graduate will be given abundant advice, much of which he will let pass with indifference despite the fact that it is just what he needs.

It is characteristic of the young to have self-confidence, and to scout the advice of their elders; but they usually change their minds when it is too late.

To the boy leaving school, the best advice that can be given is, to find a calling for which he has natural aptitudes, one in which he can quite reasonably hope for success. To enter a business for which he has no qualification to ensure even moderate success is the surest road to failure.

To work in a blind alley from which there is no advance upward or onward, will dwarf the faculties and ruin any boy or any man.

It is always well to be able to look ahead to something higher and better. It is thus that ambition is inspired, without which there is no effort made to succeed.

What are the elements needed for success? Here they are:

- Education, industry, Ambition, self control, Tact and pluck, with honesty, Should bear you to your goal.

Remember the goal. It is necessary to set a goal to which every effort will be directed. It will not do to attempt too many things or change from one to another unless to correct a palpable blunder. Behind or directing these elements is character and will power to keep to the right path, to the single aim and not to let slight difficulties bring discouragement.

The matter of self-control or self-government is very important. It is that which gives stability, without which all the other qualities however brilliant are useless.

It is necessary for the boy to decide early as to his life work. Otherwise he will never attain excellence in it. Boys who get a chance to learn some trade in which they can make a decent livelihood should not be too particular as to their wages. Under the old apprenticeship system, unfortunately now almost unknown, boys were bound to serve an apprenticeship of several years at nominal wages. Such boys usually knew their trade when their apprenticeship closed. It would be very foolish to lose an opportunity to learn a good trade on a question of higher wages. The trade will enable him to meet future opportunities; the wages hardly ever.

STREET FATALITIES

Fifty-four persons were killed by automobiles in New York city in the month of May as compared with forty in the same month last year. It appears that the danger from motor cars is increasing or else that the people are becoming more reckless. During the same period there were three fatalities from trolley cars.

What is true of New York is true of most cities—the motor vehicles are the chief menace to public safety. The menace which shares equally in the street fatalities is the recklessness of children and the inexplicable complacency of parents while their children are exposing themselves to danger of instant death almost every hour of the day.

To reduce the number of fatalities from motor vehicles, two things are necessary, one to make the drivers more cautious, and the other to have the children and their elders observe the usual precautions for safety.

Here in Lowell we have a considerable number of serious accidents, fatal and otherwise, due chiefly to carelessness, thoughtlessness and the grave blunder of allowing very young children to run the streets at will without any protection. East Merrimack street has had more accidents to young children than any other short street in Lowell, yet children under five years of age are still allowed to run at large on that thoroughfare because perhaps their parents are employed in the mills. The parents in such cases are guilty of criminal neglect.

MANY BOW-LEGGED CHILDREN

In the conservation of children we wish to offer a suggestion which refers chiefly to children under five years of age, yet to some over that age. We refer to the astonishing number of bow-legged children. They are met on the street, on East Merrimack street, Fayette and other streets, and although they are growing up with a deformity that will greatly handicap their future usefulness, nobody seems to take any interest in their cases.

These children are suffering from a muscular deformity that can be cured if taken in time. Why not hold a special clinic of surgeons for the benefit of these children, of whom there are probably fifty in Lowell?

If they are allowed to grow up with bowed legs, they will be objects of pity wherever they go, and they will have reason through life to reflect upon their guilty parents. Should they be called upon for military service, they would be rejected as unfit on account of their bowed legs, however acceptable in other respects.

It would be a great act of charity to compel the parents of these children to submit them for examination and for such treatment as would effect a cure of their deformity. It would certainly be strictly in line with the conservation movement started to reduce the infant mortality.

ULTIMATE VICTORY ASSURED

The supreme war council has full confidence in the ultimate triumph of the allied cause. This conclusion has been arrived at in face of the enemy's

great advance and his threatened advance to Paris and the channels. Full confidence is also expressed in the ability of General Foch to handle the situation despite the claims of the enemy to assured victory.

The presence of an American army ready for action and of the great service of the American navy has inspired this belief in the ultimate triumph of our cause.

Of course no sane American ever had any different opinion, although croaking pessimists and German propagandists have tried to convince the world to the contrary.

NOW FOR THE COUNTER BLOW

The German drive has been definitely stopped and now it remains for the Allies to fall upon the Huns with all possible haste and force. The tactics adopted in the past of stopping when they stop and letting them prepare almost unmolested for another drive was a grave mistake. All the supplies the Allies had gathered were captured and all the fortifications they had made with such care were lost.

The duty of General Foch now is to strike that counter blow. Now or never is the word. To let the Germans fall back and rest until ready for another drive would be fatal madness. If the Allies have any power or courage left, now is the time to show it.

IDLENESS IS BARRED

It would be a very serious calamity if a strike or shut down caused any considerable number of operatives to be idle in New Bedford, Lowell or any other city. This is a time when all parties should be willing to compromise rather than bring about a state of affairs that would in the slightest degree militate against our progress in the war. This is a time for conservative action on all sides with a willingness to be fair and to do the right thing at the right time. While the enemy is operating at our doors our main business is to fight him with all our might and to do this nobody can afford to be idle.

GUARDING OUR TRANSPORTS

It is not improbable that one of the functions of the visiting submarines will be to lay mines in the steamship lanes so that transports may be sunk without any chance of hitting the enemy. To guard against this danger it will be necessary to have a mine sweeper precede every transport in order to clear its path of these treacherous explosives set as traps by the "subs." This is but the least of the precautions that will have to be adopted to protect the troopships.

CRUCIFIED AMERICANS

Herbert L. Pratt of Brooklyn on his return from France where he has been engaged in Y.M.C.A. work, has stated publicly that the American troops on the Toul front found two of their comrades crucified. It is difficult to believe such stories and yet if this statement by Mr. Pratt be not true, then he is no better than a mere faker. Reports of similar barbarities have been frequently brought to the allied

armies and unless met by counter proof they must stand as genuine.

LODGE'S ASSURANCE

Senator Lodge after visiting the navy department gave out a statement to the effect that there is no need to worry, that everything that can be done is being done to stop the submarines. That assurance is very encouraging and it is appreciated coming from Mr. Lodge who has been in the habit of criticizing first and investigating after.

WOMEN AS AVIATORS

It is proposed to employ women as aviators in England. We submit that women may be found who would make good aviators under favorable conditions; but as airmen ready to meet an attacking squadron, we draw the line on women. Fighting in the air is probably the most thrilling and fatal form of warfare, because if either the machine or the aviator becomes disabled, there is no escape from a fatal fall.

In the death of former Vice President Fairbanks the nation loses a distinguished citizen, who, in his day, was recognized as a staunch republican leader. Coming from the pivotal state of Indiana he was drafted for republican service on several occasions with the hope that he would swing the state for the party. This he did with remarkable success.

The only consolation the Kaiser could offer his people at their disappointment over unfulfilled promises of victory, was that whole stretches of

beautiful and fertile country in France have been reduced to hideous deserts. That such a statement would give satisfaction to the Germans shows that they have been reduced to a mental condition bordering barbarism.

SEEN AND HEARD

You have no reason to be ashamed of your poverty if you acquired it honestly.

It might be well to prepare a piece of smoked glass in readiness for the partial eclipse of the sun Saturday, beginning at 6.32 p. m. eastern time, and becoming central at 7.26. If the day is clear the eclipse will be plainly visible in Lowell. It is a recurrence of the eclipse of May 28, 1900.

A Contented Community

Yarmouthport, down on Cape Cod, is entitled to at least one notable distinction. There isn't a house for sale or to let in the place according to the Yarmouth Register. Plus place for a real estate agent to Hooverize.—Brockton Enterprise.

World's Largest Coffee Pot

Coffee for troops passing through the Long Island railroad terminal at Long Island City, N. Y., is being made by women of the Long Island City Chapter, American Red Cross, in what is believed to be the largest coffee urn in the world. It has a tank of 205 gallons' capacity. It has been the practice of the chapter to supply hot coffee and sandwiches to all soldiers passing through the city, whether they arrive by day or night. With increased movement facilities were found totally inadequate.

Behold! Doorgirl is Here

The doorgirl has arrived in New York, making her appearance at a Fifth avenue millinery shop. The manner in which she opens limousine doors for milady indicates she is a permanent fixture so far as women's shops are concerned. She takes the

HOW TO GET RID OF RHEUMATISM

"Fruit-a-tives" Point the Way to Quick Relief

"I suffered for a number of years with Rheumatism and severe Pains in my Side and Back, caused by strains and heavy lifting. When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended 'Fruit-a-tives' (or Fruit Liver Tablets) to me and after using the first box I felt so much better that I continued to take them; and now I am enjoying the best of health."

VERONA.

W. M. LAMPSON, 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, by FRUIT-A-TIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

place of the former gayly decorated doorman. The first little miss seen on the avenue was attired up to the minute in pleated tan short skirt and leggings, topped over by a full short military coat of black shiny leather that she softly crushed into the slim belt and given a further air of the military by the khaki aviator's cap.

Dangles Over Washington Street The task of painting the 65-foot flagpole which runs out of the fourth floor of the Talbot company's building at 355 Washington street, Boston, was mere child's play for John Jo-

MOTHERS OF BOYS often tell us of the real comfort they find in dressing their boys here— Everything at hand in one department—from hats to shoes, suits to underwear and furnishing goods that boys from 3 years to 18 wear. Wash Suits for boys 3 years to 9—undoubtedly a larger assortment than you can find in all other stores in Lowell combined—all new—and most of the lots are exclusive novelties. Prices \$1.50 to \$3.50 Middy Blouse, Junior Norfolk and Jack Tar Sailor Suits, very new and very smart models—most of these suits have separate white pique collars and cuffs, \$3.50 to \$12.00 Norfolk Suits for boys 8 years to 18—mighty attractive homespun and cheviots and blue serges. Several models illustrating the ideas accepted by the best New York city trade.....\$5.00 to \$15.00 The most attractive collection of hats for boys and girls that we've ever shown—Straw hats, Panama hats, Crash hats, Cloth hats—and all sorts of caps, from 50c to \$3.50 Putnam & Son Co. 166 CENTRAL STREET

Ask the boys who know how to make a Welsh Rabbit what blend means. They'll tell you

YOU know how it is at a regular party. About the time the old folks at home are beginning to think about winding up the cat and putting the clock out—

And the Jazz band is resting up to get its second wind—

Then some bright little suggester says: "Let's make a Welsh Rabbit."

Atta boy!

You drag out the silver-plated stew-pan and elect some gifted guy as head mixer, and he starts putting the things together.

Never mind what he puts in it—he's the only man that knows—but when he gets everything blended right, hats off to the Welsh Rabbit king!

It's the word blend that tells the story.

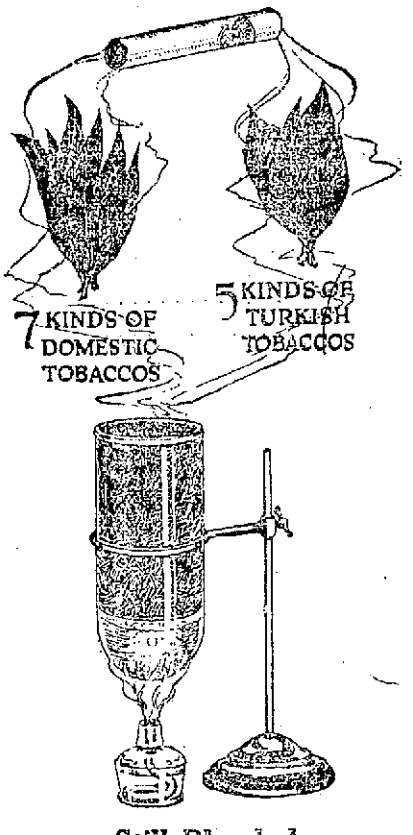
The blend idea has made Mecca the favorite cigarette with over a million smokers.

There are twelve mighty choice tobaccos used in Mecca cigarettes—five Turkish and seven American—but you don't taste the flavor of any one of them separately when you take a deep drag. The only flavor you get is the good old Mecca flavor.

No one tobacco has everything you want in a cigarette.

Each of the twelve tobaccos in Mecca cigarettes is picked for a special purpose. One for fragrance, another for smoothness, still another for body—to let you know you're really smoking—and so on down the line.

Here's how the still-blending process works. The different tobaccos are not just mixed, but are placed together in the blending-still. Then moist heat is passed through until all the different flavors are drawn into one—the flavor that has made Mecca cigarettes known from one end of the country to the other.



Still-Blended

By the Mecca still-blending process, moist heat is passed through these twelve selected tobaccos. The full rich flavor of each is drawn out, and merged into one, much as the full flavor of tea is drawn out by steeping. Only in this way can be obtained the true Mecca flavor.

MECCA CIGARETTES YOU WOULD HAVE TO BE A MILLIONAIRE to buy the total output of the Mecca factory for only twenty days. The American Tobacco Co. INCORPORATED

hansen, but the efforts of the steeplejack to balance himself caused thousands of pedestrians to catch their breath. It was Johansen's second trip out to the end of the weatherbeaten pole and he had no misgivings when he was dangling over the thoroughfare with no support other than his hands and legs, nearly 100 feet in the air and nothing below him but "live" trolley wires and the wooden blocks of the street.

The Day's Best Yarn Mrs. Mamie Colvin, New York's recent prohibition candidate for congress, said in a stump speech:

"But there's another side to this question. If liquor on the man's part causes divorce, recklessness on the woman's part causes it also. 'I once knew a girl—she's divorced today, of course—who was warned by a friend, 'If you marry that man, I warn you, my dear, that he'll lead a double life.' 'Well, said the girl recklessly, 'I don't marry him I'll lead a single one, and that's worse.'"

Today's 'if' in Business

The man in business is using one short word of two letters more than he ever did before. In his life—the word "if." No longer does he make definite promises. He says "If I can get the goods," "If there's any in the market," "If the express will take the shipment," "If that color is in stock," and so on for an infinite number of "ifs." Nothing is certain or stable in the world of buying or selling today. Prices double over night. Materials suddenly become unobtainable at any price. The government every day takes over more factories and further complicates a situation already as bad as need be.—Whitman Times.

Lip Droppers You know, some birds are always kicking and panicking. Everything is all wrong with them. Them, except themselves. Now, those guys are sure living a tough existence. The odds are all against them, they moan. Any able-bodied gink who thinks he's always getting a bum shuffle. Bend your ear this way

A second In a stool counter Restaurant where we do the sword swallowing act. Every noon, we see a gent. But he doesn't see us. Or anybody. He's about 45 years old, and he's always grinning, and kidding "Lukie," the Hash Juggler.

"Say, Lukie! I think you're joshing me. What did you do to the handle of this cup, just take it out of the store? It's hotter'n flares!" and he laughs. He's always laughing. He lives in a world of darkness. He's blind. But he ain't kicking!

Our Soldiers' Sacrifice

Above all things we should praise and render thanks to the valor of the British soldier, who, each in his own conflict with the enemy and death, has been so unflinchingly true to duty. His conduct has won tributes of admiration from even his foe. Like Christian of old in the great battle with Apollon, in that "wilderness, that land of deserts, and of pits, of drought and of the shadow of death, he has fought a good fight, to the very end. Against overwhelming numbers, against weapons more terrible than any the past ever knew—against death from aircraft, against death from the poison in the air that chokes and burns, against death through streams of liquid fire, through nine days of roaring battle, he has stood firm. The ages have not forgotten and never will forget the Spartans who died at Thermopylae and the Athenians who perished at Marathon. Nor will they forget the deeds of the British soldiers who—like them—have fallen that the

world might be free.—From the London, England, Mail.

Speculation

I wonder what I used to be in days I can't recall? I wonder what I used to be in incarnations past? I know when spring starts glory vines a-climbin' up the wall. And we are past the winter and sun-showers come at last. And birds are buildin' in the trees, I want to rise and go. And leave the home I'm in and build. My soul is strangely stirred. To build a new home somewhere else. There is no way to know. What I was ages gone, but I believe I was a bird.

I don't look much like any bird the world has ever known. Unless it was the Dodo, which is now extinct and gone. But when the springtime clouds across the azure sky are blown. And when the birds start in to build with the first streaks of dawn, I feel I'd like to build a shack up in some woodland tree. Where of days the cool winds whisper, and night's crooning whistles are heard.

There is no way to learn about the thing I used to be. But I believe, down in my heart, I used to be a bird.

Trees fascinate me so. I look to where bird-nests are swung— But my wife laughs at my bird lurch, and tells me it may be That some of my ancestors might have been caught up and hung. And that is why the trees have such a strong hold over me; And she says monkeys live in trees— and then I go outdoors. And get so far away from her that her voice can't be heard; She may think I was a monkey, but, while I do my chores, I sort of feel that in my soul I must have been a bird.

JUD MORTIMER LEWIS, in Houston Post.

75,000 WOMEN TO PUSH SALE OF WAR SAVINGS STAMPS IN BAY STATE

BOSTON, June 6.—Seventy-five thousand women are to be organized into committees to push the sale of war savings stamps in Massachusetts, as a result of the failure of a committee of men to get results during the past few weeks. The allotment for Massachusetts has been fixed at \$78,000,000, and the women will attempt to reach this goal by June 28, though to date only \$8,000,000 worth of stamps have been sold. Mrs. George T. Rice of Weston has been placed in charge of the women's organizations with district leaders in every county.

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS FOR CONSTIPATION have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion. Genuine bears signature. PALE FACES Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood. Carter's Iron Pills Will help this condition

MEN IN YANKEE DESTROYERS WISE TO GERMAN SEA TRICKS

BY SEAMAN R. W. BURKE, OF THE U.S.S. "—"

In the war zone you have to keep a sharp lookout and report everything that you see—seaweed, birds, driftwood, anything at all. If you don't you get a "call down."

The fellows on the masthead ought to be able to report a thing many miles ahead of the bridge. If anybody on the bridge spots a thing ahead of the man on the masthead the "old man" will bowl out the unlucky seaman. It is a pretty serious offense to let anything get by you.

Seaweed may be camouflage. The Germans tie a lot of it together and sit just under the water with the periscopes sticking right up among the seaweed.

One day we were conveying a big transport with an American army base hospital on it, a whole hospital equipped with doctors, nurses and everything on board. We were cruising along at 20 knots or so when we saw a capsule lifeboat sitting on the water. We never thought anything of it. You see hundreds of capsized boats running awash like that.

Suddenly the boat turned, came to life as it were and started right towards us. The "old man" called down the fore-castle and told them to cut away at her. They started firing before they had time to ring up "general quarters."

The first shot hit her. It was the best shot I ever saw. It hit her in the center. Sure enough there was the periscopes right there!

We crossed over and we tried to ram her but were too late. She had submerged so we dropped a depth charge. We got that sub all right because the oil that came up spread for miles around.

One submarine captured by our destroyers had a periscope only one and a quarter inches in diameter. This periscope stood, but a foot out of the water and was visible less than 30 seconds so you can see how much time you have to spot a periscope in the water. The periscopes are painted pearl gray, about the color of the sea.

These U-boats are camouflaged like our merchant ships with green wavy lines running fore and aft, or lines of light blue or indigo that just match up with the water. The destroyers look like blocks of peppermint candy—quite different from the old battle green.

All Kinds of Tricks

The Germans have all kinds of tricks. We have heard fellows on other destroyers tell how they came along the coast among a lot of little fishing boats and had suddenly seen some merchant or passenger ship blown up and no submarine in sight—only these little fishing boats one of which however had mysteriously submerged. The Germans get hold of one of these little boats and take the crew off, or shoot them maybe, or take them on board and make them prisoners. The fishermen cannot give them much information so they do not bother to make them prisoners always, they get rid of them I guess. They take this little fishing boat and tie it on the top of their submarine and then go peacefully along.

It is a tough game. You are not fighting a man who will come up and fight. You are just going after a sneak and you have to be looking after him all the time. That is why he has it on you. A good many times he

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN GROCERIES

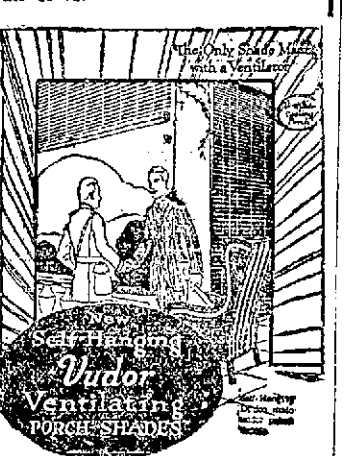
Imported Olive Oil and Macaroni. Full line of Fruits, Candies and Tobacco.

Joe and Susie Carpenito
132-134 GORHAM ST.

WARM WEATHER GOODS

Make your piazza into a living room. We have them in all sizes.

VUDOR SHADES
The Only Shade Made with a Ventilator



HAMMOCKS
COUCH HAMMOCKS
\$5.50 to \$20.00

Regular hammocks are becoming popular again. We have a fine line.

WHITE MOUNTAIN FREEZERS
1 Pint to 20 Quarts

LAWN MOWERS
A few left of our special sale mowers\$5.00

We have a complete line of Philadelphia mowers.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

can get away before you can get near him. He can see you a couple of miles off and you cannot see the periscope a couple of miles off.

NINE WERE KILLED IN TRAIN COLLISION

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 6.—An engine from Burlington with a crew of railroad workmen, most of them riding on the pilot, in the darkness of the tunnel under North avenue yesterday, crashed into the mixed train from the east known as the Burlington and Lamotte, with the result that nine men were killed and eight were injured. The dead are:

Engineer L. B. Andrews, Burlington. Fireman C. H. Scott, Jeffersonville. Henry Foster, Cambridge Junction, head brakeman of the mixed train. Engineer Eli Griffin, Burlington. Fireman Fred Benoit, Burlington, of the light engine.

Victor Companion, Burlington, machinist. C. C. Churchill, Burlington, spare fireman. A. Shequin, Burlington, roundhouse employee.

Frank Girard, Burlington, car inspector. A hearing before the public service commission will be held Monday. It is said that the mixed train should have been held at Winslow until the light engine arrived.

On account of the nature of the wreck it was almost impossible to get at the wreckage, and it was hours before the bodies of the dead were recovered, although they were in plain sight.

A wrecking train from St. Albans arrived at noon. Three engines were attached to a cable fastened to the wreckage, but the cable parted, and acetylene torches were necessary to melt the steel of the jammed locomotives.

There was only one passenger coach on the mixed train and no passengers. The conductor, James Berry of Richmond, is suffering from shock and serious bruises. Those who died in the wreck, not killed outright, were scalded to death by steam in the tunnel, which for the time being became a great oven, as it was choked up at both ends.

Six other workmen on the light engine were injured. Four stand a chance of recovery, but the conditions of Eugene Enna, roundhouse employee, and John E. Fitzsimmons,

are serious. Mr. Jones is taking care of lots in the cemetery on his own hook, even though that is contrary to the rules of the cemetery. Mr. Jones admitted taking care of lots and said Mr. Webster had preferred the charge against him simply because he (Mr. Jones) would not do what Mr. Webster wanted him to do. Mr. Webster said Mr. Jones had taken the job to care for a certain lot and consequently he should water the plants in the run on the said lot.

Chairman Rigby then said a complaint had been made that Mr. Everett, an employee, had solicited the care of lots during working hours. Mr. Everett denied the charge but admitted doing work after working hours. He said lot owners have called at his home and asked him to look after lots. He said

the statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

Your Garden

ARE YOUR PLANTS SICK?

"Send for a doctor, quick!"

If any member of the family were sick, this is what you probably would say. But when any of the members of his garden family are attacked by disease, the war gardener usually will have to apply the prescription himself.

Today's bulletin from the national war garden commission. A few pointers on garden diseases, therefore, will be timely and helpful. For our purpose today we will divide the diseases into two groups, those which cause the plants to wilt and die without showing any outside evidences of disease, and those which kill the plants bit by bit until they are all dried up. To the first class belong the tomato, cucumber and muskmelon wilt, etc., and to the latter the blights, mildews and leaf spots of tomato, potato, bean, etc.

The wilt diseases are caused by the very smallest fragments of life called bacteria. They work inside the plant and clog it up so that it chokes. The only remedy is to pull up the wilted plants and burn them. Before you pull them up, be sure the soil is not caused by dry weather or by a worm in the stem of the plant near the ground.

The other diseases are called fungus diseases, because they are really caused by tiny invisible plants, which are parasites living upon other plants. They show up in the form of discolored spots or positions of leaves or stems which die and may drop off. These are prevented or controlled by spraying with various remedies at certain times, which will be fully explained later. Complete information as to how to control these various diseases is contained in the free war garden primer, which any reader of this paper can have for a two-cent stamp for postage, by writing to the national war garden commission, Washington.

he is now caring for about 90 lots and does grading and charges \$10 a lot or \$2 less than the department.

Mr. Taylor said the matter was not clear to him, whether a rule preventing employees from doing work on their own account in the cemetery should be enforced. The chairman asked Mr. Taylor if he thought it would be right for him to set up a sarsaparilla business in order to compete with his employer after working hours, and the reply was in the negative.

Supt. Duckworth of the cemetery stated that he had never seen Mr. Everett doing private work during the hours he is supposed to be working for the department. He said he does not know what Mr. Everett does after working hours. Mrs. Riordan, clerk of the board, said previous boards had put a stop to any such work being done by the employees, while Mr. Osgood stated that if that sort of thing is allowed, the department, which is being run on its receipts, will soon be seriously affected. Both matters were taken under advisement.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

Mr. Taylor and Chairman Rigby were appointed a committee to have charge of building an addition to the office building at the Edison cemetery after Mr. Taylor had reported favorably on the tentative plans prepared by Architect Perley F. Gilbert. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to the call of the chair.

THE CARE OF LOTS

Charge Cemetery Employees With Cutting Rates

Edward Jones and Charles F. Everett, two employees of the cemetery department, were questioned by the cemetery commissioners at a meeting held yesterday afternoon relative to charges against them for doing cemetery work at cut rates after working hours. After hearing both sides of the case, the commissioners took the matters under advisement.

John F. Webster, a man who takes private work at the cemetery, but who is not employed by the department, was the party who brought the charge against Mr. Jones. He claimed that Mr. Jones is taking care of lots in the cemetery on his own hook, even though that is contrary to the rules of the cemetery. Mr. Jones admitted taking care of lots and said Mr. Webster had preferred the charge against him simply because he (Mr. Jones) would not do what Mr. Webster wanted him to do. Mr. Webster said Mr. Jones had taken the job to care for a certain lot and consequently he should water the plants in the run on the said lot.

Chairman Rigby then said a complaint had been made that Mr. Everett, an employee, had solicited the care of lots during working hours. Mr. Everett denied the charge but admitted doing work after working hours. He said lot owners have called at his home and asked him to look after lots. He said

the statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

AMERICANS PENETRATE GERMAN POSITIONS

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Penetration of enemy positions in Picardy and Lorraine by American patrols, which inflicted losses upon the enemy in killed and wounded, was reported last night in Gen. Pershing's communique. In the Woëvre, artillery fighting has diminished.

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

"Patrolling activity continues in Picardy and in Lorraine where our troops penetrated the enemy positions and inflicted losses in killed and wounded. In the Woëvre artillery fighting has diminished."

The statement follows:

We Set Tire Standards

Why is it that United States Tires are setting new records for mileage and serviceability?

Why is it that the sales of these tires are constantly mounting by leaps and bounds?

The answer is found in the factories where United States Tires are made.

Standards of construction for these tires are higher than ever before known in the tire industry.

Makers of tire fabrics tell us that the standards we have given them for United States Tire fabrics are higher than any previously known.

Likewise through every process of construction from crude rubber to finished tires—we have set new and higher standards everywhere.

These standards work out on your car in the practical economy demanded by war-times.

LOWELL'S OWN SOLDIERS PARADE AND ENTERTAIN

It was "Military Night" in Lowell last evening when Co. C of the 302nd Machine Gun Battalion of Camp Devens journeyed to Lowell, heralded as "Lowell's Own" soldiers, and entertained 2000 people at the Casino in Thordike street as well as several thousand additional along the down-town streets early in the evening when a street parade was held.

The evening's entertainment was a "triple-attraction" affair. About 125 members of the company came to the city early in the evening under command of Lieut. T. E. Voigt. Shortly after 7.30 a line was formed at the Middlesex street station and proceeded through Dutton, Merrimack, Central, Middlesex and Thordike streets to the Casino.

Here a fairly large crowd was on hand to greet the olive drab men and this was augmented especially as the evening wore on. The second part of the program consisted of a generous program of dance numbers with music furnished by Markham's orchestra.

Dancing continued until 10.15, when an intermission was held and an exhibition drill staged by the members of the company. The soldiers showed the result of their extensive training "up here" in an emphatic fashion, and each command was carried out with a snap and precision that more than won the applause of the crowd. After the drill, dancing was resumed and continued well into midnight. One of the pleasing features was the contribution of some old-time music by "Joe" Hibbard.

Lieut. Voigt was assisted by Sergt. George F. Boland, Corp. William Mul-ton, Privates George Clark, Ernest Bechard, William Conroy and Edward Sheehan. Lieut. Voigt, as well as all the members of the company, were well pleased with the reception received here and a substantial sum was added to the company athletic fund as a result of last evening's entertainment. To round out the happiness of the occasion, Charles Bunker, owner of the Casino, volunteered the use of the building to the company at any time that Lieut. Voigt might be desired.

CAUGHT IN ACT OF GIVING LIQUOR TO SOLDIER

Patrick J. Clooney, who claims to live in Hudson, N. H., was arrested in East Merrimack street last night by members of the vice squad for aiding and abetting the sale of liquor to a soldier. The evening he was taken to Camp Devens by Sergt. David Petrie where he was given a hearing before Federal Commissioner Maloney. Clooney was seen in company with a soldier and owing to the suspicious actions of the former the police followed the pair and eventually saw Clooney pass a bottle of liquor to the soldier. The police caught him in the act and took him and the liquor to the police station.

KEEPING SAMMY WELL
The court of last resort when Sammy wants to get away from his soldiering duties for a while and says he's ill, is Col. J. W. Van Dusen, the army medical corps official who passes on all doubtful physical exams of officers and enlisted men in the whole army.

Colonel Van Dusen determines whether a man is fit physically for promotion or a commission and passes on all sick leaves and discharges. At a range of several thousand miles he can better size up Sammy's physical condition than the average man standing within a few feet of him. But, of course he has all the "dope" on the case, that is to say, he has that particular Sammy well card indexed in questions and answers.

ASHLAND BOY WENT TO CAMP DEVENS YESTERDAY AND ENLISTED

CAMP DEVENS, June 6.—Earl Pratt of Ashland was the majority of New England boys who were required to register yesterday one better. He was 21 years old a short time ago and under the selective service law was required to register before 9 last night. But instead he came all the way to Camp Devens and enlisted voluntarily. He was assigned to the Ammunition Train and he is mighty well pleased with himself, as he figures he has several jumps on the other boys who registered yesterday. When they arrive here he will be a seasoned doughboy. He plays a cornet and is already in the Ammunition Train band.

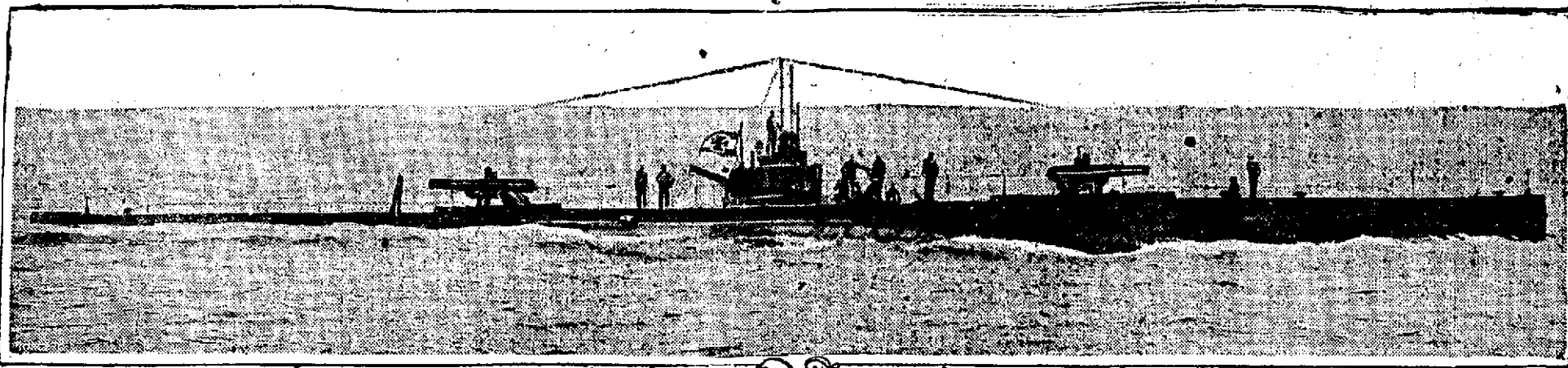
PROMOTING RESPECT FOR THE FLAG

The superintendent of schools has invited Major Walter R. Jeyes, military instructor at the high school, to visit with him as many as possible of the summer schools of the city on Friday, June 15. The purpose of the visit is to impress upon the boys in the schools the importance of the part they can play in promoting proper respect for and courtesy to the national colors when they appear in parade and in public places. The teachers in the schools have already done fine work with the children in cultivating in them a love and deep regard for the flag of their country; the children know and regularly perform the "Salute to the Flag," but we wish now to enlist them in the work of improving the general public behavior toward the flag.

REDUCTIONS IN DIVIDENDS

NEW YORK, June 6.—Reductions in the quarterly dividends of the China, Ray and Nevada Copper Companies, known as the Porphyry group, were announced today, the reason given being "mounting costs, excessive war taxes and the 23½ cent copper price." The China dividend was reduced from \$1.50 to \$1.00 and the Ray and Nevada dividends were reduced from \$1.00 to 75 cents in each case.

PREPARE FOR BOMBARDMENT OF U. S. CITIES IS MESSAGE OF U-BOATS OFF OUR COAST



LATEST HUN SUPER-SUBMARINE, SUCH AS MAY RAID U. S. COAST

This picture of the latest type of German super-submarine was printed recently in the Dutch daily Die Amsterdammer, and reproduced in English newspapers, from one of which this copy was made. It agrees to some extent with the descriptions made by survivors of the U-boats that have been sinking vessels off the U. S. coast from New York, carrying as it does, two guns mounted on the deck and one on the superstructure. So far as known, no actual photographs of this latest sea-monster have been received in the United States.

By F. M. KERRY, Special Staff Dispatch.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Bombardment of undefended coastal towns on the Atlantic seaboard, air raids by hydro-airplanes brought over by large cruiser submarines, and extension of the danger zone to all shipping in the Atlantic lane to Europe and South America, face America today, since German submarines have begun operations.

Fourteen months ago Henry Woodhouse, governor of the Aero club of America, pointed out to me the possibility of aerial raids on New York and our coastal cities, as a corollary of submarine activity on this side of the

Atlantic.

What seemed then a remote possibility is today an immediate probability.

America is for the first time face to face with real war at her very doors.

The sinking of American ships by the subs on this side is only a forerunner of what we may expect.

Certain action has already been taken by the government to prepare for such raids, but of course, if they grow an actuality, our air defense in all cities along the Atlantic and Gulf Coast, must be built up to rival the defenses of London and Paris.

Another thing that must be faced

is the bombardment of undefended coastal resorts.

The English watering places along the coast were repeatedly shelled by German light forces during the earlier part of the war, for two purposes—in a campaign of frightfulness by which the Hun has always thought he could frighten his opponent, and secondly, in an effort to cause such a demand for protection of the coast towns that the British grand fleet in the North Sea would be sent along the English coast to protect the towns, thus permitting the German high seas fleet to break through the cordon.

Neither result was achieved.

The British were not frightened, nor

did the British admiralty make the mistake of dispersing the fleet for the more protection of coast towns against raiders.

Such isolated raids, while they may do some damage to property, will have no effect on the war; neither will the bombardment from the air by submarine-mothered airplanes have a decisive effect.

Of course, adequate air defenses will be built up against such attacks, but raids of this character can only come at considerable intervals, and Germany will not be permitted to transfer the war from over there to over here.

Germany strategy, if it plans whole-

sale submarine operations on this side of the Atlantic, hopes to create such a reign of terror on this side that we may not continue to give effective aid to our allies abroad.

She hopes to divert us from our main purpose in the war, to the mere defense of our own coasts and shipping.

The naval machinery to meet submarine operations on this side was perfected long ago. It began to operate the day war was declared.

Today, many hundreds of scout craft of every kind, from light cruisers and destroyers down to motor launches, are patrolling the coast from end to end. Naval dirigibles and airplanes are increasing in numbers. Mining

and netting operations, are very extensive.

The naval reserve forces manning the coast patrol operations have had more than a year to perfect the offshore and inshore defenses against the submarine.

These men of "N. R. F.", sometimes jokingly referred to by other branches of the service as the "Never Reach France" men, now have the same opportunity to distinguish themselves as the hard-working seamen in the British navy trawler and motor launch service have had. The navy department believes they will give just as good an account of themselves.



NIGHT SORTIE CARRIED OUT BY INFANTRY GROUPS AT CAMP DEVENS

CAMP DEVENS, June 6.—With faces blackened, creeping inch by inch on their stomachs, while above their heads rockets broke and filled "No Man's Land" with a ghastly light, 150 men of the two infantry brigades in camp struggled last night to outmaneuver each other and force the opponents to such a position that they would be obliged to surrender or become "casualties."

The intelligence sections of the 301st and 402d Infantry regiments under Lieut. Henry and Wholen opposed the intelligence sections of the 303d and 304th Infantry regiments under Lieut. Ward and Fernberg. It was the first time flares and rockets have been used in a night "engagement" here.

Supervising it all was Lieut. E. G. Sandell of the Canadian army, who has gone through the real thing many times. He is instructor of the school for scouts and snipers here. With him was Capt. Norman Harrower, acting division intelligence officer, who, after watching the activities for a time, could not stand it any longer, and started out on a patrol by himself.

There were 32 men in each patrol, the remainder of the 75 on a side acting as sentries in the trenches and manning the small holes out toward the enemy wire as bombing patrols. The patrols of the 303d and 304th wore blue denim jackets over their uniforms to distinguish them from their opponents.

Though the flares lighted up the whole area, the patrols were undistinguishable from the trenches as they dropped flat at the crack of each rocket pistol. The sentries in the trenches fired blank ammunition at any patrol they saw and back on the machine-gun range the machine guns kept up a rattle that made it seem decidedly like the real thing. The maneuver started at dark and lasted until nearly midnight. The men were eager and somewhat excited and they enjoyed every minute of it.

Pacified Soldier Haxed

Private Joseph H. Quinn, who gives his home address as 147 Worthington street, Boston, yesterday was assigned to the 304 Company, Dept. Brigade, which is made up exclusively of conscientious objectors. He was drafted from St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Yesterday night, certain members of the company to which Quinn was assigned on reaching camp May 24, learned they were to lose him because he was opposed to war.

They gave him an old-fashioned hazing. With a pair of horse clippers they gave him a hair cut, which was fantastic according to reports. One said they tried to clip the hair so it

would take the shape of one of the kaiser's iron crosses. Then they stripped him and gave him a thorough scrubbing under a shower bath. Afterward they decorated his body with streaks of yellow, for which they used lodine.

All agree they were careful not to do Quinn bodily harm.

Another man sent to the conscientious objectors' company yesterday was Matthew A. Avedesian, who gives his address as 18 Oak street, Worcester. He came here April 29 and finally landed in the enemy alien company, but on objecting to this was yesterday transferred to the 334 Company.

5000 Aliens to Become Citizens

Arthur D. Grandison, clerk of the United States district court at Boston, is here supervising preliminary naturalization work. It was stated yesterday that there are nearly 5000 aliens in this camp to be naturalized.

They are busy filing their preliminary papers now at the rate of about 700 a day. Everything is being done to aid them in becoming citizens of the country whose uniform they wear. There are no fees attached to their naturalization and no first papers showing length of residence is required of them. When all the preliminary work is over a federal judge, or maybe two or three, will come to camp and administer the oath of allegiance. This promises to be an extremely impressive ceremony.

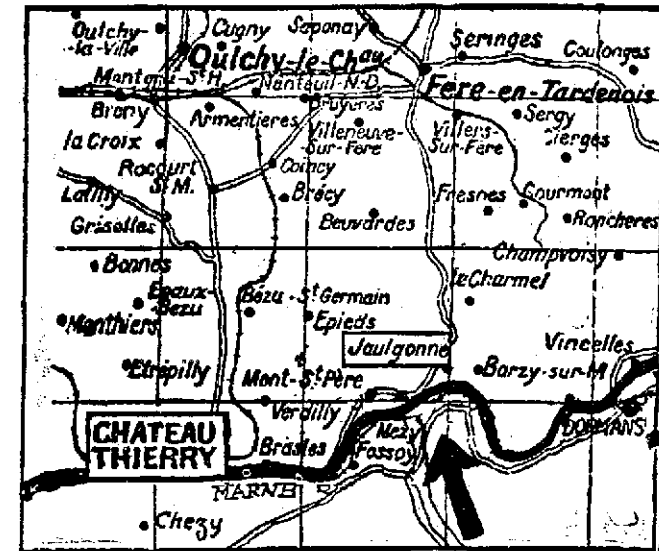
The battle at Still river continued yesterday. So far this week, the 16th Division has penetrated the enemies line to a depth of about two miles on the entire front. Yesterday afternoon, the infantry advance was stopped by a series of enemy machine gun nests. The infantry had to dig in while word was sent back to the artillery which, after a brisk bombardment, destroyed the machine gun emplacements and gave the infantry a chance to advance, taking their objective.

Tomorrow will mark the closing of the outdoor activities of the school for staff and field officers, and from morning until night the Still river sector will echo with the thunder of guns and the clash of combat.

New Remount Depot Hospital

The Remount Depot is looking decidedly brighter. There are several new buildings that have sprung up recently, including a two-story hospital and a grain elevator. The men have two acres of ground under cultivation and this will supply the depot with fresh vegetables for some time. Incidentally, 25 baby cots at the Remount Depot attract a great deal of attention from visitors.

The "plucking" board, appointed yesterday, is to meet June 6. Its duties are to investigate cases where the qualifications of officers are in question. Col. J. P. Preston of the 303d Infantry is chairman of the board.



AMERICAN TROOPS DRIVE HUNS ACROSS MARNE

Gen. Foch has thrown American reserves into the great second battle of the Marne.

United States troops on Tuesday attacked a German force which crossed the Marne south of Jaulgonne (indicated by the arrow on the map), and after a short but fierce fight threw them back across the stream and destroyed the bridges.

It was the first time the Germans had attempted to force a crossing of the famous river since the start of their drive, and America is to be congratulated that it was her own soldiers who frustrated the enemy.

The Americans captured 100 prisoners in the battle. They are also taking part in the Marne battle at Neuilly wood, according to the announcement of the French war office.

SUIT OF HAMPDEN R. R. AGAINST B. & M.

SPRINGFIELD, June 6.—Testimony tending to show the close relationship between the Hampden Railroad corporation and the Boston & Maine Railroad Co. during the construction of the Hampden road, was given in superior court today by four former directors of the Boston & Maine, who were called by the plaintiff in the suit of the Hampden corporation to recover a construction account of \$4,000,000 from the Boston & Maine.

These directors were Robert M. Burnett, of Southboro; William E. Greene, Frederick C. Dunlap, and James M. Prudden, all of Boston. It was testified that the proposed lease of the Hampden road by the Boston & Maine as well as truckage rights of the latter over the Hampden line, were discussed in the directors' meetings.

HOOVER OPPOSED TO BAN ON BEER

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Administration opposition to any attempt to stop the manufacture of beer and wine so long as the sale of whiskey is permitted was made certain yesterday with the announcement that Food Administrator Hoover opposed such a step, because he believed the evils attendant upon putting the nation on a "whiskey, brandy and gin" basis would far outweigh the small food savings that would result.

President Wilson already had stated in a letter to Senator Sheppard of Texas, prohibition champion, that he would not use his power to prohibit the use of foodstuffs in beer and wine unless Mr. Hoover regarded such a step necessary to the feeding of this country and the allies.

After the position of the president and the food administrator had been made known, Senator Sheppard and other senators said the senate would strike from the \$11,000,000 emergency agricultural bill a house amendment prohibiting the use of some \$5,000,000 carried by the measure unless manufacture of wine and beer was stopped by the president.

Senator Smith of South Carolina, chairman of the agriculture committee, upon his return to Washington last night, said he was inclined to oppose the amendment because a very small proportion of grain is being used in the production of alcoholic liquors since the distilling of whiskey was stopped last September, Senator

Smith said efforts would be made to have his committee take up the bill without delay.

Mr. Hoover explained his position in a statement made public last night along with his letter to Senator Sheppard. He said that "if the American people want prohibition they should prohibit by legislation to that end and not force the food administration to the responsibility for an orgy of drunkenness."

England threatens to make reprisals.

LONDON, June 6.—(British Admiralty per Wireless Press)—The sentence passed by a German court-martial in March on several British officers who were prisoners of war at Clausen has called from the British government a definite threat of reprisals. The following announcement was made on the subject in the house of commons:

"In the opinion of his majesty's government the sentence of seven months' imprisonment passed by the German authorities on these officers for an action which was incidental to an attempt to escape is in direct contravention of Paragraph 16 of The Hague agreement.

"The Netherlands minister at Berlin has been requested to take any action possible to secure a reduction of the sentences and to inform the German government that his majesty's government will be forced to interpret this paragraph in a manner similar to that in which it has been interpreted by the German authorities in this case unless the latter gives an assurance that such breaches of the agreement shall not recur."

LOWELL MEN REGISTER FOR NATIONAL DRAFT

A total of 795 men who are living in Lowell and who became 21 since June 5, 1917, registered at the offices of the four local exemption boards yesterday for the national draft. Registration continued today with a slight increase in the total, due to latecomers who were unable to register yesterday because of sickness or neglect.

Only a short time will be given all-day registrants to "sign up" and if their registration is not forthcoming within a few days, their names will be turned over to the police.

It is expected that the total will reach approximately 1000 in Lowell when all the eligible men have been registered. The apportionment of yesterday's registrations among the four divisions was as follows: Division 1, 201; division 2, 188; division 3, 231; division 4, 169.

WOULD INCREASE SALARY OF ALL FEDERAL JUDGES

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Salaries of judges of state courts in many localities have been increased more rapidly than those of federal judges, with the result that men of high talent are attracted more readily to the state benches, according to a report today by the house judiciary committee recommending a bill to increase the salaries of all United States district and circuit judges.

"It was shown to the judiciary committee that in recent years a number of able and efficient judges were compelled to leave the bench because their salaries were insufficient to maintain their families," declared Representative Steele of Pennsylvania in the report.

"Many judges remain on the bench at great financial sacrifice, simply because of their devotion to their judicial duties and the honor of their judicial position."

The present salary of United States district judges is \$6000 a year and of circuit judges \$7000. The bill would increase the minimum salary of district judges to \$8500 a year and provides a

graduated increase based on the population of the district, \$500 a year being proposed for each 500,000 of population in excess of the first 500,000.

Circuit judges would receive \$10000 a year more than the district judges with the same provision of increase up to \$11,000 a year.

"LIGHTS OUT" STILL IN FORCE IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, June 5.—Aviators who may have observed the effect of dimming the sky glare over New York city on Tuesday night and again last night, have recommended to the police department that further tests be made, and as a result the order for darkening the city will remain in effect tonight, and perhaps for many nights thereafter.

Viewing New York from a distance it was found that the glare had been largely eliminated and that particular points could not be distinguished.

When observers got over the city, however, they were able to trace its arteries with ease. The East river bridge stood out in strong relief with their framework and towers fully revealed.

The Royal Store

Corner Middlesex and King Sts.

BIG CUT PRICE SALE

Compare Our Prices With Those of Your Furnisher

HOSIERY

Men's Black, Brown and Palm Beach Hose, worth 30c, for 19c
Pure Silk Hose, black or gray, worth 45c, for... 29c
Shaw Knit Silk Hose, all shades, worth 50c, for 33c

HATS and CAPS

\$3.00 Straw Hats for..... 98c
\$1.00 Tailor Made Caps for..... 59c
\$2.00 Soft Hats for..... 98c
15c Black Shop Caps for..... 8c

SHIRTS

Good Summer Shirts, coat style, worth \$1.00, for 69c
Big Lot of Soft Shirts, worth \$1.50, for..... 75c
Men's Dress Shirts, pretty designs, soft or stiff cuff, worth \$1.50, for..... 98c
Black Working Shirts, worth \$1.15, for..... 85c
Blue Working Shirts, worth \$1.00, for..... 85c

UNDERWEAR

Shirts and Drawers, men's size, worth 50c, for... 39c
Men's Athletic Jersey Undershirts, worth 50c, for 19c
Men's Ribbed Union Suits, worth \$1.00, for..... 69c
R. E. G. Summer Union Suits, worth \$1.15, for 69c
50 Dozen Lot of Fancy Suspenders, worth 50c, for 23c
Men's Pad Garters, worth 15c, for..... 8c
Men's Silk Pad Garters, worth 25c, for..... 17c
Double Grip Garters, worth 35c, for..... 19c
Pretty Designs of Silk Neckwear, worth 65c, for 39c
Bat Ties, pure silk, worth 25c, for..... 17c

The Royal Store

373 MIDDLESEX ST., COR. KING ST.

Compact-Sweet
-Ready-to-Eat
-Delicious. That's
Grape-Nuts
A CONSERVATION
FOOD

CHARGE UNFIT MEAT SOLD FOR ARMY

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Further evidence of the sale or offering for sale of unfit meat for the army has been discovered by the federal trade commission, W. T. Chantland, chief examiner, declared today, when representatives of Wilson & Co., Chicago packers appeared to deny charges that they had sold unfit meats.

Representatives of Wilson & Co. asked for an early hearing on the charges made in a complaint which the commission had filed against them. "We cannot proceed to a hearing immediately," said Mr. Chantland, "because other substantial instances are under investigation."

U-BOAT CREW BRUTAL

Take Drinking Water, Mast and Oars From Lifeboat

LONDON, June 6.—The crew of a German submarine was brutal in its treatment of the crew of the Glasgow steamer, Elston, sunk some days ago. Reuters' Limited learns. The steamer was shelled for three and a half hours. The British captain returned the gunfire until his ammunition was gone and then abandoned the vessel, which the submarine crew boarded and sunk by bombs. The captain was taken prisoner on board the U-boat.

The drinking water in one of the lifeboats was removed and the Germans also took the mast, sails and all the oars, except two, leaving the British to find land as best they were able. The other lifeboat, which was not molested, was picked up by a schooner near Las Palmas, Canary Islands. The first lifeboat suffered great hardships and did not reach Las Palmas until nine days after the other boat.

HEAVY SACRIFICES

Before Decisive Blow, Says German Leader In Reichstag

AMSTERDAM, June 6.—Heavy sacrifices are needed, but the German government hopes that a decisive blow will soon be made against the allies, according to the speech of Dr. H. S. Paasche, the vice president, in opening the reichstag meeting Tuesday. Referring to the performances of the German troops in the west, he said: "Our iron will is moving forward to the astonishment of the world. Our victorious troops have reached the Marne; whence at the beginning of the war they retired to defensive positions, not conquered by the power of the enemy, but forced by circumstances. We no longer need to fear such a retirement. The Marne will not again form a turning point, now that we have a free hand in the east."

Heavy sacrifices certainly are necessary, but the nation knows that we

are not to blame for the bloodshed, but our enemies who again and again have refused the hand of peace. We hope that a decisive blow will soon fall and that an honorable peace will be attained."

MAYOR HAS POWER TO APPOINT ENGINEER

According to a legislative act of 1918 Mayor Perry D. Thompson has the full power to appoint a city engineer pro-tem, to fill the vacancy created by the enlistment of City Engineer Stephen Kearney in the engineers' reserve corps, but it is understood that the mayor will not take it upon himself to make such a choice, but will leave the matter in the hands of the council.

Chapter 135 of the acts of 1918 states that the mayor or chairman of a board of selectmen has the power to fill temporarily a position made vacant by the enlistment in the army of a city official until such time as that official returns to his position. The mayor knows about this legislative act and could at once under its provisions appoint Engineer Bartlett, who seems to be the choice of the majority of the council, to the position, but he feels that the matter should be handled by a majority of the municipal council and therefore refuses to make any appointment.

IN HIDING TWO YEARS

Two London Boys Stay In Bedroom to Avoid Service

LONDON, May 26. (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—In an effort to avoid military service, Arthur and William Webb, brothers, spent every day of the last two years in a bedroom at their home. This fact became known recently at Enfield, a suburb of London, when they were arrested for desertion. They used the bedroom as a hiding place during the day, going out for exercise only at night.

POLICE REQUESTED TO KEEP AN EYE ON THE FLOWER BEDS

The superintendent of parks has requested the police to keep an eye on the flower beds at Fort Hill park and to place under arrest anyone found stealing flowers or tramping on the beds. For the past few days it has been noticed that the flower beds were being tramped over by adults and that numerous flowers were being carried away. An effort will be made to put a stop to this nefarious work.

CIRCUS PEOPLE PAY \$350 FOR USE OF THE FAIR GROUNDS TODAY

The Barnum & Bailey circus officials this morning paid over to the superintendent of parks the sum of \$350 for the use of the Fair Grounds for this afternoon and this evening's performances. The superintendent of parks had asked a fee of \$500 for the use of the land, but the circus officials thought the price exorbitant. A compromise

was reached this morning, however, and the city is in \$350.

Infant Mortality

Lowell has climbed from seventh to second place on the list of infant mortalities published by the federal bureau of census. The average for the week ending June 1 was 25.2, while the averages of other cities were as follows: Syracuse, which heads the list, 27.9; Providence, 24.7; Milwaukee, 23.4; Newark, 22.8; Buffalo, 22.5; Fall River, 20.2. The lowest on the list is Nashville, with an average of 14.4, while the average of the 46 cities on the list is 14.5.

IN POLICE COURT TODAY

Michael J. Lallas was charged with a violation of the city ordinance, it being alleged that he used his automobile for a jitney without having a license to do so. During the course of the hearing it was brought out that the defendant had used his machine for hire but not at the time specified in the complaint. The court, after warning the offender, ordered his discharge.

Abraham and Barney Dinnerman were charged with receiving property and by agreement their cases were continued until June 12, each being held under \$300 bonds. It is alleged that the Dinnermans purchased brass which had been stolen from the United States Cartridge Co.

In the case of Rudolph Chisholm, charged with assault and battery on Israel Lightman, the government's side of the case was presented after which the hearing was continued until June 8.

John J. Stack, charged with being drunk, was ordered to pay a fine of \$15 and two simple drunks were released.

CONVERT GERMANS

British Labor Ready to Confer But Not Negotiate

LONDON, June 6.—We are willing to confer, but not to negotiate with German labor," says Arthur Henderson, labor leader in the house of commons, in a statement referring to an announcement made by Chester J. Wright, a member of the American labor mission which visited England, which implied that the policy of Mr. Henderson and his party had been radically modified, especially regarding the question of a conference between the allied and German workers.

"We seek to unite the German people with us in an effort to overthrow militarism and imperialism, which is as much their enemy as it is ours," the statement continues.

"It is imperative that the German people should be made to realize in a face-to-face talk with representatives of the five democracies of the west that we will not submit to a German victory like that imposed on Russia, Ukraine, Rumania and Finland."

"If we cannot convince them that the triumph of their militarists and imperialists will permanently fasten upon the democratic nations, not excepting the peoples of the central empires themselves, the awful burden of armaments and compulsory service, there opens up a vista of unending war until civilization itself collapses."

"It is our duty to declare to the German people that Germany's military success only postpones the possibility of world peace. We seek, by argument as well as by sustained and resolute resistance in the field, to bring them into line with us in our effort to

end forever the rule of force in international affairs."

"We are convinced that President Wilson's ideals were obtainable only by fighting, we would fight rather than accept a dictated German peace. We are not so convinced. There have been already informal conversations and conferences, secret, not open, and British labor believes that the representatives of the common people will seek every opportunity of settling the issues involved on the basis of a people's peace."

MATRIMONIAL

James Henry Sharkey and Blanche Verecunda Duplessis were married yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock, the ceremony being performed at the immaculate Conception rectory by the pastor, Rev. Lawrence F. Tighe, O.M.I. The bride wore taupe pussy willow taffeta and carried bridal roses. She was attended by a silver grey gown and carried a shower bouquet of lilacs. The bride's gift to the bride was a pair of gold cuff links. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, 301 Concord street and present were friends and relatives from Boston, Providence, R. I. and other places. The happy couple, who were the recipients of numerous wedding gifts left on a honeymoon trip to Providence, R. I. and other points of interest and after July 4 they will make their home in this city.

Nebes-Skidmore
William Nebes and Luella R. Skidmore were married at the Highland M. E. church last evening, the officiating clergyman being Rev. O. W. Hutchinson. The couple were unattended. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the groom's parents, 743 Chelmsford street.

Murray-Greeley

Bartholomew Murray and Elizabeth Greeley were married yesterday afternoon at 4.30 o'clock at St. Michael's rectory by Rev. James Lynch. The bride was attired in crepe de chine with pearl trimmings and carried Kilmoryn roses. She was attended by Elizabeth Logan, who wore blue silk and carried pink Killarney roses. The best man was Joseph J. Foley. The bride's gift to the bride was a sapphire ring, while the groom's favor to the best man was a gold watch chain. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride and later the happy couple left on an extended wedding trip and after their return they will make their home at 102 Lilley avenue.

Brassill-McCann

A very pretty wedding took place Wednesday afternoon at St. Michael's rectory, when Mary Estelle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James J. McCann of this city, and Dr. Timothy P. Brassill of Cambridge, were united in the bonds of matrimony, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Francis J. Mullen. The bride, charmingly attired in a gown of white duchesse satin and georgette crepe and a veil caught with lilacs of the valley and orange blossoms, was attended by her sister, Margaret E. McCann, who wore a gown of white georgette crepe and pale blue satin, and a garden hat of leghorn with georgette crepe facings. The bride carried a shower bouquet of lilacs of the valley, while the bridesmaid carried a bouquet of pink tulle. The best man was Charles A. Houlihan of Cambridge, Mass. After

the ceremony, a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 190 Aiken avenue, where dinner was served to the immediate families. The wedding gifts were numerous and beautiful, showing the esteem in which the happy couple are held by their many friends. Dr. and Mrs. Brassill left on an extended honeymoon to the White mountains and Canada, and will be at home to their friends at 297 Broadway, Cambridge, Mass., after October 1.

VICTORY GARDEN IN LOWELL

Up to date 277 garden lots have been assigned by the war garden committee and there still remain a few good lots in various parts of the city. The committee also wishes to announce that in the event of more people wanting lots it has on hand large tracts of land, which can readily be plowed and harrowed and put in shape for planting. It is still time to plant potatoes and beans and a few other vegetables, but the planting time is quickly coming to a close and those who would like to do a little gardening and have not yet been assigned lots had better hurry.

The lots assigned to the present time are as follows: Emory land, 79; Ayer land, 21; Chase land, 6; Textile school land, 18; Andover street, 19; Bartlett lot, 11; Middlesex Village, 21; Marginal street, 3; McIntyre land, 13; Stevens street, 18; Thirteenth street, 3; Beacon street, 5; Mt. Pleasant street, 7; Llewellyn street, 7; Fair grounds, 19; Saratoga street, 2; South Lowell, 6 and Runford street, 5.

It has been noticed that the potato bugs have made their appearance and the committee recommends that immediate precautions be taken to rid the gardens of this pest. Arsenate of lead applied while the sun is shining is considered one of the best anti-bug preparations. The committee has a small quantity of this poison on hand and it will dispose of it by giving it at cost price to people whose gardens are infested.

ITALIANS ARE JUBILANT OVER AMERICAN AID

By Associated Press
HEADQUARTERS ITALIAN ARMY (By Mail).—Arrival of relief from America through the Red Cross agents behind the Italian front along the Piave river, which section is filled with refugees from the regions invaded by Teutonic troops, is greeted with evidences of fervent gratitude and jubilation. This is true not only because of the actual gifts in money, food and clothing but because it signifies to the Italians the fact that America is standing behind them in their long conflict with the Austrian invaders.

The aged priest at Castello-di-Godega was so overcome by the unexpected donation from America that he threw up his arms, knelt in prayer and exclaimed, "It is a gift direct from heaven."

Wherever the Red Cross workers have distributed their relief, the mayor and local committee directed the succored families of that commune to write to the soldiers at the front and tell them what America has done. The

work of the Americans was extolled and the people were told that the United States was thus co-operating in close and practical accord with Italy.

In some cases huge posters have appeared on the town walls with a proclamation by the mayor announcing what America was doing.

The misery which prevails among the refugees in the provinces of Treviso, Venetia and Padua is most distressing. Stopping at the little town of Riese, in a tour of this section, there was a chance to see one of these communities of refugees in all its misery. It is a strange community which has migrated as a whole from its former home at Vidgor, now held by the enemy, to its present habitation of Riese. Vidgor is the village on the east bank of the Piave which was occupied by General von Buelow and his German troops, and when they came these townspeople, with only the clothes on their backs and a few household belongings, fled across the Piave and settled down here. Most of the refugees have scattered all over Italy, but this is one of the few towns that has held together in its flight.

The parish priest led the way as the Red Cross workers went on a round of inspection to see just how these people were living. The mayor and the parish priest are usually consulted on this work, the latter because he is in touch with all the troubles. Most of the people are religious, but even those who are not, get religious when they are in trouble, and everyone is in trouble here. They all knew him, and he made his way through crowds of ragged children and the choked alleys of what would have been a concentration camp. He had been organized, but being unorganized was only a vast hive of refugees in their misery.

In one room about 15 feet square 25 people were sleeping on straw straw over the earthen floor. The place was stuffed with soiled garments, the pitiful remnants of what these occupants possessed, and reeked with vilesteness. Across the court there was a smaller room where 13 were sleeping, and in another eight all huddled together on the straw, women, children, babies, and their rags. All the outhouses, barns, grain lofts, were utilized for sleeping quarters. There were few men, for all the men have gone to the war, except the very old and very young.

Many of the women were very old, with wizened, hungry faces like witches. A number of the women carried babies, and all of them were trailed by large broods of children. All these people had lost everything. Their clothes were in rags. Underclothes and stockings had long ago disappeared. Even the consolation of work was denied to these people, for there was nothing about them to do here, and they stood about with their crowds of children and babies, fighting to keep off hunger and typhoid, and helpless in their misery.

As a result of the inspection the Red Cross has started the work of ameliorating this condition, providing suitable sleeping quarters, with sanitation and the nucleus of a hospital for the growing sick list.

The secretary of the Loria municipality said all the barns there were fairly packed with people, thirty or more to every barn, filling the stalls and lofts. The mayor of Castello di Godega said the spirit of the farm people was showing remarkable fortitude in spite of the troubles they were encountering. "They are going to carry on their day planting as usual," he said, "gathering the spring clover and then putting in corn."

MILE AND A HALF OF WOODLAND BURNED

LUBEC, Me., June 6.—A fire in the slash left by the operations of the Coast Lumber Co. about midway of Campobello island in New Brunswick, which started Tuesday night, had spread over a section of woodland about a mile long and half a mile wide today, but had caused no material damage.

A number of summer cottages are located at Welshpool, including the summer home of Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, but the fire had not approached within three-quarters of a mile of them.

TROLLEY STRIKE HITS MUNITION PLANTS

NEWARK, N. J., June 6.—Trolley service in Newark, Jersey City, Paterson, Passaic, New Brunswick, Plainfield and West Hoboken was curtailed today by a strike. The men demanded 45 cents an hour and 66 cents an hour for overtime. The company offered a sliding scale of 30 to 40 cents an hour, and guaranteed a minimum wage of \$17.50 per week. Sixty-six women conductors who were to have started to work on several Newark lines were held back, officials of the company deciding that they did not want to have women classed as strike breakers.

Army trucks carried employees to munition and shipbuilding plants. At New Brunswick and Perth Amboy, the manufacture of munitions and airplane motors was curtailed because of the absence of mechanics.

PAINTING OUT THE WHITE POSTS

Painters in the employ of the Bay State Street Railway Co. are busily engaged in painting out "white" poles and designating new stopping places along the various routes. When the work is completed it is estimated that the number of stopping places will be reduced about one-third. This action was taken at the suggestion of the fuel commissioner for the purpose of conserving coal.

Many patrons of the road have already started to raise objections, especially those who have to walk a little farther to board a car and also after leaving it. It would seem that a little better judgment might have been used in the relocation of some of these "white" poles, and it is expected that later on a few changes may be made.

On the former "white" poles are cards stating that the pole is no longer a stopping place and a request to walk to the nearest "white" pole.

Thunder is never heard more than 10 miles from the flash of lightning. The report of artillery has reached much greater distances. The cannon-ading at the battle of Waterloo was heard at the town of Creil, in the north of France about 115 miles from the field.

BIG CLEAN-UP SHOE SALE

Patria Shoe Store

194 MERRIMACK STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

Ryan Sales Co. OF BOSTON

Patria Shoe Store

194 MERRIMACK STREET,
Lowell, Mass.

ALL THE SURPLUS STOCK, ODD LOTS AND DISCONTINUED LINES OF MEN'S, WOMEN'S, MISSES', CHILDREN'S, BOYS' AND LITTLE MEN'S SHOES, FROM 11 OF OUR BIG STORES AT PRICES NEVER BEFORE HEARD OF

Large Lot Women's Fine White Canvas Lace Boots and Slippers—

\$1.59

Large Lot of Women's Shoes— all styles, values up to \$6.00. Displayed on tables, at

\$2.99

312 Pairs Girls' Patent Strap Pumps, on tables.

\$1.49

Men's Very Good Quality Work Shoes, made from heavy grain leather,

\$2.89

432 Pairs of Infants' Kid Soft Sole Shoes, all colors and sizes, value 75c.

25c

Men's, Boys', Women's and Girls' Tennis Shoes, very high quality White Shoes.

89c

Children's School Shoes, made of Gun Metal and Patent Cloth Top, fine quality.

\$1.69

Children's White Canvas Mary Jane Pumps.

99c

This is positively a Real Saving Sale, offering you High Value Shoes at VERY LOW PRICES.

Shoes are Going Higher in Price Every Day. PREPARE FOR THE FUTURE NOW!

SALES PEOPLE WANTED— 25 Sales People, Women and Girls, Experience Not Necessary.

APPLY TO MR. RYAN

Don't miss this great opportunity to buy your shoes even for a long time to come. M. E. RYAN.

Girls' White Canvas Mary Jane Pumps, rubber soles, value \$1.00.

59c

Men's and Boys' Tan Scout Shoes, made from British Army leather skirtings.

\$1.99

Children's Flexible Black and Brown Kid Shoes, displayed on tables.

89c

Various Styles and Kinds of Women's Boots; Values up to \$10.00.

\$4.89

Men's Tan and Black Calf Good-year Shoes, all styles and values up to \$7.00. At this sale

\$3.39

Large Lot of Men's and Women's White Sneakers, extra quality.

49c

Large Lot of Women's Extra Wearing High Cut Canvas Boots, with rubber soles.

\$1.59

Men's Palm Beach Sport Oxfords, very comfortable.

\$1.79

194
MERRIMACK ST.,
Lowell, Mass.

PATRIA SHOE STORE

RYAN SALES CO.,
Boston, Mass.

SALE OPENS FRIDAY, JUNE 7th

STORE CLOSED TODAY

"SCRAPPY" BALL GAME**Lowell High Beats Lawrence**
—Fisticuffs at Game

In a game replete with fast playing, free hitting and plenty of aggressive play, at times became intolerable, Lowell high defeated Lawrence high diamond diplomats at Spaulding park yesterday afternoon, 6 to 5, and thus necessitated a "rubber" contest for the inter-city 1918 title which will be played next Tuesday afternoon in the down-river city.

The game was about as interesting as the score would indicate and there were lots of other interest-compelling happenings that the box score fails to portray. A certain Grande was on third base for Lawrence in the first five innings of the contest. For the first few innings everything was serene and Grande played a fairly consistent game, although a little shy in fielding and throwing ability. But as the stanzas progressed, the Lawrence man's playing became more and more detrimental to his team's best interests and three errors were chalked against him. In the fifth inning "Pinky" Birkenhead of Lowell and Grande had some words that were about to develop into blows, but players of both teams interfered. In the sixth inning Paul Sullivan of Lowell was on the third base coaching line

and in some way unknown to anybody but the two participants, Sullivan and Grande became "peevish" at each other and blows were hurled thick and fast for a few minutes until spectators and players could interfere. The Lawrence officials banished Grande from the game and Sullivan was taken from the coaching line, but later took his regular position when Lowell went into the field. That ended aggressive play on the part of either team and the game proceeded smoothly from then on.

Barring these two incidents the game was more than enjoyable, especially from a Lowell point of view. "Stubby" Sturtevant, the old reliable, was in the points for Lowell and although touched up for 10 hits, he proved himself master in critical periods. Nary a man did he pass and he equalled his opponent, Moran, in the strikeout column. Each twirler fanned one man each. Furthermore, Sturtevant won his own game in the eighth when he hit a fast one through short and sent Capt. Warren Mansur home with the winning run. Moran pitched a consistent game and with a little more fearless support behind him might have come through. He let the Spindle City men get ten hits, one of them a two-bagger by Reynolds. He was more generous than Sturtevant in the complimentary pass line, for he gave five free tickets to first.

Lowell started off with a bang by

scoring three in the first. Lawrence came back with two in the second and increased its lead in the fourth when two tallies were counted. The seventh was lucky for the visitors when they touched Sturtevant up for five hits and three runs after two men had died. It was "Stubby's" one unfortunate session. The score stayed at 50-50 until the last of the eighth, when Coach Donohue's warriors succeeded in sending the magical one through.

Lawrence was docile in the first, going out one, two, three, Paul Sullivan started off for Lowell with a wallop to left. Reynolds opportunely sacrificed. Cahill hit to short and Cross fumbled, Sullivan going to third on the misplay. Cahill stole second without protest. Warren Mansur swung his bludgeon on a likely one and sent it sizzling to right and Sully and Cahill scored. Mansur stole second. Lawler died to centre, Brosnan got on through Grande's error and Mansur came home with the third tally. Sturtevant closed the inning by hitting to Walsh at second, forcing Brosnan. Score: 2 to 0.

Lawrence made a desperate effort to even matters in the second, but two runs was the limit. Ford, the boy who won last fall's Lawrence-Lowell annual football game, led off and was tapped in the ribs by Sturtevant. Cross hit to short, but Reynolds wasn't there. Ford went to third on the play. P. Sullivan fished to second. Ford hit with a beauty wallo to right that looked easily good for two bases. Ford and Cross scored on the play, but after the batter had rounded second, it was found that he had failed to touch first and was declared out. Grande ended the inning by hitting to Lawler at first.

Lowell got two more in the fourth. Birkenhead and Marshall each got on through Grande's wild playing. Birkenhead going to third on Grande's overthrow to first, Sullivan was out. Grande to Christie. Reynolds answered the roll call with a beauty to left centre, good for two bases and Birkenhead and Marshall scored. Cahill hit along the first base line and was safe. Reynolds going to third. Mansur hit to short and the ball was relayed to the plate, catching Reynolds. Lawler ended the inning by striking out.

Everything was silent until the seventh when Lawrence walloped Sturtevant for five hits and three runs, tying the score. The inning opened tamely enough with Cahill flying to Cahill, Bradley, replacing Grande at third, was next up and got a hit through second. Moran sacrificed, sending Bradley to second. Kittredge walloped one to right and Bradley scored. There were two on. Caswell hit another to right sending Kittredge home and Reynolds to second. Ford at the fifth hit of the inning when he also sent one to right and Walsh tallied. Cross closed the session by grounding to Reynolds. But the damage had been done. Score: 5-5.

In the eighth Lowell cleaned up and annexed the game. Cahill was out. Cross to Christie. Mansur got his third hit of the game when he sin-

gled to left and stole his third base of the game, a few seconds afterward. Lawler was passed. Brosnan flied to left. Sturtevant came through with a ground-riper through short and the old game was Lowell's. Lawrence went out one, two, three in the ninth. The score:

LOWELL HIGH	ab	r	h	po	a	e
P. Sullivan	5	1	2	2	0	0
Reynolds	5	1	1	1	4	0
Cahill	5	1	2	2	0	0
Mansur	5	2	2	2	0	0
Brosnan	5	0	1	0	0	0
Sturtevant	5	0	1	0	0	0
Birkenhead	4	1	0	1	2	1
Marshall	4	1	0	0	1	0
Totals	41	6	10	27	15	3

LAWRENCE HIGH	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Kittredge	5	1	2	0	0	0
Walsh	5	1	1	4	0	0
Caswell	4	0	1	4	0	0
Ford	4	1	2	4	0	0
P. Sullivan	4	0	0	0	0	0
Christie	4	0	0	0	0	0
Grande	3	0	0	1	3	0
Bradley	3	0	0	1	3	0
Moran	4	0	0	0	7	0
Totals	33	5	10	24	13	7

Score by innings:
Lawrence.....0 2 0 0 0 1 3—6
Lowell.....0 2 0 0 6 0 3 0—5
Two-base hit—Reynolds. Sacrifice hits—Reynolds, Sturtevant, Moran. Stolen bases—Mansur, Cahill, Ford. Cross. First base on errors—Lowell 4, Lawrence 2. Left on bases—Lowell 5, Lawrence 3. Struck out—By Sturtevant 2, by Moran 1. Base on balls—By Moran 5. Double play—Reynolds and Lawler. Hit by pitcher—Ford and Caswell. Time—1h. 50m. Umpire—Cronin.

NOTES OF THE GAME

Well done, Mister Sturtevant!

Now for the rubber next Tuesday.

It was a nice day and a nice game and a very nice outcome.

Lawrence sent her usual lusty quota of cheerers and there was constant rivalry between the Lowell and Lawrence sections to see who could make the more noise.

Mansur brought his running ability into play on the bases. He took second three times and the Lawrence fielders didn't even call a police officer.

Lawrence academy comes to Spaulding park Saturday in the last home game of the season.

The Sullivan-Grande scrap was regrettable, but it livened the game up and worked on any bad feeling that might have existed.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League
Chicago 7, Boston 3.
New York 4, Pittsburgh 3.
Cincinnati 4, Philadelphia 4.
St. Louis 2, St. Louis 0.

American League
Cleveland 5, Boston 1 (10 innings).
New York 5, St. Louis 2.
Chicago 4, Philadelphia 3.
Washington 5, Detroit 4 (14 innings).

LEAGUE STANDINGS

National	Won	Lost	P.C.
New York	28	12	.700
Chicago	27	12	.692
Pittsburgh	27	13	.675
Philadelphia	18	26	.409
Boston	18	24	.429
St. Louis	14	24	.366
Brooklyn	14	24	.366
American	Won	Lost	P.C.
Boston	27	17	.614
New York	24	18	.571
Chicago	24	19	.558
St. Louis	20	24	.455
Cleveland	22	23	.489
Washington	21	23	.477
Philadelphia	16	23	.409
Detroit	15	23	.395

GAMES TOMORROW

National League
Cincinnati at Boston.
St. Louis at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.

American League
Boston at Cleveland.
New York at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Washington at Detroit.

OVER 2,000,000 NOW IN UNITED STATES ARMY

WASHINGTON, June 6.—While a million young Americans just turned 21 were registered yesterday for service in the war for world freedom, orders went out from the office of Provost Marshal-General Crowder to the governors of all states except Arizona for the mobilization between June 21 and 28, of 200,000 more registrants. This brings the total number of selective service men called to the colors to 1,555,704, and when they are in camp the nation's army will number well over 2,000,000 men.

Expect 750,000 fit for duty.

The registration yesterday apparently was attended by the perfect order that marked the enrolling a year ago of 10,000,000 men, who form the great reservoir upon which the nation is drawing to furnish the balance of power on the western front to crush the German war machine.

The men who appeared yesterday began to file into the barracks where the country have become of age since the first registration day, June 5, 1917. Military authorities estimate that from their number there will be had 750,000 men fit for active duty.

While an act of congress requires that the new registrants be placed at the bottom of the list in which they are assigned, many of them may soon be called to the colors, as today's requisition upon governors probably will exhaust the first class in some states. While no formal explanation was made, this was believed to have been the reason why Arizona was not included in today's call.

Results to be known today.

Results of the second registration will be known sometime today. Gen. Crowder has requested the adjutant-general of each state to telegraph a comprehensive summary of the result, giving the total registration, the percentage of the number that had been expected to enroll, reasons obtained for any difference between the figures and the nature of any untoward occurrence attending the registration.

Registration days for men hereafter becoming 21 years of age probably will be fixed every three months. It is estimated that 1,000,000 men become of age yearly and the new registrants are expected to go far toward keeping up the first class in each state from which thus far all men for the national army have been drawn.

Assignments for the men called to the

Colors will be made by the War Department.

Assignments for the men called to the

Colors will be made by the War Department.

Assignments for the men called to the

Colors will be made by the War Department.

Assignments for the men called to the

TO LET

ROOMS at Hampton beach to let at 1200. Call J. J. and Mary on 340. 1900 Middlesex st.

NICE ROOMS, furnished, to let for light housekeeping. 47 Lawrence st.

LARGE ROOMS to let, neat, airy and most pleasant. Bath, continuous hot water. Call on the hill, near Thorndike st. one minute to depot. 305 Summer st.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let, hot and cold water; near the square. 138 Paine street.

COTTAGES at Salisbury beach to let and for sale. Apply to John McGrath, 282 Lowell st. Lawrence.

ROOMS to let for light housekeeping. 287 Central st.

LOST AND FOUND

DARK TIGER COON-CAT lost in Highlands. Please notify 403 Wilder st. or telephone 4145-R. Reward.

PAY ENVELOPE lost between Stratford and Worthen sts. Reward if returned to 26 Worthen st. after 6 p. m.

BOX containing suit of men's clothes lost on Tyngsboro car, in Randlett's market or on Middlesex st. Reward if returned to Hay State Dye House, 54 Prescott st.

TORTOISE SHELL GLASSES in soft leather case lost Monday, on Merrimack st. Reward if returned to Commercial College.

TIGER COON-CAT lost in Highlands. Please notify 403 Wilder st. or telephone 4145-R. Reward.

WRIST WATCH lady's, lost Monday on Prescott st. Finder please return same to Hotel Cecil, Reward.

BROWN POCKETBOOK containing five dollar bills and change lost in postoffice telephone booth Tuesday morning. Reward if returned to B. R. 24 Gorham st.

SMALL MEDICINE CASE lost between North Chelmsford and Lakeview streets. Reward. Dr. F. E. Varney, North Chelmsford, Tel. 51.

Frederick Dugdale, M.D.

SPECIALIST

SKIN, BLOOD AND NERVOUS DISEASES

RHEUMATISM, neuritis, neuritis, lumbago, sciatica, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, catarrh, epilepsy.

CANCER, TUMORS, piles, fistula, genital diseases WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

EYE, ear, nose, throat, stomach. Investigate methods of treatment.

Lowell Office, 97 Central Street

Hours Wed. and Sat. 2-4, 7-8

Consultation, Examination, Advice, FREE

colors under yesterday's order indicate the rapidity with which troops now are moving overseas. In nearly every instance, the registrants under yesterday's requisition are assigned to national army cantonments, whereas recently, when calls were made, it was necessary to send the men to national guard, regular army and other camps, because the cantonments were filled.

Quotas for N. E. States

Illinois is directed to furnish 23,500 men under the latest call, more than double the number called from New York, which is second on the list. Pennsylvania is to furnish 12,000 and Minnesota 10,000.

The quotas and camp assignments include:

Massachusetts, 1400 to Camp Devens, Mass.; 4000 to Camp Dix, N. J.

Connecticut, 1200 to Camp Meade, Md.

Maine, 2500 to Camp Devens, Mass.

New Hampshire, 700 to Camp Devens, Mass.

New York, 10,000 to Camp Upton, N. Y.; 4000 to Camp Wadsworth, S. C.

Rhode Island 1200 to Camp Meade, Md.

Vermont, 400 to Camp Devens, Mass.

The house military committee yesterday reported a resolution by Chairman Dent making retroactive the bill basing the draft quotas on the number of men in class one so as to legalize any exceeding of authority as to the number or quotas which may have been made in the first drafting of men. The resolution was recommended by the war department, Chairman Dent announced.

AMATEUR BASEBALL

The Leopards would like to challenge the Union Blues Saturday afternoon for a quarter ball.

The Shamrocks will play the Fords of West Centralville for four quarter balls Saturday afternoon on the Lakeview avenue grounds. Both teams are asked to report at 1 o'clock.

EXPLOSION KILLS SEVERAL CRIPPLES LINER

LONDON, June 6.—Several persons were killed by explosions or drowned in the capsizing of a lifeboat from the steamer Kenilworth Castle, which reached a British port yesterday in a crippled condition as a result of a collision. A number of persons also are reported to be missing.

The steamer had on board about 200 passengers and mail from South Africa. The explosions followed the collision.

The Kenilworth Castle is a steamer of 12,750 tons. She was built in Belfast in 1904 and is owned by the Union Castle Mail Steamship company.

AUSTRIAN IS HELD AS ENEMY IN WORCESTER

WORCESTER, June 6.—Ludwig Vogelsang, 35 years old, a native of Austria, living at Pithburgh, was arrested at the Worcester Art Museum yesterday while engaged in copying landscapes. He was given to the federal secret service men and taken to Boston for detention. He told the police he is registered with the Austrian legation at Washington as being eligible for military service.

The rooms in Pithburgh held by Vogelsang were searched yesterday by the police and sketches and pictures of several of the big business blocks in the state were found among his papers. Vogelsang came to this country in 1907.

ANTI-DRAFT UPRISING AMONG INDIANS ENDS

HENRIETTA, Okla., June 6.—Fear of an anti-draft uprising among Indians and negroes and those of mixed Indian and African blood in the Old Hickory stamping grounds was dispelled today when the Henrietta company of home guards led by Captain

HELP WANTED

BARBER wanted for steady job. 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100. Open from 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. Merrimack st.

GIRL for general housework or good plain cook wanted; willing to go out of town for the summer; references required. Apply at 252 Wilder st.

WASHWOMAN wanted; no Sunday work. Central Lunch Room, 250 Central st.

WOMEN who understand working in a boarding house wanted at once. Apply at 41 Chapel st.

YOUNG LADY wanted to assist in dental office in Lowell; one who speaks French preferred. Dr. Hawson, 40 Central st.

MILL LABORERS wanted for out of town; \$18 a week. Meet boss Thursday forenoon, 8 to 12, Middlesex Service Bureau, 228 Middlesex st.

GIRL wanted to help from 8 to 9 evenings, 8 East Pine st.

FIRST CLASS SPOONMAKER wanted. Apply to John Augermos, 185 Gorham street.

40 SHOVELERS for coal and gravel wanted; \$3 for a 4-hour day; your pay away night and 25¢ for 10 hours. Quinn Coal and Teeming Co., 537 Gorham st.

YARD HELP and boy makers wanted; steady work and good pay. Wm. P. Brown, 100 North Chelmsford, Tel. 51.

ALL ROUND MACHINISTS wanted. Apply to E. V. Bates, 153 Warren st.

20,000 WOMEN CLERKS needed by the government at Washington; examinations everywhere in June; experience unnecessary; women desiring government positions write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard, (former civil service examiner), 328 Kenois Bldg., Washington.

COAL SHOVELERS wanted. John C. Meyer Co., 1495 Middlesex st.

BRIGHT YOUNG MAN, 18 years or older, wanted to learn business; good pay to start; chance for advancement. John C. Meyer Co., 1495 Middlesex st.

CHAMBER MAID wanted. Apply to James Hotel, 533 Middlesex st. Tel. 348.

HELP wanted, no experience necessary; good pay. Ballardvale Spring Water Co., Lowell Junction, Mass.

CARD STRIPPERS wanted. Talbot Mills, North Billerica.

MEN wanted for wet finishing department at Talbot Mills, North Billerica.

Salesman

An established New York Corporation can use services of one or two salesmen of proven ability who can approach better class of business men and get results. Our entire selling force is averaging better than \$80 weekly. If you are looking for a permanent position and can stand properly, write for Lowell interview, where an opportunity will be given you to analyze our product. Write N-16, Sun Office.

WANTED

Skein Winders on government work. Pentucket Narrow Fabric Co., Cor. Rock and Willie Sts.

FIREMEN \$5.00 PER DAY

With Mass. license; also board, room and traveling expenses; out of town plant. Strike on, but absolutely no trouble. Come with baggage ready to go. Call on Mr. Stowell, Hotel Richardson, Lowell, or Mr. Wilson, room 71, 15 Court street, Boston, Mass., or Mr. White, Hotel Warren, Worcester, Mass.

FOR SALE

FULL SIZE PIANO, mahogany, for sale; ivory keys; in good condition; \$125 cash. 417 Merrimack st.

TOMATO and pepper plants for sale. McGowan, 104 North st. Tel. 219.

POOLROOM with 5 tables for sale. Inquire 167 East Merrimack st.

GOOD HORSE for sale, weighs 1100 pounds; suitable for delivery wagon. Inquire at Sun Office.

RABBITS, guinea pigs, Scotch terriers, old fashioned water spaniels for sale. 58 Wilder st.

CALLFLOWER, savory cabbage, red cabbage and white cabbage plants for sale. Inquire from H. W. Foster, Lowell R.F.D. No. 1, or telephone.

MIRROR for sale, French plate glass. Inquire at 100 Appleton st.

STAMPER READING-MAGAZINES, 3 for 10¢; new fiction, 25¢. Merritt's Book Store, 277 Middlesex st.

WE HAVE A PIANO just returned by customer near this city, which we will sell for balance due on lease—less than half its value. It is of standard make, mahogany upright and will be delivered free of expense to buyer, with chair and scarf belonging to it. We have also a second hand storeroom. A returned Bates Player-Piano almost new, at an extremely low cash price. Address N-5, Sun Office.

USED PIANOS, Victrolas and records for sale, at 104 Bridge st.

TOMATO PLANTS, celery and cauliflower; also geraniums, petunias and bedding plants; bouquets and baskets for Decoration day. Shepard's Gardens, 292 Fairmount st. Tel. 1508.

AT WASHINGTON PARK

L. W. Goldthwaite & Sons, Dunstable, Tel. 9-5 Tyngsboro, have several thousand

Tomato Plants which they can sell at \$1.50 to \$2.00 per 100 or \$10.00 to \$15.00 per 1000.

at home or at Lowell Market Gardeners and Fruit Growers Market. L. W. Goldthwaite & Sons.

The Famous Schofield Inn

Situated at Junction of Lakeview ave. and Long Pond road, containing 26 sleeping rooms, large dining room, dance hall, electric lights throughout, steam heat and cold water furnished with piano, for sale at a bargain. An excellent chance for someone to make money. Also four room bungalows with electric lights and furnished, for sale cheap on easy terms. Fred C. Tohey Investment Co., 374 Merrimack st., Lowell, Mass.

Kierlingern, returning here with word that the malcontents had promised to disperse their bands and would not attempt

PREDICTS USE OF SUBMARINE MERCHANT CRAFT BY ALLIES

LONDON, June 6.—The use of submarine merchant craft by the allies is predicted by Admiral Marquise of Milfordhaven, formerly first sea lord.

In a speech at Cambridge, Saturday, he predicted further development of the submarine, and the use of the same as a larger submarine, with much greater cruising radius.

Attendant Craft in Air

"Ultimately," he said, "we shall see submarine cruisers with heavy guns and torpedoes, protected by armor and with a surface speed equal to any existing surface craft. These new cruisers will require attendant vessels as eyes for offense and defense, the same as surface battle fleets have now, but these attendant craft will be in the air, not in the water.

"In the construction of the larger types of submarine cruisers the progress will not be confined by any means to the enemy navy. We shall keep pace.

Unsinkable Merchant Steamers

"Unsinkable or submersible merchant steamers, at least for certain essentials or valuable cargoes, appear to be inevitable for the future, notwithstanding the increased cost and the decreased cargo space."

British officials have been expecting

for some time that German submarine commerce raiders would appear on the American coast.

In speaking of the possibility of this development they usually expressed entire confidence that the American naval forces would be able to deal adequately with the problem and that the venture would not prove very profitable to the Germans on the final balance sheet. It was even predicted that no single event would be likely to completely rouse the spirit of determination to win the war in the American public as the appearance of the war on their own doorstep.

Comment on Raid Along U. S. Coast

The U-boat campaign off the United States cannot be kept up for any length of time, in the opinion of Archibald Hurd, the naval writer.

"The Diesel engine," he said, "gives a greatly increased radius of action to big submarines. But New York is easily 3500 miles from the nearest German base, and the return journey means a matter of 7000 miles, apart from the mileage involved in chasing merchantmen, so there is no reason to anticipate any such developments as have been seen in British waters and in the Mediterranean. The U-boats crossing the Atlantic must pass twice through the danger zone of patrols, aircraft and mines.

"As soon as aircraft of suitable types

Cook, Taylor & Co.

98 AND 100 MERRIMACK ST.

Special Cut Price List

FOR

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Exceptional Values

NOT TO BE FOUND ELSEWHERE

Ladies' Tailored Suits, sold up to \$22.50\$10.98

Ladies' Tailored Suits, sold up to \$35.00\$15.00

Ladies' Coats, all sizes, sold up to \$15.00\$7.98

Ladies and Misses' Raincoats, sold up to \$3.98, \$1.69

Children's Spring Coats. A genuine clean up. Prices cut in two.

Silk Dresses of Every Color, Size and Style at Greatly Reduced Prices

Ladies' Fine Silk Poplin Dresses, all colors. Value \$10.98\$6.98

Fine \$22.50 Silk and Crepe de chine Dresses. Specially priced, apiece.

\$12.98 and \$15.98

Our "Ideal" Made House-dresses are the best made. Reasonably priced.

COTTON UNDERWEAR SALE

Buy Now Before Another Big Raise is Here

Ladies' Corset Covers, 29c value, each19c

Ladies' Hamburg Trimmed Petticoats, value \$1.00, each69c

Children's Little White Skirts, value 50c29c

Ladies' \$1.00 Night Robes, fine muslin. Very choice, only 79c Each

25 Dozen Ladies' Fine Muslin Drawers, Hamburg trimmed. Well worth 85c. 59c a Pair

Ladies' Fine White P. K. Dress Skirts. Value \$1.50, for98c Apiece

Ladies' fine serge, silk poplin, fancy silks and other popular dress skirts. One of the best lines in Lowell. All priced moderately.

50 White Chinchilla Coats, all sizes, sold up to \$8.50. This sale\$1.98 Each

75 White Muslin Dresses, ladies' or misses. Value \$5,\$1.98

Our shirt waist department is brimful of the very latest, in all colors and styles, at greatly reduced prices.

100 Dozen Fine Black Soisette Waists, sizes from 38 to 46, used by waitresses. Best goods, prettily made. Sold up to \$1.98. At, 98c Apiece

Fine White Lawn Waists, Value \$1.5098c Each

Silk Waists, \$1.98, \$2.98 and \$3.98 Ea.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, CORSETS AND UNDERWEAR SPECIAL VALUES

Corsets, 59c, 69c and 79c a Pair

Townes and other popular makes fine double tipped silk gloves69c a Pair

Kid Gloves Specially Priced

Don't forget our big sale of SILKS commences Monday morning—all our Central street store, all our own and a lot of others bought very cheap, go on sale next Monday morning at ridiculously low prices. See papers Sunday and Citizen Monday morning.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

98 AND 100 MERRIMACK ST.

THE ROUND-UP

(Cartoon by The Sun Artist.)



are available they can be used in escorting ships off the coast in association with such surface vessels as may be available, but I am afraid this method of hunting submarines will prove unproductive, for the simple reason that only the very largest are able to operate so far from German ports.

"They will probably best be combated in the narrow waters adjacent to Great Britain, through which all such raiders must pass, unless they issue from the Mediterranean, which is possible, though unlikely. The number of such large submarines the Germans can build and man is limited. The losses during the past six or seven weeks have exceeded the resources of the German yards.

"As the defense of the United States against the German high seas fleet is maintained in the North sea, as the Americans with rare and strategic instinct have recognized, so the most effective measures against the long distance U-boats must be taken on this side by increasing the number of aerial and naval patrols and by further developing the mine fields in the North sea."

FUNERAL NOTICES

BOYLE—The funeral of Frank Boyle will take place on Friday morning at 8 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

HALL—Died in this city, June 5, at her home, 100 Willie street, Miss Betsy W. Hall, aged 24 years, 7 months, 15 days. Funeral services will be held from 100 Willie street, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend. Burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

O'HEARN—The funeral of Miss Mary A. O'Hearn will take place Saturday morning from her late home, 15 Rolin place, off Franklin street, at 8:15 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery, Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge.

SILK—Died in Palmer, Mass., June 5, Isaac P. Silk, aged 49 years, 5 mos., 24 days. Strictly private funeral services will be held from his home, 60 Corbett street, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Both services and burial will be private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

FUNERALS

CONWAY—The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Conway took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from her late home, 245 Concord street and wended its way to the Immaculate Conception church where at 9 o'clock a funeral mass was celebrated by the Rev. Owen P. McQuaid, O.M.I. Seated inside the sanctuary was the Rev. Eugene Dorgan, O.M.I. There were several beautiful floral tributes and numerous spiritual bouquets. The bearers were: Messrs. William Kelley, Patrick Hickey, Thomas Scullano and Daniel Neylan. The burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, the communal prayers being read at the grave by the Rev. Owen P. McQuaid, O.M.I. The funeral was largely attended and under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

EMBERG—The funeral of Daniel O. A. Emborg was held from the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gottfried Emborg, 235 Princeton street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. James Bancroft, rector of St. John's Episcopal church. The bearers were Richard T. Donoghue, Joseph L. Keefe, Elmer C. MacIntosh, Ernest Craig, Carl E. Turner and Cecil H. Gardner. Burial was in the family lot in the Westlawn cemetery, where the communal service was read by Rev. Mr. Bancroft. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MAGUIRE—The funeral of Michael Maguire took place this morning from his late home, 251 Christian street, at 8:15 o'clock and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. Michael's church where a high mass of requiem was celebrated at 9 o'clock by Rev. James Lynch. The choir sang the Gregorian mass, Miss Margaret Griffin and Mr. Thomas P. Boulger sustaining the solos. Miss Ella Riley presided at the

organ. There were many beautiful floral tributes and spiritual bouquets. The bearers were Thomas F. Joseph A. John J., Michael A. and John F. Maguire and Thomas Tanner. Interment was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Rev. James Lynch read the communal prayers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage was in charge of the funeral arrangements.

SANDERS—The funeral of Mrs. Ardelia M. Sanders was held from her home, 79 Methuen street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Benjamin P. Harris, formerly pastor of the Paige Street Baptist church. Appropriate selections were sung by the following named quartet: Nathaniel W. Matthews, Jr., Earl Leadbetter, Belle T. Libby and Miss Ruth W. T. Dodge. The bearers were Ivan O. Small, Dr. Norman S. Phillips, John Perry and Leon E. Brown. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

TITCOMB—The funeral of Luther C. Titcomb took place yesterday from his home in South Chelmsford. Rev. E. A. Robinson of South Chelmsford officiated. A delegation from the O.A.R. was present at the funeral. The bearers were William E. Dubey, J. B. Emerson, A. H. Park and F. W. Park. The funeral was in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

DEATHS

HALL—Miss Betsy W. Hall died yesterday at the home of her parents, 190 Willie street, aged 24 years, 7 months and 15 days. She leaves, besides her parents, one sister, Mrs. John Goheen, one brother, Henry C. Hall, one half-brother and three half-sisters.

McCAFFREY—Ethel McCaffrey, aged 11 months, beloved daughter of Edward J. and Ethel Pierce McCaffrey, died last night in Pelham, N. H. The body was brought to this city and taken to the chapel of James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

O'NEIL—Mrs. Bridget O'Neill, a well known member of St. Margaret's parish, died this morning at her home, 34 R street. She leaves two daughters, Mary A. O'Neill and Mrs. John Pyne; a son, Cornelius P. and a grandchild, all of this city.

O'HEARN—Miss Mary A. O'Hearn, a well known resident of St. Patrick's parish, died last night at her home, 15 Bolton place, off Franklin street. She is survived by a sister, Josephine, and two brothers, Cornelius and Francis J.

PARIS—Lillian, aged 1 year and 3 months, infant daughter of Joseph and Mathilde Paris, died last night at the home of her parents, 18 Ward street. Burial took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son.

SILK—Isaac P. Silk died in Palmer, Mass., Tuesday, aged 49 years and 5 months. He leaves his wife, Janet Silk; two sons, Adam and James P. Silk, and one daughter, Sadie A. Silk, all of this city.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Associate bldg., J. F. Donohoe, 228 Hildreth bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

Mr. and Mrs. William Rolfe of 32 Third street are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy, born May 30th.

The many friends of First Class Private Thomas P. Sexton will be pleased to learn that he has arrived safely overseas, word having been received by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Sexton of 6 Ardell street.

Mayor and Mrs. Perry D. Thompson have been invited to attend the Pilgrim club picnic, which will be held at the studios of the Atlas Film Corp. at Newton Highlands next Saturday.

Frank Haggerty, formerly major of the O.M.I. Cadets, has been transferred from Camp Funston where he had been serving, recently as a field clerk to Camp Upton, according to a letter received from him by Rev. Denis A. Sullivan, O.M.I. of the Immaculate Conception church.

The committee in charge of the banquet to be tendered the grand chief ranger of Massachusetts Foresters of America met last night in Grafton hall and voted to hold the affair on Thursday evening, June 20, in the banquet hall in Odd Fellows building. The committee in charge of the tickets reported that they are now in the hands of the chairman, Francis J. Murphy, who will distribute them to the financial secretaries of the various courts upon application. At the meeting will be held Friday night the committee will name the speakers and also the invited guests.

FEAST OF SACRED HEART TO BE OBSERVED IN CATHOLIC CHURCHES

Tomorrow will be the feast of the Sacred Heart and will be observed by local Catholic churches as a day of special prayer and devotion. Coincidentally, the first Friday of the month falls on tomorrow also, and the two occasions will be observed synchronously. Confessions were heard in all the churches this afternoon and will be heard this evening in preparation for tomorrow.

U. S. MACHINE GUN BATTALION ACCOUNTED FOR 1000 GERMANS

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Wednesday, June 5 (By the Associated Press).—An American Machine Gun Battalion accounted for approximately 1000 Germans while holding a bridge at Chateau-Thierry during the recent fighting. The Americans lost only one man killed and a few wounded. At the same time, French troops wiped out a force of 300 Germans who had obtained a footing on the southern bank of the Marne.

While the Germans dominated the town from hill 204, the Americans and French set up machine guns in the windows and doorways of houses. Great fierceness marked the fighting, which raged for several days.

One officer told the correspondent today that it was all the commanders could do to keep the Americans from crossing the river in the teeth of the enemy fire and assaulting the hill position.

Village Shot to Pieces

There is little left of Chateau-Thierry. It has been shot to pieces and now is only a pile of bricks and stones.

The Germans concentrated large forces in Veully wood and started across in mass formation. They were mowed down by the American machine gunners, their formations were broken and they were put to flight in confusion before reaching the American line.

Many American officers and privates showed great daring and fortitude in withstanding the German attacks along the Marne at Chateau-Thierry and Jaulgonne.

Capt. John R. Mendenhall of New Rochelle, N. Y., went without sleep for three days, and remained steadily at the head of his company during that time.

Locates German Snipers
Corporal Jules Mangold of McDonald.

Pa., was sent out to investigate German snipers under a heavy fire from the American line. He found the snipers, pointed them out to his comrades and the Germans fired no more.

The first American to receive the French war cross for bravery in the present battle was Lieut. Walter R. Flannery of Pittsburgh, who swam across the Marne and rescued a wounded French soldier.

Cited for French War Cross

Lieut. John T. Bissel of Pittsburgh has been cited for the French war cross for leading his machine gun command to the north side of the Marne in an attempt to stop the German attack.

Capt. George Wakeerline, the French liaison officer with the American unit, stood by the Americans in the thick of the fight, encouraging and cheering them. The Americans, he said, showed most wonderful fighting spirit and were jolly, even laughing and joking while a perfect hell raged around them.

India rubber trees, although tapped every other day, continue to yield sap for more than 20 years.

Large Boiled LOBSTERS
—AT—
FAIRBURN'S
38c

Daily Bulletin From War Work Headquarters
119 MERRIMACK STREET

"THE" Language the All Important Question

The Germans and those of German extraction have no cause for grievance—after their lenient treatment in this country—if, on account of the actions of some of them, all are suspected and watched:

There may be exceptions, but we may be sure that as a rule the Germans in this country, and those of German families, where the German tongue has been their household language, mainly used in their homes, are all more or less pro-German and deserve to be interned, discriminated against and held under suspicion. The loyal ones will understand and not resent.

The language question is a very important one.

Any family making its home in America, bringing up children in America, having free access to the schools in America, OWES A DUTY to the country, to the government, to the other taxpayers, who pay the bills for education; and MUST MAKE THE LANGUAGE of the country the FIRST consideration in the home.

It is their duty to learn it, to speak it, and to converse in it; this is necessary for the mental impression and intercourse with the other citizens, from whom they expect courtesy, fair treatment and co-operation. The community has to safe-guard them, protect them, and provide for them.

We are all under common laws and freedom and liberty is theirs, as well as ours.

They are living in America and should do as Americans do.—"When in Rome, do as the Romans do."

In the churches, it is a different matter;—Worship God each in his own language, the way he knows best, and he won't be far wrong.

THERE IS ONE THING TO DO

With such as make no effort to learn the language and persist in refusing to adopt it as their home, their household and family language:—

With all those who habitually converse in a foreign tongue, regardless of others present, when they should speak the language:—

THERE IS ONE THING TO DO:

Teach them to understand, by curtailing their opportunities, their benefits, their American rights until they qualify by an earnest endeavor, at least showing their good intentions to learn by class attendance and study, or by seeking and accepting the help of those who offer their instruction towards the end of Americanizing them in the Language.

WHY GIVE THOSE, who will not give the language the first place in their loyalty, THE GOOD-PAYING JOBS?

Nationality must not matter, but the language matters and the essential jobs, the paying jobs should be for those who intend to be Americans and show it in their efforts to use the language.

There are non-essential jobs where the higher wages should not be paid. These jobs can be filled by those who won't speak the language. If they don't like them and won't work for the less money, close the non-essentials. We are better without them. Starve-them out, or they'll starve us out.

When the non-essentials are shut down, there will be all the help necessary for the essentials.

BANKRUPTCY SALE OF THE ALPHA COMPANY GROCERY STORE AND FIXTURES

FRIDAY, JUNE 7th, 1918, AT 10 A. M., AT 415 BRIDGE STREET, LOWELL.

At the above time and place will be sold at public auction to the highest bidders, for cash, a good clean stock of fresh groceries. This stock consists of canned corn, peas, beans, tomatoes, peaches, bottled pickles, jams, olives, olive oil, butter, coffee, tea, cocoa, spices, macaroni, cereals, washing powders, soaps, ammonia, matches, etc. Fixtures consist of one 9 foot showcase, hanging scales, meat display case, meat block, meat trays, counter, one coffee and hamburger grinder.

By order of the Trustee in Bankruptcy,

WILLIAM J. CORMIER,

UNITED STATES WAR
SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
AND THRIFT STAMPS
On Sale at the Cashier's
Window

The LOWELL ELECTRIC
LIGHT CORP.
29-31 Market Street.

Tel. 821